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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.

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Dutch Accept U. S. Offer To Mediate

But Russia Considers Move As Bypassing United Nations

INDIA DEMANDS COMPENSATION FOR SHOOTING DOWN 'DAKOTA'

LAKE SUCCESS, NEW YORK, August 1, (Reuter): The Netherlands Government announced in the United Nations Security Council today that it had accepted the United States offer to mediate in the dispute with the Republic of Indonesia.

THE DUTCH DELEGATE, DR. VAN KLEFFENS, MADE THE ANNOUNCEMENT A FEW MINUTES AFTER THE COUNCIL HAD MET AGAIN TO CONSIDER AUSTRALIA'S DEMAND THAT THE DUTCH AND INDONESIANS SHOULD STOP FIGHTING AND LET THE UNITED NATIONS ARBITRATE IN THE DISPUTE.

U. S. OFFER WELCOMED

"The Netherlands Government warmly welcomes the United States' offer of good offices, which it gladly accepts", Dr. Van Kleffens said: "In view of this the Netherlands Government will be glad to enter into consultation as to in what manner the good offices can be made effective".

RUSSIAN OPPOSITION

When Britain suggested that the Council should drop the Indonesian question for the time being and allow American mediation to operate, M. Andre Gromyko for Russia opposed this as, he said, it would mean bypassing the United Nations.

Accusing the Netherlands Government of aggression in Indonesia M. Gromyko added: "Dr. Van Kleffens claimed that the events in Indonesia were only of local significance and not a threat to peace. We do not agree. Big wars begin through small incidents".

As an amendment to the Australian resolution, M. Gromyko proposed that the Security Council "considers it necessary" that the Dutch and Indonesian troops should withdraw immediately to the positions they held before the present hostilities were started.

MEETING ADJOURNS

The meeting then adjourned till later tonight, when it was expected that the debate would be resumed in the light of the State Department's explanation this evening that the United States Government's aim was to reopen negotiations in the dispute rather than to undertake direct mediation.

When Council Re-opened

Immediately on the resumption of the Security Council meeting after the adjournment Dr. Van Kleffens announced to the Council that he was expecting a telephone call from The Hague "which might have a bearing on the whole question". Therefore he asked for a two hours' postponment.

Dr. Van Kleffens's request for a two-hour postponment was not granted. The Chairman announced that there were still ten speakers on the list.

DISCUSSIONS IN DETAIL

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 1 (Reuter): The United Nations Security Council today again considered Australia's demand that the Dutch and the Indonesians should stop fighting and let the United Nations arbitrate in the dispute.

The Chairman, Dr. Oscar Lange (Poland), had last night urged the Council to try to decide on the Australian demand today but immediately the meeting opened the Belgium delegate M. Ferdinand Van Langenhove warned the members against reaching a hasty decision on the basis of scant information.

M. Langenhove said that if the Council called for a cessation of hostilities now, it would be prejudging the whole issue. This should, therefore, not be done without discussion.

He also supported the Netherlands' objection made last night that the Council was not competent to interfere in a matter which, as the Dutch had contended, was within their domestic jurisdiction.

UNEXPECTED DEVELOPMENT

At this stage, there was an unexpected development when the Dutch delegate, Dr. Van Kleffens, announce that his Government had accepted the United States offer to mediate.

"The Netherlands Government", he said, "warmly welcomes the United States offer of its good offices, which it gladly accepts. In view of this, the Netherlands Government will be glad to enter into consultation as to the manner in which the good offices can be made effective".

BRITISH SUGGESTION

Britain then suggested that the Security Council should drop the Indonesian question for the time being and allow the United States mediation to operate.

The British delegate, Mr. Valentine Lawford, said: "We have not heard any really convincing arguments to persuade us that this is a war between two Sovereign States, but what we have here is a situation which, for political or economic reasons, may lead to international friction. It

(Continued on Page 7)

INDIA PROTESTS

Shooting Down Of 'Dakota'

NEW DELHI, Aug. 1 (A.P.I.): Government of India have lodged a strong protest with the Dutch Charge d'Affaires against the shooting down of an Indian 'Dakota' in Indonesia and have supported the claim for compensation to the owner, the injured and the next of kin of those killed, says a Communique.

U. S. STATE DEPT. EXPLAINS

No Direct Mediation Offer But Hope Of Reopening Of Negotiations

WASHINGTON, August 1, (Reuter): The State Department this evening declared that the United States Government had offered its "good offices" to the Netherlands in the hope of reopening negotiations in the Indonesian dispute rather than direct mediation as stated by the United States' delegate in the United Nations Security Council today.

"Just what will hapeen I cannot say" the State Department spokesman said but he insisted that the United States had not gone so far as to make adirect attempt to mediate between the conflicting parties.

No similar offer of good offices has been made to the Indonesian Republic so far.

Dutch Were Informed Of Indian "Dakota's" Flight

SINGAPORE, August 1 (Reuter): The Malayan Department of Civil Aviation, in an official statement today on the clearance of the Indian Dakota carrying Red Cross supplies which crashed at Jogjakarta, Java, last Tuesday, said that since there is no direct communication between Singapore and Jogjakarta the moment signal was sent to the Dutch Air Traffic Control Centre at Batavia, "who were thus responsible for the safety of the aircraft after entering their control area.

The 'Dakota's pilot signed the usual clearance sheet giving his destination as Jogjakarta, and alternatively as Batavia—(pilots are always required to give an alternative destination in case of bad weather)—the statement said.

DID DUTCH TELL THE TRUTH?

Nine people, including three Britons, lost their lives when the 'Data' crashed near Jogjakarta on Tuesday. Dutch sources said that a Dutch plane fired warning shots at the 'Dakota' which they crashed into a tree.

An eye-witness reported yesterday from Jogjakarta that the plane crashed in a rice field nowhere near any trees.

On War Front

INDONESIANS CARRY ON 'SCORCHED EARTH' POLICY

BATAVIA, August 1, (Reuter): Widespread Scorched Earth tactics by the Republicans who set fire to oil tanks, factories and warehouses were reported from Indonesian fighting fronts today.

The Republicans set fire to oil tanks in Tjilatjap harbour, on Java,s south coast, most important port remaining in Republican hands and to sugar, cigarette and cocoa factories in the centre of the island, the Dutch Communique said today.

Last night the sky glowed red over Malang in East Central Java, occupied by the Dutch yesterday from fires lit by the Republicans, the Communique added.

DUTCH LANDING

Unofficial reports reaching here last night told of a Dutch landing east of Tjilatjap in an attempt to prevent the destruction of hundreds of tons of rubber, sisal, kapok, sugar and tea stored in warehouses.

Today's second Dutch Communique reported that 2,000 Chinese evacuated matra during the Dutch advance, arfrom towns on the north-esat of Surived in Medan—in the north of the island.

Although some Sumatra Plantations had been burned in the Republican "scorched earth" policy, there was no damage more serious than that caused by fears of neglect during the Japanese occupation. the Communique said.

REPUBLICAN COMMUNIQUE

Today's Republican Communique from Jogjakarta said that a Dutch destroyer yesterday shelled the north coast of Java between Rembang the only north coast port left in Republican hands and Mondoliko.

Intensive fighting was continuing round Malang (east Java town captured yesterday by the Dutch) the Republicans claimed.

The Republican Government had urged the population of Central Java to lend money and goods for the war in exchange for promissory notes Antara, the Republican news agency, reported today.

The Republican Government had issued new paper money in denominations of 125 Rupiah (about eleven shillings), the Antara added.

DUTCH CAN HARDLY AFFORD LONG WAR

In Moscow, "Red Star" the Soviet Army's official newspaper, said Holland can hardly afford a long war against 70,000,000 Indonesians, the Moscow radio reported today.

Mr. Arnold Theodore Lamping, Netherland's Ambassador-designate to India called on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Member for External Affairs at the Council Hall, New Delhi, on July 31.

22 STATES ACCEDE TO INDIAN DOMINION

Viceroy's Informal Talks With Rulers At Present In Delhi

NEW DELHI, August 1, (A. P. I.): Twenty-two Indian States including Travancore, Baroda, Cochin, and Rajpipla, whose rulers are not present in Delhi today have expressed their readiness to accede to the Dominion, it is officially announced.

Most of the other States are understood to be willing to accede but in the discussions at Delhi they were represented by their Ministers who cannot formally commit them to accession. These Ministers are now returning to their States at once and all the States will have signed the instrument of Accession by August 10.

A Press Communique issued today says:—

Following the conference of rulers and states' representatives held on the 25th July, which was presided over by H.E. the Viceroy the states department have been engaged in discussions with rulers and their representatives on the terms of the instrument of accession and the standstill agreement. These documents have now been finalised and accepted by the representatives of the States. The States Department are sending copies to the states for signature.

H. E. the Viceroy had informal consultations today with Rulers of Indian States who are present in Delhi.

The following Rulers have expressed their readiness to accede to the Dominion:—

H. H. The Maharaja of Gwalior, H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala, H. H. the Maharao of Kotah, H. H. the Maharaja of Bikaner, H. H. the Maharaja of Jodhpur H. H. the Maharawal of Dungarpur, H. H. the Maharaja of Dhar H. H. the Maharaja of Nawanagar H. H. the Maharaj Rana of Jhalwar H. H. the Maharaja of Panna, H.H. the Maharaja of Tehri-Garhwal H. H. the Raja of Faridkot H. H. the Raja of Sangli H. H. The Maharaja of Sitamau The Thakore Sahib of Palitana The Raja of Phaltan the Raja of Khairagarh The Raja of Sandur.

NIZAM TO GET BACK RAILWAY LANDS

HYDERABAD (Dn.), August 1, (A.P.I.): It has been agreed between the Crown Representative and H. E. H. the Nizam's Government that all areas comprising Railway lands situated within the Nizam's Dominions which are, for the time being, under the jurisdiction and possession of the Government of British India will be retroceded to the jurisdiction and possession of the Nizam's Government from Augus 2, 1947, says a notification issued by the Nizam's Government.

KASHMIR GETS BACK GILGIT

NEW DELHI, Aug. 1 (API): With effect from August 1 Gilgit sub-division will be restored to the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir, says a notification by the Political Department published in a Gazette Extraordinary today.

Calcutta Mails Diverted

Sequel To Washaway On Itarsi-Jubbulpore Section Of G. I. P.

BOMBAY, August 1. (A.P.I.): The Public Relations Officer, G. I. P. Railway in a Press Note issued today says:

"Owing to washaway between Bankhedi and Salichauka Road on Itarsi-Jubbulpore Section, through communication has been interrupted indefinitely.

"With immediate effect, therefore, 7 down and 8 up Calcutta Mails (via Allahabad) will be diverted via Bina Katni-Itarsi.

"27 down and 28 up Allahabad Express trains will run between Bombay and Itarsi only.

"475 down and 476 up Nagpur-Jubbulpore Passenger trains will run between Nagpur and Itarsi only.

"Booking of all parcel traffic, except perishables, cinema-films and newspapers has been completely stopped to stations normally reached via Itarsi and Jubbulpore. Luggage may be booked by the route by which passengers travel".

Move For Union Of Sikh States

LAHORE, Aug. 1 (API): A day-long meeting of the Executive Committee of the Shromani Akali Dal, including Sardar Amar Singh Desanjh, Sardar Ajit Singh, former Minister of Frontier Province, Sardar Bhupinder Singh Mann, Sardar Jagjit Singh Man, M.L.A. and Jethedar Paritam Singh Gojran, set up a sub-Committee consisting of eight members, to draft a scheme based on concrete proposals for the establishment of a Union of Sikhs States within the Indian Union.

STOP PRESS

3 KILLED IN BOMB EXPLOSION

BOMBAY, August 2 (A.P.I.): Three persons were killed and seventy injured in a bomb explosion in a cinema in Nagpada about midnight on Friday, says the Director of Publicity in a press note issued at 3 a.m. today.

The note adds: In stabbing incidents later one person lost his life and four others were injured.

JAP PEACE SETTLEMENT TALKS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 (Reuter): Responsible diplomatic circles here today accepted the view that the United States will postpone the date of her preliminary talks on the Japanese peace settlement, tentatively proposed for August 19.

SOCIALISTS IN PAKISTAN

GAYA, July 31 (Delayed), (API): Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, the Socialist leader, addressing a public meeting here today said that the Socialist Party will function also in Pakistan.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 (UPA): The Egyptian Prime Minister Nokrashy Pasha began consultations with the highest United States officials with a 45-minute meeting with Secretary of State Marshall.

Krishna Menon Appointed

High Commissioner Of India In Britain

NEW DELHI, August 1, (A.P.I.): A Press Communique says:

The Government of India announce the appointment of Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon as the High Commissioner for India in the United Kingdom. Mr. Krishna Menon will take charge of his new office on August 15, 1947.

At present the High Commissioner for India discharges certain agency functions only; from August 15, he will become India's representative in London for all official purposes and his functions will be similar to those of the High Commissioners in London for other Dominions.

Krishna Menon For U.S.

LONDON, August 1. (I.P.A.): It is understood that Mr. Krishna Menon is flying to the United States today for championing the Indonesian cause against the Dutch before U.N.O. Security Council under special instructions from Pt. Nehru.

Shyama Prasad Summoned To Delhi

CALCUTTA, August 1, (U.P.I.): Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookherji receiving an urgent message from the Congress High Command left for Delhi yesterday.

It is learnt that Dr. Mookherji's visit is in connection with the offer of the Indian Dominion membership which according to informed circles he will accept.

INDIA ARMY H. Q.

NEW DELHI, Aug. 1 (API): The historic Red Fort has been selected as the initial Headquarters of the new Army of India. The Fort is being actively prepared for the reception of Gen. Sir Rob Lockhart, newly appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Army of India and his staff.

INDO-SIAM DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS

NEW DELHI, Aug. 1 (API): It is officially announced that the Government of India and the Government of Siam have decided to exchange Diplomatic Representatives with Rank of Envoy extraordinary and Minister Pleni-Potentiary. They are confident that the friendly relations existing between them will hereby be further strengthened to the benefit of the people of both countries.

2 WOMEN KILLED IN CALCUTTA

Situation In Amritsar Worsens: Emergency In Basim

CALCUTTA, Aug. 1 (UPI): The situation in Calcutta again deteriorated today. Bombs were thrown at a police party in Amherst Street area. Two women were killed by gun shot wounds in Shampukur. Acid, and a bomb were thrown into a bus in Bowbazar.

36-HOUR CURFEW IN AMRITSAR

AMRITSAR, Aug. 1 (API): The communal situation further deteriorated in the city today. There were 8 cases of stabbing in the city upto 5 p.m. three of which have so far proved fatal.

The District Magistrate of Amritsar has imposed a 36-hour curfew from 6 p.m. to 5 a.m. on August 3 in all the affected localities.

EMERGENCY PROCLAIMED IN BASIM

NAGPUR, Aug. 1 (API): Under the provisions of the C. P. and Berar Goondas Act the Government has proclaimed a state of emergency in the area within the limits of Basim municipality and four villages in Basim Taluq of Akola district as the Government is satisfied that public peace in these areas is disturbed.

Basim Taluq is in Akola district of Berar.

RIVAL PARTIES CLASH

PESHAWAR, July 31 (API): One person was killed while his rival was injured as a result of a quarrel between two members of rival parties in Chowk Pawarah in Peshawar cantonment this evening. The situation was immediately brought under control by the police.

10 KILLED IN HOSHIARPUR

LAHORE, Aug. 1 (API): Ten persons were killed and 18 injured in Hoshiarpur town during the last three days when the communal tension which had been gripping the town for the last so many days suddenly flared up into open clashes in various parts of the city on July 29, according to the Hoshiarpur correspondent of the "Daily Pratap" of Lahore.

Mr. Lawford (Britain) said he could not vote for the Australian or American resolutions calling for cessation of hostilities because it would prejudge the issue Britain favoured United States' mediation as the best course to end hostilities.

Mr. Hodgson (Australia) then withdrew the Australian resolution in favour of the American version.

India Govt. Declares Two Holidays

In Celebration Of New Dominion: Bombay To Floodlight Public Buildings

NEW DELHI, Aug. 1, (A.P.I.): The Govt. of India have declared Friday, the 15th, and Saturday, the 16th of August, 1947, to be public holidays throughout the Dominion of India in celebration of the inauguration of the new Dominion of India, according to a notification published in the Gazette of India this (Saturday) morning.

FLOOD LIGHTING IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Friday.

Plans to illuminate and floodlight the Government and public buildings on August 15 it is learnt are approved by the Bombay Government. It is proposed to flodlight the Town Hall and illuminate the Civil Secretariat, P.W.D. building, the Rajabai Tower the Prince of Wales Museum and the High Court. An offer to put up free of cost illuminated flag at the Civil Secretariat and the Gateway of India by an electric firm it is learnt is accepted by the Government. The sizes of the proposed flags are 12 by 8 and 21 by 15 feet.

The East India Cotton Exchange, the New India Insurance Co. and various other city commercial concerns it is said, are making elaborate arrangements to put up lights on their buildings during the festival.

The Government has also decided to unfurl the National Flag on the Gateway of India. It is said that the Government will permanently fly the Flag on a high mast so that it will be visible to passing vessels.

ALLAHABAD BISHOP'S APPEAL

ALLAHABAD, August 1, (A.P.I.): The Bishop of Allahabad Dr. Poli in a Pastoral Letter issued yesterday has given instruction to all the heads of institutions, missionaries and chaplains under his jurisdiction to observe August 15 not only as day of rejoicing but also as a day of fervent prayers to obtain the blessings of God on the whole country, its leaders and people. Besides special prayers on the day the Bishop has ordered that National Flag should be hoisted on all educational buildings and they should be illuminated on this historical occasion.

Dr. Poli will also hand over the charge of the Diocese of Allahabad on August 15 to the first Indian Bishop the Rt. Rev. Dr. L. Raymond.

WITHDRAWAL OF BRITISH TROOPS

NEW DELHI, August 1, (A.P.I.): The withdrawal of British troops from India and Pakistan will commence shortly. The first batch of British troops will be leaving Bombay on the 17th August after a ceremonial parade it is officially announced.

British troops in India and Pakistan will have no operational role nor will they have and responsibility for the maintenance of Law and Order, both of which vest with the Governments of the Indian Union and Pakistan.

Until such time as they are withdrawn, all British Army units located in the Dominions of India and Pakistan will be under the command of Maj.-Gen. L. G. Whistler who will be designated General Officer Commanding British Troops in India and Pakistan from August 15, 1947.

ORISSA GOVERNOR IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, August 1 (A.P.I.): His Excellency Sir Chandulal Trivedi Governor of Orissa, has arrived in

(Continued on Page 7)

Minorities In League Flag

KARACHI, August 1 (A.P.I.): It was learned in Muslim League circles tonight, that the Muslim League High Command proposes to introduce some change in the existing Muslim League flag, the change being to introduce white stripes at the bottom to represent the minorities in Pakistan.

INDIAN SHIPPING DELEGATION

India Govt. In Correspondence With H.M.G.

NEW DELHI, August 1, (A.P.I.): The Government of India have asked the Indian Shipping Delegation not to disperse as yet, it is learnt, although prospects of the resumption of negotiations with British shipowners does not appear to be bright at the moment.

There has been an exchange of correspondence between H. M. G. and the Government of India regarding the failure of the Indo-British Shipping Conference and pending a final decision, the Government of India have not abandoned all hope of a resumption of the conference.

More Allowances For Governor

LONDON, August 1 (Reuter): The House of Commons tonight formally approved the Government of India (Governor's Allowances and Privileges) order which provides for certain increases in the allowances for Governors of various Provinces of India on account of the increased cost of living.

It also approved a similar order relating to Burma together with the Government of Burma (High Court Judges) order.

ITALIAN PEACE TREATY

ROME, July 31. (Reuter): The Italian Constituent Assembly today ratified the peace treaty with the Allies by a majority of 194 votes after a week of bitter debate. Voting was 262 in favour of ratification and 68 against.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON ((OCTOBER)

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.

Previous Closing	33.80
Today's Opening	34.04
Difference	+08
Today's Closing	33.80
Difference	—41

LATEST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Aug. 1.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Sept.	436	0
Silver Shravan	178	8
Gold Forward	103	3
Silver Tukda 2nd Shravan	179	4
Sovereign	72	8

DESIGNED FOR PERFORMANCE.... STYLED FOR BEAUTY....

It's the finest music-maker to come from America . . . all-wave, 5 valves, A.C. 250/110 volts, 2-bands—13/41, 41/100, 200/550. Available in 2 colours—walnut & black, at highly competitive price of Rs. 370.

Primrose RADIO

Trade inquiries invited from all over India.

VALPEER CORPORATION

C/o ELEKTRA Opp. Breach Candy, Warden Road, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

SALE of the workshop, situated at 5½ Hazra Road, Ballygunge, Calcutta, belonging to Siemens (India) Ltd. and now vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India.

THE CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY PROPERTY for British India, in whom the above Workshop and the assets therein are vested, invites tenders for the purchase of the property, more fully described below, appertaining to what is known as Siemens Workshop at 5½, Hazra Road, Ballygunge, Calcutta.

2. Tender forms along with particulars of the property and the conditions subject to which the tenders are invited can be had from the Office of the Custodian of Enemy Property at the address given below upon payment of a sum of Rs. 10/- per copy. Tender forms duly filled in and placed in a sealed cover marked "Tenders for the purchase of Siemens Workshop" and addressed to the undersigned by name should reach the Office of the Custodian of Enemy Property at "Caltex House", Ballard Road, Bombay by 12 noon of the 29th day of August, 1947. Tenders so received will be opened in the Office of the Custodian of Enemy Property at 11 a.m. on the following day.

3. The Custodian is not bound to accept the highest or any tender and may at his discretion put up the property for sale by public auction or otherwise. The offer contained in the tender shall be kept open and shall not be withdrawn by the person or persons making the tender until the 20th day of September, 1947.

4. Each tender must be accompanied by a DEPOSIT RECEIPT for an amount equivalent to 10 per cent of the total value of the tender to be DEPOSITED AS EARNEST MONEY AT ANY GOVERNMENT TREASURY OR ANY OFFICE OF THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA OR ANY BRANCH OF THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA IN FAVOUR OF THE CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY PROPERTY. The deposit will be refunded but without any interest thereon if the tender is not accepted. The purchaser will be required to accept delivery of the property within 30 days of the notification of the acceptance of his offer.

5. Full details of the above property are given in the tender documents. The workshop is offered for sale as it is with all faults and errors of description and no guarantee is given by the undersigned regarding its performance or suitability for any purpose. The workshop is housed in rented premises of which the owners are Chimanram Ramkumar Lachminarayan Shewchand Roy Poddar Charity Trust of 3/1, Krishna Behari Sen Street, Calcutta. The Custodian's tenancy with the said Owners is up to the 31st October, 1947. The plant and machinery in the workshop, which are in running order, are being run and worked by the Electric Construction and Equipment Company Limited, Calcutta who are the assignees from Lakhiprasad Loknath and Company, 9 Jagmohan Mullick Lane, Calcutta who were the Tenants of the Custodian and are the Managing Agents of the Company. The sale is subject to the existing subtenancy between the Custodian and Messrs. Lakhiprasad Loknath and Company and/or their assignees viz. the Electric Construction and Equipment Company Limited mentioned above. The successful purchaser will have to take steps himself to obtain possession of the premises from Lakhiprasad Loknath and Company and/or the Electric Construction and Equipment Company Limited, and arrange for a tenancy with the owners viz. Chimanram Ramkumar Lachminarayan Shewchand Roy Poddar Charity Trust.

6. Trial runs will not in any case be arranged. Intending purchasers may, however, satisfy themselves in all respects before offering to purchase the property mentioned above. Permits to view the workshop will be issued along with the tender forms.

Dated this 28th day of July 1947.

E. RADBONE,
Custodian of Enemy Property.
"Caltex House",
Ballard Road, Bombay, 1.

(4678)

THE STONEWARE PIPES (MADRAS) LTD.
NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at 'Construction House' Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 22nd August 1947, at 5 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March 1947.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation and who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the Current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
B. D. SARDESAI.
Secretary.

Construction House,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.
23rd July, 1947.

4682

G. I. P. RAILWAY
AUCTION NOTICE

SERVICEABLE empty gunny bags, Jaggery Gunny pieces, Empty Cases (Wooden) and empty tins will be auctioned at 10 hours on 10-8-1947 at Manmad Railway Godown. Stocks may be inspected at site. Conditions governing auction will be available at the Office of the Asst. Controller of Grainshops, G. I. P. Railway, Bhusaval.

(4700)

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts:

1.—One Lecturer in Surveying,—grade Rs. 170-10-250/-
2.—One Personal Assistant,—grade Rs. 150-10-250/-
3.—One Assistant Lecturer, Mathematics—grade Rs. 130-10-200/-
4. Two Assistant Lecturers in Electrical Engineering—grade Rs. 130-10-200/-
5.—One Electrical Foreman—grade Rs. 80-5-120/-

MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS—For post (1) Degree in Civil Engineering; two years' experience in surveying and field work. For post (2) Degree with all-round experience of office routine in a responsible post; proficiency in shorthand and typewriting preferred. For post (3) M.A. or M.Sc in Mathematics; three years' teaching experience. For post (4) Degree or Diploma in Electrical Engineering. For post (5) Five years practical experience in an Electrical Workshop or factory and Electrical Supervisor's certificate or its equivalent.

A higher starting salary may be offered to a candidate possessing special qualifications. Dearness allowance is paid at present at Bombay Government rates and will be paid at the rates sanctioned by the Board from time to time.

Canvassing support for candidature will disqualify.

Applications in duplicate stating age, domicile, academic qualifications, practical and teaching experience with copies of two recent testimonials should be forwarded so as to reach the undersigned not later than 16th August, 1947.

P. N. JOSHI,
Principal & Secretary.
29th July, 1947.

(4680)

ADEN PORT TRUST
APPOINTMENT OF ENGINEERING SUBORDINATE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the appointment of an Engineering Subordinate in the Port Engineer's Dept. of the Aden Port Trust.

Applicants should be good draughtsmen, have a sound knowledge of building construction, be capable of conducting simple surveys; be familiar with the preparation of Bills of Quantities and Specifications and be capable of setting out works and measuring up. A knowledge of hydrographical surveying would be an advantage.

Applicants must have completed a satisfactory course at a recognised Engineering College or Institution and should also have had practical experience in the field and office.

The salary attached to the post is Rs. 200-10-300 per month plus suitable travelling allowance, cost of living allowance free unfurnished quarters or house allowance in lieu, water allowance, free medical attention but not hospital expenses and second class passage for the selected candidate and wife if married.

The contract will be for 3 years subject to a probationary period of 6 months with three months' leave on full pay at termination of contract. If services are satisfactory the successful candidate may then be appointed to the Permanent Establishment and be entitled to the benefits accruing thereto.

Applicants should apply in their own handwriting stating their age, race, religion, height, previous experience and when available. Applications should be accompanied with copies of recent testimonials and a recent photograph and addressed to Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros., Agents, Aden Port Trust, 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay No.

(4685)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION BOMBAY SIND.
TEXTILE EXPERT AND DESIGNER.

APPLICATIONS are invited from natives of the Province of Bombay, before the 6TH SEPTEMBER, 1947 for the post of TEXTILE EXPERT AND DESIGNER, BOMBAY. PAY.—Rs. 300-500 PLUS Rs. 30 (basic) conveyance allowance PLUS cost of living allowance. AGE.—Not more than 35 years. QUALIFICATIONS.— (1) Second Class degree in Textile Engineering of a recognised University or Second Class diploma of a recognised Technical Institute, (ii) not less than ten years' practical Textile Engineering experience. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope bearing 3 1/2 annas stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will supply full details on request. CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WILL DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE CONCERNED.

(4676)

NOTICE.

MY CLIENTS Drs. K. U. JHATAKIA, M.D., C. S. WORAH, M.S. and C. M. KAMDAR, L. M. D. R. C. O. G., jointly intend to open a clinic under the name and style of "MODERN CLINICS" at Paruck Wadi, 383, Sandhurst Road, Near Central Bank, Bombay, 4. If any one has any objection to this name being used by my clients he should file his objections with the undersigned at the following address within 14 days from to-day. Objections submitted after that will not be considered.

KHELSHANKAR P. DAVE,
B.A., LL.B.,
Advocate.
Jamna Building, Carnac Road.
Dhobitalao, Bombay, 2.

(4675)

G.I.P. RLY.—NOTICE CHANGE IN THE RATE OF DEMURRAGE ON OIL TANKS

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that with effect from 15th August, 1947, demurrage will be leviable on all oil tanks at Sion or any of the Depots on the B.P.T. Railway, at the rate of ANNAS EIGHT per ton or part of a ton of the carrying capacity of a tank wagon, per hour or part of an hour in excess of free time allowed for unloading thereof.

(4695)

B.B. & C.I. RLY.—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B.B. & C.I. Rly. Jacob Circle, Mahalaxmi, Bombay 11, invites tenders returnable on Friday the 8th August, 1947, for the supply of Lacquers and Thinners.

Copy of the tender giving full details of the materials can be had on application on payment of two Rupees.

Tenderers not on any of the approved list of tenderers must quote Banker's guarantee.

(4693)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client was the highest bidder and declared to be the Purchaser of the property described in the Schedule hereunder written at the Public Auction Sale held on the 26th day of July, 1947 by Messrs. Gandhi and Co. Auctioneers under instructions from Messrs. Gandhi and Co., Attorneys for Mr. Nariman Ardeshir the Vendor. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance possession, mortgage, lease, lien charge easement or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, No. 8, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Government Toka tenure with the messuages, tenements and structures standing thereon and used as Buffalo stables containing by admeasurement two thousand two hundred and sixteen square yards or thereabouts situate at Parel Back Road and on the Northern side of the public Road leading from Parel Government Gate to Parel Tank in the City and Registration District of Bombay and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors old No. 5, New No. 14120, New Survey No. 7 of Parel and Cadastral Survey No. 244 of Parel Sewree Division and which said premises have been assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 14(F) Ward No. 2734 (1), 2734 (1A), and 2734 (2) and Street Nos. 4-4A, 6B and 6 Parel Back Road, and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Awabai Nadirshaw Cawasji, on the North partly by the property of the said Awabai Nadirshaw Cawasji partly by the land of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay and partly by the property of Sharafally Fazalbhai Raja on the West by the property of Parvatibai, widow of Shivappa Hewappa and Singappa Shivappa and on the South by Parel Back Road.

Dated this 31st day of July. 1947.

THAKORDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4699

ORIGINAL
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction
CITATION

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SARASWATIBAI, wife of Bindu Madhav Rao, residing at the time of her death at Dhar a Native State, in the Central Provinces .. Deceased.

BINDU MADHAWA RAO of Dhar Hindu Inhabitant, the widower of the deceased abovenamed, residing at Dhar a Native State in the Central Provinces, and temporarily residing at Sirdar Griha, Crawford Market, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings. if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 11th day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and in the eleventh year of our Reign

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.
A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR,
Sealer.

The 11th day of July, 1947.
MULJI GAGRAT & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

(4689)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.
TENDER NOTICE.
Annual Contract Item Costing over Rs. 10,000/-.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive St., Calcutta on 10/9/47 at 12 O'clock noon.

Tender No. SP/C/109/GB10/1028 for supply of 4,070 gallons Insecticide Liquid.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Tender delivered by hand should be presented in the General Manager's Office for registration and then put into the tender box outside Dy. General Manager (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

The tenders will be opened in the office of the Dy. General Manager (Works), E. I Railway, Calcutta at 12 noon on 10/9/47. The tenderers if they desire may be present at the time of opening of the tenders.

GENERAL MANAGER.

(4677)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.
CITATION.

Petition for Letter of Administration of the property and credits (estate and effects) of Haji KULSUMBAI, widow of Haji Cassum Patel alias Bai KULSUMBAI, widow of Haji Cassum Patel, of Bombay Muslim inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Dharavi, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

KHATIZABAI, wife of Abdul Samad Assadally of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, the only sister of the deceased, residing at Dharavi, without the Fort of Bombay ...Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE Knight, Chief, Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 25th day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty seven and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

A. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.
A. R. NARAYAN IYER,
Sealer

The 25th day of July, 1947.
Messrs. DALAL & COMPANY,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

(4696)

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE
AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M Property of D. Brown Esqr. and others at Chowpatty Seaface near Vianelis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, steel almirah, safe, singer machine, typewriter, cottage Piano by S. Rose. Vono bed, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, show case, chesterfield, almirah, bed, Hall carpet, gramophone, glassware etc. (Sales-Tax) T. 40213. EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BUFFS, BULLS, SOWS, ETC.

Under instructions from the Manager, Military Farm, Kalyan, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 6th August, 1947, at 11 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Military Farm, Kalyan: 6 Buffs, 3 Buff Bulls Farm Bred, Cans, etc. On the same day at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Branch Military Farm, Kalyan on Bhiwandi Kalyan Road about 2 furlongs off the Main Bombay Agra Road.

76 Sows and 1 Boar.

Terms: Cash and immediate delivery.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE Of About 2342 1/2 Yds. Dyed Nylon 35/36" English make and 1966 1/2 Yds. Cotton Sleeves Lining (Stripped Calico) 35/36" in various designs, 57 Pieces, English make, Bond Warehouse delivery on Tuesday, 5th Inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the Office Concerned and on a/c & at risk of M/s Jamanadas Versey (Jamanadas V. Thakar, M J. Market) defaulting purchasers.

Terms: 25 per cent deposit.

Goods are lying in Bond Warehouse and purchasers will have to pay duty on taking delivery.

GANDHI & CO.

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Glassware, Enamelware, Lampware, Cutlery and Aluminium Dealers.
211, Old China Bazar St., Calcutta.

CEYLON GENERAL ELECTIONS

COLOMBO, Aug. 1 (Reuter). General elections under the Soulbury Constitution will start on August 23 when men and women in 11 out of 89 constituencies will go to the polls, according to a Gazette Extraordinary, which fixed 19 different dates for the elections extending to September 29.

It is learned that the elections were spread over a month because of shortage of staff, and polling dates have been so arranged as to enable the staff to go from one electoral district to another.

THREE MINISTERS FACE CONTEST

Three Ministers face contest on the opening day of the elections, including Mr. D. S. Senanayake, leader of the recently dissolved State Council and Chairman of the United National Party, and Sir Wytilingam Duraiswamy, former Speaker of the State Council.

The new Parliament will assemble in October, after which "fully responsible status within the British Commonwealth of Nations" is to be conferred on Ceylon.

"MAKE EVERY COW A PAYING UNIT"

Chinese Expert Says Cow-slaughter Will Cease To Be Disturbing Factor Then

BOMBAY, Friday.

Cow slaughter in India would cease to be disturbing factor if every cow was made an "economically paying unit", Dr. Louis Lu, Chinese cattle-breeding expert now here to study Indian conditions, told a "Bombay Chronicle" Reporter today.

Dr. Lu arrived in Bombay a few days back on his way back to China from the United States where he specialised in the subject at Cornell University. He will tour the country and hold consultations with Indian authorities on cattle-breeding.

He said that there were great potentialities in India for improving the breed of cattle. What was wanted was cattle of "high producing quality." Some Indian native breeds were desirable and should be propagated. There were too many animals of poor quality and there was not enough feed for them. Dr. Lu suggested "controlled breeding" by castrating all bulls except those approved to be of high quality so that calves born afterwards would be "economic assets" to the owner and to society. If this were achieved cow-slaughter would be stopped for purely economic reasons.

The expert said that the existing methods of handling milk should be improved. Marketing of milk should be on a competitive basis so that quality would weigh with the consumers to the greatest degree.

Eligibility For Holidays With Pay

In a statement in April last, the Government of Bombay recommended to all the employers concerned that for the purposes of Section 49-B of the Factories Act, 1934, all workers who worked for 230 days in a year should be considered eligible for holidays with pay under that section. The number of 230 days was arrived at after making allowances for the normal absenteeism of workers during the year. No account was taken in this calculation of the maternity leave which women workers may have taken during the year.

The Government has consulted the Millowners' Associations of Bombay and Ahmedabad, in this matter, and has been informed by them that in the case of women workers the actual period of the maternity leave granted during the year, is taken by the Associations to court as duty for the purposes of ascertaining their eligibility for holidays with pay, and that the Associations have informed their members accordingly. The Government suggests that all employers in the Province adopt this basis for deciding the eligibility of women workers for holidays with pay under the Factories Act.

BOMBAY GOVT. STAFF FEDERATION

Token Strike On August 6

BOMBAY, Thursday. The Working Committee of the Bombay Government Staff Federation decided to agree to the proposals put forward by the Government with regard to the recognition of the Federation and the establishment of Whitley Councils with minor modifications. The Committee, however, regretted the attitude of the Government in shelving their main and immediate demands namely, the revision of scales of pay and the question of absorption of temporary staff in the permanent cadre, and called upon the Government to announce its policy in this respect without further delay.

The Committee reiterated its decision to observe the token strike on August 6, as earlier decided, if the Government's attitude continued to be unhelpful.

Scholarships For Backward Class Candidates

The scheme for training the Backward Class candidates in certain professions and trades, as a post-war reconstruction measure, has been approved by the Government of Bombay for execution during the current year. The following scholarships have been sanctioned in this connection:

Accountancy: Five scholarships of Rs. 30 per mensem each; Secretarial work: Five scholarships of Rs. 30 per mensem each; Architecture: Two scholarships of Rs. 30 per mensem each. Dentistry: Ten scholarships of Rs. 30 per mensem each. Draughtsmanship: Eight scholarships of Rs. 30 per mensem each; and Forestry: Five scholarships of Rs. 30 per mensem each.

S. P. HINDU STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

The Bombay Provincial Hindu Students' Conference will be held today (Saturday) at Madhavbaug, C. P. Tank Road, at 5-45 p.m. under the presidentship of Mr. V. G. Deshpande, General Secretary, All-India Hindu Mahasabha. Prominent Hindu leaders will attend and address the confer-

TATAS LOWER RANGERS' COLOURS

Trades Gain Championship

BOMBAY, Friday.

TATAS	3
RANGERS	1

The Rangers who after lowering the colours of Trades twice within the brief space of a fortnight were forced to share points with the G.I.P. only 48 hours ago had their colours lowered by the unpredictable Tatas who deserved their 3-1 win over their rivals. As the result of this match all interest in the League Championship has been lost as the Trades are now certain of their victory whatever may be the outcome of their last league engagement with Somersets.

The Tatas had a very pleasant surprise to offer this evening when they took the field. Their captain Mandon who has so far played as their right back assumed the role of the leader of the attack and it was largely if not wholly due to his sound distribution and opportunism that the winners were able to establish a 2-1 lead at half time. Indeed, during the first part of the match the Rangers saw less of the ball than they are accustomed to. Mandon was certainly the guiding genius in the ranks of the Tatas whose forward line for once in the last two seasons looked an effective and goal getting front line. Mandon's effort was certainly glorious.

No less a brilliant performer in their ranks was the lion-hearted Papen who almost recaptured his last season's form when he helped materially to account for the Bangalore Muslims in the semi-finals of the Rover's Cup. His anticipation, ball control, dribbling, tackling and even heading were certainly far above the standard of any defender seen at the Cooperage this season. Thingalaya was also in grand form and gave nothng away. He saved a stinging rising shot from Gardner from close range early in the second half, and the conceding of that goal might well have made the difference in winning and losing.

Damodar did an altogther fine job of shadowing Gardner on the right wing. So effective was the local half back that only on very rare occasions was Gardner allowed to be exploited by his colleagues and for the better part of the game the star outside right had become almost a total loss to the side. Krishnan in the pivotal position gave a good display and supported his forwards with long and shrewd passes.

For the losers, it must be said that as a team they certainly played well but were overwhelmed by an opposition that played superbly to a man with the unfortunate exception of Proudfoot who wasted quite a few good chances of scoring. During the second half when they found themselves in arrears by one goal at the start and later by two their hefty defenders started to attack the goal from all manner of angles and, had Thingalaya been less active might have succeeded in levelling terms. Bloomer and Stone in particular were want to avail themselves of every possible chance of a long range shot. Woodcock also had a good match and did much to check the very promising younger Balan on the Tata's left wing.

Midway through the the first half Meneses converted an excellent pass from Mandon to open his side's account. A little later Mandon converted an excellent centre from Peter to give them a 2-0 lead. Some four minutes from half time Payne half volleyed a pass from Gardner into the net to reduce the margin.

In the second half Meneses on his own ran down the centre and beat Sutton with a well-placed shot into the lower right hand corner.

The Teams:

TATAS:—Thingalaya; Shetty and Papen; Ananthram, Krishnan and Damodar; Peter, Proudfoot, Mandon, Meneses and Balan.

RANGERS:—Sutton; Dawson and Bould; Woodcock, Bloomer and Stone Gardner, Payne, Hall, Adams and Caligari.

Referee:—Uchil.

Saturday at 5-45 p.m. Trades vs. Somersets.

League standings to date.

	P	W	D	L	Goals F	Goals A	Pts.
Trades	13	11	0	2	31	6	22
Rangers	14	9	2	3	37	12	20
Tatas	13	6	4	3	22	11	16
G.I.P	14	5	2	7	26	28	12
Somersets	12	5	2	5	21	22	12
Dockyards	13	4	3	6	19	23	11
R.A.F.	13	4	3	6	13	21	11
Bom. Gym.	14	0	2	12	6	42	2

St. Xavier College Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Friday.

The first and second round of the first and the fourth quarter of men's singles were played this evening on the opening day of the St. Xavier College Table Tennis Tournament which has attracted a record number of entries in the men's singles event. There was hardly any interesting match so far as the standard of play was concerned. The matches were in the weeding out process.

The first and second rounds of junior's singles were also played.

STOP RACING

Karachi Municipality's Demand

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Aug. 1.

"Racing is a curse and is the cause of ruination of a number of families in the City. This Corporation therefore urges the Sind Government to take immediate steps to stop this evil." This is the gist of a resolution unanimously adopted by the Karachi Municipal Corporation at its meeting at the instance of Mr. Hayji K. Ganatra, a member of the Municipal Congress Party.

Sykes Village Improvement Shield

The Sir Frederick Sykes Village Improvement Challenge Shield for the Central Division for the year 1946 has been awarded to the village Karda in the Sirur Taluka of the Poona District.

In the opinion of the Government, the Village Khanapur in the Haveli taluka of the Poona District deserves special commendation for the progress made by it in village improvement work during the year 1946.

No Troops Sent To Warli Area

A single military officer recently visited Dahanu for liaison with the civil authorities as a matter of mere routine. This was reported in a newspaper as the visit of a party of officers to ascertain whether troops would be required there. And, on the basis of this report, a Communist weekly asked why troops were being sent.

The Government of Bombay wishes to state emphatically that there is no basis for the suggestion that troops are being sent to Warli area.

ALFRED WATSON ON INDIAN INDEPENDENCE BILL

LONDON, July 31. (A. F. A.): Sir Alfred Watson, former editor of the Calcutta "Statesman", disputed in London today the claim of Prime Minister Clement Attlee that the Indian independence Bill was the fulfilment of the British mission.

Speaking to a joint meeting of the East India Association and the Overseas League, Sir Alfred said: "No amount of pious platitude or meaning-mouthed sentiment can disguise the fact that what is being done is something very different indeed from the plan for the future of India that every statesman, who has applied himself to the problem, whether he be Conservative, Liberal or Socialist, has striven to follow.

"To pretend otherwise is to belie the purpose and the sincerity of the whole of the negotiations of the last seven years, to go no further back."

MOONG RELEASED FOR ISSUE

Government has recently received a few consignments of Moong and it is decided to issue this moong from all the Government Grain Shops from August 4, 1947. Issues will be made at the rate of two seers per family on production of the foodgrains ration card of the head of the family so long the stocks last. The price will be Rs. 1/8/6 per paylee.

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FEDERATION WITH STRONG CENTRE

How Powers Will Be Distributed Between Indian Centre And Provincial Units

The following report dated 5th July, has been submitted by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Chairman, Union Power Committee, to the President of the Constituent Assembly of India:—

Sir,—On the 28th April 1947, the Hon'ble Sir N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, on behalf of our Committee, presented our first report to the Constituent Assembly. In doing so, he referred to the changes that were developing in the political situation and were likely to affect the nature and scope of the Committee's recommendations, and sought permission to submit a supplementary report at a later date. The House was pleased to grant us leave to do so.

2. Momentous changes have since occurred. Some parts of the country are seceding to form a separate State, and the plan put forward in the Statement of the 16th May on the basis of which the Committee was working is, in many essentials, no longer operative. In particular, we are not now bound by the limitations on the scope of Union Powers. The first point accordingly that we considered was whether, in the changed circumstanves, the scope of these powers should not be widened. We had no difficulty in coming to a conclusion on this point. The severe limitation on the scope of central authority in the Cabinet Mission's plan was a compromise accepted by the Assembly much, we think, against its judgment of the administrative needs of the country, in order to accommodate the Muslim League. Now that partition is a settled fact, we are unanimously of the view that it would be injurious to the interests of the country to provide for a weak central authority which would be incapable of ensuring peace, of co-ordinating vital matters of common concern and of speaking effectively for the whole country in the international sphere. At the same time, we are quite clear in our minds that there are many matters in which authority must lie solely with the Units and that to frame a constitution on the basis of a unitary State would be a retrograde step, both politically and administratively. We have accordingly come to the conclusion—a conclusion which was also reached by the Union Constitution Committee—that the soundest framework for our constitution is a federation, with a strong Centre. In the matter of distributing powers between the Centre and the Units, we think that the most satisfactory arrangement is to draw up three exhaustive lists on the lines followed in the Government of India Act of 1935, viz., the federal, the provincial and the concurrent. We have prepared three such lists accordingly and these are shown in the Appendix.

We think that residuary powers should remain with the Centre. In view however of the exhaustive nature of the three lists drawn up by us, the residuary subjects could only relate to matters which, while they may claim recognition in the future, are not at present identifiable and cannot therefore be included now in the lists.

POSITION OF INDIAN STATES

3. It is necessary to indicate the position of Indian States in the scheme proposed by us. The States which have joined the Constituent Assembly have done so on the basis of the 16th May Statement. Some of them have expressed themselves as willing to cede wider powers to the Centre than contemplated in that Statement. But we consider it necessary to point out that the application to States in general of the federal list of subjects, in so far as it goes beyond the 16th May Statement, should be with their consent. It follows from this that in their case residuary powers would vest with them unless they consent to their vesting in the Centre.

4. To enable States and, if they so think fit, Provinces also, to cede wider powers to the Centre, we recommend that the constitution should empower the Federal Government to exercise authority within the Federation on matters referred to them by one or more Units, it being understood that the law would extend only to the Units by whom the matter is referred or which afterwards adopt the law. This follows the Australian model as set out in section 51 (xxxvii) of the Australian Constitution Act.

5. We have included in the federal list the item "the strength, organisation and control of the armed forces raised and employed in Indian States". Our intention in doing so is to maintain all the existing powers of co-ordination and control exercised over such forces.

6. We recommend to the Assembly the proposals contained in para. 2-D of our previous report on the subject of federal taxation. It is quite clear, however, that the retention by the Federation of the proceeds of all the taxes specified by us would disturb, in some cases violently, the financial stability of the Units and we recommend therefore that provision should be made for an assignment, or a sharing, of the proceeds of some of these taxes on a basis to be determined by the Federation from time to time.

APPENDIX

LIST I—FEDERAL LEGISLATIVE LIST

(1) The defence of the territories of the Federation and of every part thereof and generally all preparation for defence, as well as all such acts as may be conducive in times of war to its successful prosecution and after its termination to effective demobilisation. (2) Requisitioning of lands for defence purposes including training and manoeuvres. (3) Central Intelligence Bureau. (4) Preventive detention in the territories of the Federation for reasons of State. (5) The raising, training, maintenance and control of Naval, Military and Air Forces and employment thereof for the defence of the territories of the Federation and for the execution of the laws of the Federation and its Units; the strength, organisation and control of the armed forces raised and employed in Indian States. (6) Defence Industries. (7) Naval, Military and Air Force works. (8) Local self-government in cantonment areas, the constitution and powers within such areas of cantonment authorities, the regulation of house accommodation in such areas and the delimitation of such areas. (9) Arms, firearms, ammunition and explosives. (10) Atomic energy, and mineral resources essential to its production. (11) Foreign Affairs; all matters which bring the Federation into relation with any foreign country. (12) Diplomatic, consular and trade representation. (13) United Nations Organisation. (14) Participation in international conferences, associations and other bodies and implementing of decisions made threat. (15) War and Peace. (16) The entering into and implementing of treaties and agreements with foreign countries. (17) Trade and Commerce with foreign countries. (18) Foreign loans. (19) Citizenship, naturalization and aliens. (20) Extradition. (21) Passports and visas. (22) Foreign Jurisdiction. (23) Piracies, felonies committed on the high seas and offences committed in the air against the law of nations. (24) Admission into, and emigration and expulsion from, the territories of the Federation; pilgrimages to places beyond India. (25) Port quarantine; seamen's and marine hospitals, and hospitals connected with port quarantine. (26) Import and export across customs frontiers as defined by the Federal Government. (27) The institutions known on the 15th day of August, 1947, as the Imperial Library, the Indian Museum, the Imperial War Museum, the Victoria Memorial and any other institution declared by Federal Law to be an institution of national importance. (28) The institutions known on the 15th day of August, 1947, as the Benares Hindu University and the Aligarh Muslim University. (29) Airways. (30) Highways and waterways declared by the Federal Government to be Federal highways and waterways. (31) Shipping and navigation on inland waterways, delcared by the Federal Government to be Federal waterways, as regards mechanically propelled vessels, and the rule of the road on such waterways; carriage of passengers and goods on such waterways. (32). (a) Posts and telegraphs; provided that the rights existing in favour of any individual State Unit at the commencement of this Constitution shall be preserved to the Unit until they are modified or extinguished by agreement between the Federation and the Unit concerned or are acquired by the Federation. subject however, always to the power of the Federal Parliament to make for their regulation and control; (b) Telephones, wireless, broadcasting, and other like forms of communication, whether owned by the Federation or not; (c) Post Office Savings Bank. (33) Federal Railways; the regulation of all railways (other than minor railways) in respect of safety, maximum and minimum rates and fares, station and service terminal charges, interchange of traffic and the responsibility of railway administrations as carriers of goods and passengers; the regulation of minor railways in respect of safety and the responsibility of the administrations of such railways as carriers of goods and passengers. (34) Maritime shipping and navigation, including shipping and navigation on tidal waters. (35) Admiralty jurisdiction. (36) Ports declared to be major ports by or under Federal Law or existing Indian Law including their delimitation. (37) Aircraft and air navigation: the provision of aerodromes, regulation and organisation of air traffic and of aerodromes. (38) Lighthouses, including lightships, beacons and other provision for the safety of shipping and aircraft. (39) Carriage of passengers and goods by sea or by air. (40) The Survey of India, the Geological, Botanical and Zoological Surveys of India; Federal Meteorological organisations. (41) Inter-Unit quarantine. (42) Federal Judiciary. (43) Acquisition of property for the purposes of the Federation. (44) Federal agencies and institutes for the following purposes, that is to say, for research, for professional or technical training, or for the promotion of special studies. (45) Census. (46) Offences against laws with respect to any of the matters in this list. (47) Enquiries, surveys and statistics for the purposes of the Federation. (48) Federal services and Federal Public Service Commission. (49) Industrial disputes concerning Federal employees. (50) Reserve Bank of India. (51) Property of the Federation and the revenue therefrom, but as regards property situated in a Unit subject always to legislation by the Unit, save in so far as Federal Law otherwise provides. (52) Public debt of the Federation. (53) Currency, foreign exchange, coinage and legal tender. (54) Powers to deal with grave economic emergencies in any part of the territories of the Federation affecting the Federation. (55) Insurance. (56) Corporations, that is to say, the incorporation, regulation and winding up of trading corporations, including banking, insurance and fiancial corporations, but not including corporations owned or controlled by a Federated State and carrying on business only within that State or co-operative societies, and of corporations, whether trading or not, with objects not confined to one Unit, but not including universities. (57) Banking. (58) Cheques, bills of exchange, promisory notes and other like instruments. (59) Patents, copyright, inventions, designs, trademarks and merchandise marks. (60) Ancient and Historical Monuments: archaeological sites and remains. (61) Establishment of standards of weight and measure. (62) Opium, so far as regards cultivation and manufacture, or sale for export. (63) Petroleum and other liquids and substances declared by Federal Law to be dangerously inflammable, so far as regards possession, storage and transport. (64) Development of industries where development under Federal control is declared by Federal Law to be expedient in the public interest. (65) Regulation of labour and safety in mines and oilfields. (66) Regulation of mines and oilfields and mineral development to the extent to which such regulation and development under Federal control is declared by Federal Law to be expedient in the public interest. (67) Extension of the powers and jurisdiction of members of a police force belonging to any part of a Governor's Province or Chief Commissioner's Province to any area in another Governor's or Chief Commissioner's Province, but not so as to enable the police of one part to exercise powers and jurisdiction elsewhere without the consent of the Government of the Province or the Chief Commissioner, as the case may be; extension of the powers and jurisdiction of members of a police force belonging to any Unit to railway areas outside that Unit. (68) All Federal elections; and Election Commission to superintend, direct and control all Federal and Provincial elections. (69) The salaries of the Federal Ministers and of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Council of States and of the Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the House of the People; the salaries, allowances and privileges of the members of the Federal Parliament. (70) The enforcement of attendance of persons for giving evidence or producing documents before committees of the Federal Parliament. (71) Duties of customs including export duties. (72) Duties of excise on tobacco and other goods manufactured or produced in India except—(a) alcoholic liquors for human consumption; (b) opium, Indian hemp and other narcotic drugs and narcotics, non-narcotic drugs; (c) medicinal and toilet preparations containing alcohol, or any substance included in sub-paragraph (b) of this entry. (73) Corporation tax. (74) State lotteries. (75) Migration from one Unit to another. (76) Jurisdiction and powers of all courts, with respect to any of the matters in this list. (77) Taxes on income other than agricultural income. (78) Taxes on the capital value of the assets, exclusive of agricultural land, of individuals and companies; taxes on the capital of the companies. (79) Duties in respect of succession to property other than agricultural land. (80) Estate duty in respect of property other than agricultural land. (81) The rates of stamp duty in respect of bills of exchange, cheques, promissory notes, bills of lading, letters of credit, policies of insurance, transfer of shares, debentures, proxies and receipts (82) Terminal taxes on goods or passengers, carried by railway or air; taxes on railway fares and freights. (83) The development of inter-Unit waterways for purposes of flood, control irrigation, navigation and hydro-electric power. (84) Inter-Unit trade and commerce. (85) Fishing and fisheries beyond territorial waters. (86) Federal Manufacture and distribution of salt; regulation and control of manufacture and distribution of salt by other agencies. NOTE:—A section should be incorporated in the constitution itself prohibiting the imposition of any duty or tax on salt. (87) Fees in respect of any of the matters in this list, but not including fees taken in any Court.

(The Provincial Legislature List will be published in the next issue of the "Chronicle").

RICE, RUBBER AND REVENUE

Malay Raises A Growl Against India's Rice Ration

(From A Special Correspondent.)

SINGAPORE, July 14. (By Air Mail).

Rice, rubber and revenue are Malaya's most urgent economic and financial problems of today. Monday, July 14 meeting of the Malayan Union Advisory Council in Kuala Lumpur gave a most careful thought—industrial interests and Government alike—to rice and rubber as to the ways in which Malaya can increase her "efficiency and resilience" as a major center especially of rubber production and marketing.

Discontent over the further rice ration cut is general because mines as well as rubber estate owners believe that rice is the central problem between foreign capital and Malayan labour. But the people are prepared to put up with it if they are satisfied that they are no worse off than anybody else; that Malaya is getting its due share of rice from the international pool and that the general Malaya is getting a square deal. Lord Killearn's staff is supposed to have all the data on rice and other food rations in eastern Asia, but it has been impossible to get confirmation or denial of repeated allegations that India was being better treated than Malaya. And for the first time in many months a case occurred of an Advisory Councillor taking up the people's case. "No country, which produces enough rice to give her population eight ounces a day, should receive an allocation from the International Emergency Food Council until the ration of all rice-eating populations has been made up to a minimum of eight ounces a day", urged Mr. A. W. Wallich in the Malayan Union Advisory Council on Monday, speaking on the food situation.

RICE RATIONS

Today Malaya ranks with Ceylon in getting the lowest cereal ration in South East Asia—4.6 ounces of rice and 2.3 ounces of flour. There is one fact in Mr. Wallich's speech which is going to be hard for anybody to explain away: cereal ration in India is about 12 ounces while Malaya is down to 6.9 ounces. Why should there be this extraordinary difference? Yes, WHY?

As to income-tax Malaya is till undecided whether to accept or not to accept it. Vested interests circles are bitterly opposed to the introduction of income-tax because the tin and rubber industries would be unable to bear income-tax charges and warned the Union Government against a policy in which "Justice would be made to yield to expediency".

The people have no objection to income-tax because they would earn below, much below, the minimum income-tax level.

The Malayan Union Governor Sir Gent has asked those opposed to income-tax to "reconsider what other means there are" of helping the Government in raising revenue.

TOKEN STRIKE OF GOVT. SERVANTS

(By Z. A. BARNI)

As a pensioner of the Bombay Government I am interested in the impending strike of such Government servants as are in harness to-day. Somehow or other I am temperamentally against strikes, whether token or otherwise, and have always believed in constitutional methods. But so far as this strike is concerned I am all the more against it because it is being led by persons who are outsiders. Is there no Government servant who can lead the token strike?

Now the question is: Is there any justification for this strike? In my opinion the present-day Government servants are getting more than their brothers and sisters of the same status and education are getting outside. During the last few months there have been so many strikes in Bombay and I have met the strikers and I was surprised to find the poor pittance they used to get. Surely they were justified in resorting to strikes, for they could not make both ends meet. But have the present Government servants any justification to resort to strike on the score of pay?

From the talks that I have had with different Government servants I am informed that the present strike is being engineered by persons who have got a grievance because certain disciplinary action had been taken against them by the authorities. In other words, certain disaffected persons are at the bottom of it. The second factor that has contributed to the present movement is that the employees of certain departments such as the Rationing and Civil Supplies Departments are afraid that they will be retrenched after a short time. They want to consolidate their position and thereby want to perpetuate the rule of controls in the economic life of the country. Controls are certainly coming to an end and the sooner they come to an end the better for all. But Government should allay the fears entertained by the temporary staffs of these departments by assuring them that efficient persons from amongst them will be absorbed by them as far as possible.

Government should take advantage of the present opportunity created by the threat of the token strike and effect real retrenchment, for which there is ample justification. This can be easily done by Government without embarrassing their position. Personally I know that many third-rate persons are working in Government offices; they should all be given a hearty send-off and should be replaced afterwards by really efficient persons who may add to the prestige and dignity of the office. The general charge against the present-day Government is that their administration is top-heavy. It is a true charge and the salaries should now be re-fixed according to the work turned out by each individual. The redundant staff should also be retrenched gradually, if not all at once. This is necessary because of the duplication of work at present going on in the Secretariat departments.

My sincere opinion is that Government employees should not resort even to a token strike at a time when everybody is expected to be at his post. Instead, they should ask Government to see that inflation in prices is reduced and this can be done partly if Government regularises its trade activities and allows the trade to run through normal channels. Prices may be fixed and persons guilty of charging more, i.e., black-marketeers, may be severely dealt with. If this is done the Government employees as well as the public will get a great relief.

Anyhow the present moment is the most inopportune even for a token strike and the Government employees will give a proof of their sanity if they abstain from it. At a time when the country is on the threshold of freedom it is nothing short of sedition not to be at the various posts occupied by them.

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Business Magnate Shot Dead

Quarrel Started In Multan Finds Fatal End In City

BOMBAY, Friday.

Vendetta which germinated in the distant regions of Multan was wreaked in Bombay last night when three adversaries of a young wealthy Multani businessman, Chabildas Desharam, raided his house at Tardeo and shot him dead with a six chambered automatic gun.

The entire vicinity where this ghastly, cold-blooded murder was committed while the inhabitants of the locality were enjoying their post-prandial constitutional, was thrown into consternation and confusion prevailed at the place for nearly an hour.

The deceased who is a city businessman was living on the ground floor of Sripat Building at Tardeo.

Last night after having his supper he was resting on an easy chair near an open window in the drawing room of his plush-carpeted luxury flat.

The door of the flat was ajar and the time 9-45 o'clock when the deceased heard a motor car halting at the entrance of his house. Three persons alighted from the automobile and knocked at the main door of the flat.

One of the visitors is said to have closed the window as the deceased walked up to open the door.

The instant the door was opened by him the deceased was confronted with the terrifying spectacle of two men standing at the threshold, one flourishing a pistol in his face.

TAKEN ABACK

He was so much taken aback that the shock rendered him speechless and before he could shout for help the intruder with the revolver fired two shots in succession. The shots which were fired at close range hit the deceased in his temples causing two fatal gaping wounds.

The victim collapsed in a pool of blood and was dead before his wife could come out to see what was the matter.

The noise of the revolver shots brought the whole household to the drawing room and the Police were immediately informed.

The miscreants soon after killing the man ran to their car and absconded.

NOT YET TRACED

They have not yet been traced.

Inspector Sami and Sub-Inspector Bulsara of the Crime Branch of the Bombay C.I.D., are investigating into the matter.

The motive for the murder is held to be enmity between the deceased and his assailants.

Mediation In Matrimonial Quarrel Costs Life

A quarrel between husband and wife, and the attempted mediation by the wife's family resulted in the murder of one of the sisters-in-law on Wednesday at Zopadpatti, Ghatkopar.

It is reported that at 8 p.m. on Wednesday Munna Manover (39) and his wife Fatmabai, who were both under the influence of liquor, were quarelling violently. When the neighbours conveyed the news to the mother-in-law of Manover, she came from her house with her two other daughters Amina and Bibijan to stop the fight. During the ensuing melee Manover stabbed both his sisters-in-law with a knife and Validad a cousin of the accused assaulted the mother with a oamboo stick.

The injured women were taken to K.E.M. Hospital immediately, but Aminabai died at 3-30 a.m. to-day.

BRUTAL ASSAULT

Ramchandra Yeshwant Joseph Issac and Benjamin Issac were arrested by the Kalachowki Police on Thursday in connection with rioting armed with dangerous weapons and murder of one Moses Benjamin near Apollo Mills, Arthur Road on Thursday.

It was stated that three others, who were injured, are lying in a dangerous condition in the K. E. M. Hospital.

This brutal assault is said to be the result of a long standing enmity between the deceased and the first suspect over two rival gymnasiums in the locality.

It was also revealed that fire arms were used by the parties. The C. I. D. has taken up the investigation.

Mr. G. K. Rege remanded the arrested suspects into police custody.

ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION OF RS. 70,000

BOMBAY, Friday.

Avinash Chander Doulatram Sharma, Branch Manager of the Punjab National Bank at Dadar, was arrested by the C.I.D. at 4-30 p.m. on Thursday, on a charge of misappropriation in respect of Rs. 70,000.

It was alleged that the accused manipulated certain accounts and committed fraud to the extent of over Rs. 70,000. The exact time of the offence and the extent of the defalcations, it was stated, are being ascertained by a close scrutiny of the Bank's books. The accused was arrested at the Head Office of the Bank at Karimji Building on Sir P. M. Road.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court released the accused on bail.

LANDLORD ARRESTED

Alleged To Have Accepted "Pugree" For A Flat

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Crimes Branch C.I.D. arrested Navnitlal Amritlal, Ratilal Maneklal, Mohanlal Gulabchand and Navnitlal Mohanlal on Thursday, at Dhanji Street on a charge under Bombay Rent Restriction Act.

It was stated that Shree Ram, a city businessman, the complainant, at present residing in a compound at Sleater Road driven to desperation to find accommodation approached Navnitlal Amritlal accused No. 1, who is the landlord of a building known as Lilavati Mansion at 9th Lane, Khetwadi, for a four-room vacant flat in his building, the rent of which is only Rs. 44 per month. He demanded Rs. 10.000 as 'pugree' which was subsequently reduced to Rs. 9.251.

The complainant soon after got into touch with the Police who gave him Rs. 9,251 in marked notes. He was sent to the shop of Keshavlal Lalubhai at Dhanji Street where the transaction was to take place.

After the transaction was over, the Police raided the place. Accused No. 3 who was in possession of marked notes ran out from the rear door and hid himself in a godown. He was brought back and all the marked notes of Rs. 9,251 were seized from his person.

The rent deposit receipt which was passed to the complainant signed by accused No. 1 and accused No. 4 was seized from the person of the complainant. Accused No. 2, it was stated, first received the money from the complainant and passed it on to accused No. 3.

Mr. T. S. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, extended the bail period of the accused. Inspector Padwal, Dy. Inspector Bhagwe and S. I. Nadkarni arrested the accused.

ELIZABETH TO WED ON NOV. 20

LONDON, July 31. (Reuter): The wedding of Princess Elizabeth, Heiress Presumptive to the British throne and Lieut. Philip Mountbatten, will take place at Westminster Abbey on November 20 it was officially announced from Buckingham Palace tonight.

The announcement followed this morning's formal consent to the marriage by the King at a meeting of the privy council at Buckingham Palace.

27th Tilak Anniversary was celebrated by B.P.C.C. on Friday. Photo shows: (1) A view of the garlanding the Tilak Statue. (2) A view of the procession by Congress Seva Dal. (3) A view of the procession by Congress Desha Sevikas and Kumarikas.

Khan Iftikhar Hussein Khan of Mamdot who is entering into a straight fight with Malik Feroskhan Noon for election to the West Punjab League leadership.

B.E.S.T. Workers' Claim

BOMBAY, Friday.

Putting forward the B.E.S.T. employees claim for a fifty per cent share in the goodwill money the Bombay Municipality was paying to the Company, Mr. Shantilal Shah today stated before Sir Harsnidonal Divatia, Adjudicator in the dispute between the B.E.S.T. Company and its employees that according to industrial Law and on principles of equity the workers deserved it.

Goodwill, Mr. Shah explained, represented the difference between an established successful business concern and one that had yet to establish itself and achieve success.

In this case, the goodwill was built up, to a great extent by the employees, through their efficiency and good conduct.

Mr. Shah said that, with the share of half the Goodwill money that is, 20 lakhs a fund could be created for the benefit of workers. It could be utilised, for insurance, for providing educational facilities to workers children and such other purposes.

Mr. Shah further submitted that the demands of the non-scheduled staff, particularly the ones regarding remuneration, should, if conceded, be taken as effective from December 15 last, the date on which they were submitted to the management.

NATIONAL LANGUAGE

It Must Be Hindustani

The Secretary, Jamiat-ul-Ulemai-i-Hind, Delhi, writes:—

If Indian National Congress is still alive, the Indian Union must be a National Government. Hindi must not be made an official language to confirm with the wishes of the Hindus and Mahasabha.

It has caused a great surprise and grief that the Congress Party in the Constituent Assembly has adopted a resolution that the official language shall be Hindi and efforts shall be made that Devnagri scrip shall be the official script. If this is done, then apart from exiling Urdu, which has been a common language of Indian for at least last three hundred years, Hindustani will also be buried as a language. We are conscious that this mentality is the result of the Muslim League's unpatriotic and anti-Muslim policy which has resulted in shattering Muslim unity and parcelling of the country into small units, making half of the Muslim population alien in their own country. Nevertheless, a Nationalist to whatever community he may belong has a right to say that if the Indian National Congress still lives and its accepted principles are also alive, then the Indian Union must have a Nationalist outlook and just as tri-colour flag has been adopted as National Flag, the official language of the country must be national language i.e. Hindustani. It is gratifying to learn that Gandhiji is firm on this issue, otherwise it would have meant that Congress had died and Hindu Mahasabha is establishing its Kingdom.

LOHIA ON STATES AND GOA

CALCUTTA, July 31 (API.) Dr. Rammanohar Lohia, Chairman of the Special Committee on Hyderabad, Travancore and Goa of the Socialist Party, in a statement describing the southern territories of Hyderabad, Travancore and Goa as 'symbols of disruption and decay' says:

"To bring these areas within the Indian Union and to assert the sovereignty of their populations are two sides of the same coin. We must win the whole coin. Those who look for

CITY CELEBRATES TILAK'S DEATH ANNIVERSARY

Statue On Chowpatty Garlanded

BOMBAY, Friday.

On behalf of nearly 50 political and social organisations of Bombay, including the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the late Lokmanya Tilak's statue on Chowpatty was garlanded in commemoration of the 27th death anniversary of Lokmanya, this morning.

Mr. S. K. Patil who performed the flag salutation ceremony garlanded the statute on behalf of the B.P.C.C.

Paying tributes to Lokmanya Tilak, Mr. Patil said that it was the late Lokmanya who created political awakening among the Indian masses and gave them the 'Mantra' that "Swaraj was their birth right." Since then they were struggling for independence. On August 15 they would reach their goal. Although the independence they were getting was not the one that they desired and the country was divided, yet they should be happy because the foreign rulers were made to quit India without bloodshed.

Exhorting the young men to shed the habit of indulging in loose talk and criticism, Mr. Patil reminded them that great responsibilities rested on their shoulder in the India of to-morrow and that they should rise equal to the occasion. It was for Independent and United India that the late Lokmanya Tilak fought and, therefore, their duty was to strive to win back to their fold, with love and tolerance, those who had been separated from them and establish a Free and United India.

TILAK JAYANTI AT VILE PARLE

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Aug. 1.

The anniversary observance of the late Lokmanya this year has assumed greater importance. On the eve of India entering into its rightful place for which Lokmanya so strenuously exerted, the Congress organisations all over the province are celebrating it with proper dignity.

The Vile Parle Taluka Congress Committee had arranged the flag salutation ceremony, when the Minister for Agriculture and Fisheries hoisted the flag. Mr. Tapase, during the course of his speech, paid homage to the memory of Lokmanya Tilak who he said had sown the tree of India's freedom, and the fruits of whereof we were about to enjoy. At a time when the wheels of governmental repression were heavy, Lokmanya faced all imaginable ordeals for the ideals for which he stood. His efforts and labours were subsequently brought to, direct action by Mahatma Gandhi. Gandhiji carried the India's battle to freedom to its victorious culmination. But it should be remembered that it was easier to win freedom whilst it was difficult to digest it. Discipline and organisation which were the watchwards of the Lokmanya were never urgently required than today. The Socialists and Communists in our camps were organising strikes in the name of the rights of labour. But the infant industries of the growing India, be asserted, require the harmonious relationship between Capital and Labour. It was for the common man to put life into the picture they had evolved, and be worthy of the great destiny that was India's.

PATNA, August 1, (U.P.I.): Mr. Sunil Mukherjee, Secretary of the Bihar Committee of the Communist Party, in the course of a statement appeals to all patriotic parties in genera and particularly to all his party members and sympathisers all over the province to take initiative and fully co-operate in celebrating the Independence Day on August 15.

"The British Viceroy is seeking to bring the States into the Union but if his plan succeeds, we will have to pay a very heavy price. The acceding States will have the right to dictate to us whether the Indian Union will stay a Dominion or become a Republic. They will be permitted to reduce the powers of the Centre and their Rulers will be encouraged to continue with their personal misrule.

"We declare that agreements of this kind will not be binding on people and they will be free to exercise their right to abolish the Government of Hyderabad, Travancore and Goa.

"For the young men and women of these States, 15th August will not bring the enjoyment of freedom but striving for it. In that striving the

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Dewan of Travancore has at last consented to enter the Indian Union under certain conditions. The recent violent attack on his person is generally deplored.

PROPOSED HINDU CONVENTION

Twelve-point Programme

Dr. N. B. Khare and Mr. Mauli Chandra Sharma, New Delhi, the sponsors of an All-Parties Hindu Convention to be called at Delhi in the beginning of August, state in the course of a memorandum:—

We invite all Hindus, Princes and people, Congressmen and others irrespective of their caste, Province, political affiliation and religious beliefs to consider the following twelve points of our political programme:—and we hope that they will find that they provide the only safe an sure basis for the great country that we all want to build up.

(1) All citizens of Hindusthan will have equal rights; but the Musalmans will be given such rights as Hindu and Sikh minorities are accorded in Pakistan.

(2) (a) Musalmans shall be excluded from all key position in Hindusthan, particularly from the following services;

(i) The Defence Forces,
(ii) The Police Forces,
(iii) The Diplomatic Services and
(iv) Communications Services.

EXPLANATION: As long as the bulk of the Musalmans of the India subscribe to the two nation theory of the Muslim League, it is impossible to throw key positions open to Muslims in Hindusthan. The overwhelming majority of Musalmans all over India voted for Pakistan and their loyalty to Pakistan, now a foreign state, is patent.

(b) If after a lapse of time the Hindus are convinced that the Muslims have changed their attitude towards the country of their birth and the Hindus, the above disability may be withdrawn.

(c) In services other than those named in (a) above, Muslims will be represented strictly according to their population ratio, provided the Hindu and Sikh minorities in Pakistan are not accorded a less favourable treatment.

(3) Every young national of Hindusthan shall be given compulsory military training subject to (2) above.

(4) All non-Muslims living in Pakistan shall be regarded as nationals of Hindusthan domiciled abroad and shall have all the rights of a citizen of Hindusthan when they are in Hindusthan. The Union of Hindusthan will look after their interests as the interests of its own nationals and will render them all help and encouragement to develop along lines conducive to the reunion of the seceding parts with Hindusthan.

LANGUAGES.

(5) Hindi, writen in Devanagri script, shall be the official language for governmental and court work as well as the medium of instruction in East Punjab, Delhi, U.P. Mahakoshal (C.P.), Bihar, Ajmer Merwara and the States of Rajputana, Central India and Chhatisgarh. In the rest of Hindusthan regional languages will continue as the languages of courts and offices and will in future be the media of instruction in their respective region. As the National Language of India Hindi will replace English in all Government offices, Assemblies, Courts and other walks of life. The languages and cultures of the minorities will be fully safeguarded.

PROHIBITION OF COW SLAUGHTER.

(6) Cow slaughter will be prohibited by law throughout the State of Hindusthan.

FOOD SITUATION THREATENS DISASTER

UNFAO DIRECTOR-GENERAL'S REPORTS

WASHINGTON, July 31, (U.P.A.): Director-General Sir John Orr, of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation, said today that a food paradox threatens disaster for the prosperous as well as the war devastated nations.

In his annual report to the member nations, he warned that bold measures must be taken at their Geneva, Switzerland, Conference, August 25, to solve this paradox:

Firstly, the world is just as short of food as it was a year ago and the hungry nations are still in desperate straights.

Secondly, the United States and the other exporting nations, suddenly may be confronted with a surplus of food that cannot be marketed.

He said that the war devastated nations cannot hope for economic development or social and political stability until their food shortage are solved.

Steps must be taken, he added, to provide such nations with agricultural equipment, fertiliser and other requisites for the next harvest or the severe food shortage will last for at least two years more. Also, on the other hand, the efforts of the exporting nations to step up production to meet such shortages, eventually will result in huge surpluses that cannot be sold.

"Already a surplus of wool is threatened and surpluses of cereals, sugar and certain other products may soon appear. Unless measures are taken in advance to deal with these surpluses, they will again bring ruin and misery to millions of land workers and will endanger the whole economic system," he asserted.

Looking still further ahead, he said that the Conference also faced the problem of whether the earth will be able to produce the food needed to support its population. On the basis of a probable increase of world population, the food production would have to be doubled in the next 25 years to provide everybody with a diet capable of maintaining health and working efficiency. But he added, the earth's top soil is being washed away at the rate of hundreds of thousands of acres a year.

CRIPPS FLIES TO PARIS

Will Discuss Trade Matters With Clayton

WASHINGTON, July 31. (Reuter): Sir Stafford Cripps, President of the British Board of Trade, flew to Paris on an overnight mission today to inform Mr. William Clayton, U. S. Under-Secretary of State for Economic Affairs, of Britain's plans to slash imports, authoritative sources said here tonight.

Sir Stafford would also inform Mr. Clayton, who had come to Paris for the meeting from the International Trade Talks in Geneva, that Britain would temporarily have to drop out of any contemplated world plans for a return to free trade these sources added.

He would not, it was thought, attempt to seek further modification of vital article nine of the Anglo-American Loan Agreement against discriminatory import restrictions.

A United States State Department spokesman said in Washington tonight that Britain had made no request as yet for America to take overall, or an increase share, of the costs of the merged German Anglo-American zones.

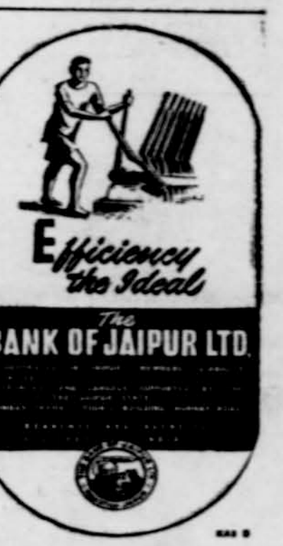
GAUHATI, August 1. (U.P.I.): The Rani of Guidalo, the Naga heroine, who was interned in her village home in the Naga Hills since her release from jail in 1945, is to be set free on August 15 when the transfer of power to India will be celebrated, it is learnt.

Protest Against Sawantwadi Reforms

SAWANTWADI, July 30.

(From the Secretary, Praja Parishad)

Sawantwadi State Praja Parishad observed the 'protest day' against the States' political reforms on Tuesday last. Mass political meetings were held at Kudal and Sawantwadi and resolutions were passed condemning the recently formed Standing Committee and those members of the Assembly who have joined the Standing Committee and thus "betrayed the cause of the people".



When you think of SEA, AIR AND RAIL JOURNEYS TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SHIPMENT CLEARANCE BAGGAGE INSURANCE CARGO think of COOKS TRAVEL SERVICE Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd. (Incorporated in England) Offices at BOMBAY, CALCUTTA COLOMBO, DELHI KARACHI, LAHORE MADRAS, RANGOON SIMLA, SINGAPORE and throughout the World.

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(WATER PROOF) AT RS. 4 EACH

Instead of buying Umbrella buy Rainy Coat for your entire satisfaction. Durable, attractive and cheapest full size rainy coats made of Cotton Cambric, manufactured in Scotland are available to dealers, consumers and Stockists. Export license available for Burma and Malaya.

Obtainable in lot and in retail by V. P. Postage extra. Agents and brokers wanted at liberal terms. For full particulars write to:—

COOCH BEHAR INDUSTRIES LIMITED
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SURGICAL ABSORBENT LINT

Now available at moderate rate for surgical dressing and other uses.

For all your needs in Cotton Lint, Bandages, Gauze, D. D. T.etc. for surgical dressing please write or see us immediately.

We also hold Government of India permits for Import and Export.

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EDWARD
Kalbadevi Road
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sunrise Picture's
POPULAR HISTORICAL
4TH GLORIOUS WEEK
RANAK DEVI
(GUJARATI Version)
MOTIBAI, CHHANALAL, Pande
Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
GENTLEMAN JIM
Errol Flynn, Alexis Smith

BI-WEEKLY PROGRAMMES OF
M-G-M's HITS . . . . AT
PALACE Daily: at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
TO-DAY TO MONDAY ONLY. . . .
A. J. CRONIN'S thrilling Adventure
Of Youth In Love!
"THE GREEN YEARS"
CHARLES COBURN,
TOM DRAKE, BEVERLY TYLER,
TUESDAY TO THURSDAY!
CHARLES BOYER as Napoleon
GRETA GARBO as the woman, who enslaved him in
"Marie Walewska"
M-G-M's Soul Stabbing Drama Torn From History's Flaming Pages!
Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 a.m.
"ROAD TO UTOPIA"
Bing Crosby, Bob Hope, Dorothy Lamour.

NOTE!

WHEN YOU GO TO SEE WHAT?
NEEL KAMAL
A KIDAR SHARMA CREATION
Starring:
BEGUM PARA, RAJ KAPOOR, MUMTAZ, RAJENDRA, PESSI PATEL, NAZIRA & SHANTA KUMAR.
AT
LAMINGTON
From 8th August, '47
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
Sun. Holiday 1-15 p.m. Matinee
Advance Booking
10 to 11-30 a.m. 4-30 to 6 p.m.
A FILMCO RELEASE Through Western Theatre Ltd.

"The Northern Lights Of Bombay"
AURORA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Stunts and Thrills! Crashes and Spills! Rapid-Fire Drama with Action Every Second!
"BURN 'EM UP BARNES"
Starring:
FRANKIE DARRO, JACK MULHALL, LOLA LANE
Sunday Morning at 10-30 a.m.
Whole Serial Show!
"Zorro's Black Whip"

SHOWING NOW!
CITY LIGHT
....Matunga (B.B.).....
Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m
RAJKAMAL Picture
SHAKUNTALA
JAYASHREE & CHANDRAMOHAN SHANTARAM

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

Yes, that's my advantage
MACLEANS
PEROXIDE
TOOTH PASTE
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & STORES
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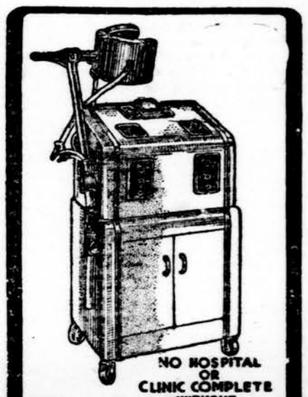
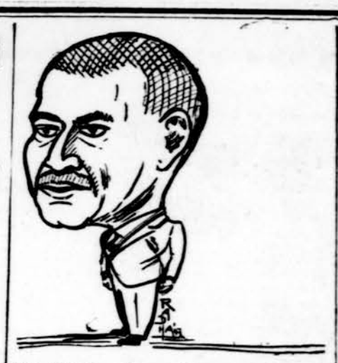


On Stage See
PRITHVIRAJ
Sat. 2nd, Sun. 3rd, Mon. 4th Morning 10 a.m.
PATHAN
Plans Open. Book Early
Royal Opera House

Now Showing!
HIND MATA
.....PAREL.....
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Matinee: Sat. Sun. 12-30 p.m.
First Time In Bombay
HURRICANE EXPRESS
John Wayne, Shirley Grey
Whole Scrial In Each Show

7th WEEK!
PLAZA Dadar (B. B.)
Daily 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Matinee: Sat. Sun. 1 P.M.
DR. KOTNIS
KI—AMAR KAHANI
A RAJKAMAL Picture
Jayashree, Shantaram

WHO WAS AT FAULT? HE OR SHE?
2nd HOUSEFULL WEEK!
—His Maddening Infatuation for her & Her Alluring Youth .....
So Desirable ... ! ... So Hungry!...
SEE! NEW THEATRES' NEWEST SOCIAL
Direction:— SAU. MUKERJI. —
Music:— R. C. BORAL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
Sundays Matinee at 12-45.
(A Calcutta Film Exchange (Release)
Wasiyat-nama
ASHIT, BHARATI, SUMITRA & AHIN CHOWDHURY.
MINERVA Advance Booking: 10 to 12.



Mr. Davar, veteran lawyer and president of the Bar Association whose golden jubilee (50 years) at the Bar was celebrated when his portait was unveiled by the Chief Justice at the Small Causes Court, Bombay recentiy.

SELECTIONS FOR POONA

OPENING DAY

CORMILLA AND PAPER KING'S OUTSTANDING CHANCES

By Our Racing Correspondent

It is very heartening to find that all the eight events on the opening day of Poona races are catered for Indian-breds. The card is well-filled and with the track practically good so far, a favourable beginning is anticipated.

Oormilla and Paper King possess outstanding chances in their respective events.

The following are my selections:
1ST RACE: 1 Oormilla, 2 Patent Bid.
2ND RACE: 1 Oscar, 2 Blue Smoke.
3RD RACE: 1 Embarkation, 2 Brilliant Sunshine.
4TH RACE: 1 Mussoorie, 2 Ayaaz.
5TH RACE: 1 Ghizala, 2 Zedai.
6TH RACE: 1 Artistic, 2 Truman.
7TH RACE: 1 Paper King, 2 Post Master.
8TH RACE: 1 Sweet Serenade, 2 Grace.
CHOICE TREBLE: Oormilla, Paper King and Mussoorie.
DARK FLUKES: Here's Luck and Valiant Prince.

'Ramdas' Relief Fund

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A "Snap" Charity Social held this evening at the Taj Mahal Hotel, under the auspices of the Progressive Group, fetched over a thousand rupees for the Sheriff's "Ramdas" Fund.

Mrs. Mithan Lam, Sheriff, was the chief guest on the occassion. In a short speech, she praised the Progressive Group and Mr. Homi J. H. Talyarkhan, its president for the valuable help they were giving to the dependents of the persons who died in the recent shipping tragedy.

Benefit Dance Recital At Matunga

The Raja Rajeswari classical dance classes directed by Sri Govindraj Pillai and Smt. Karnambal has been recently opened in Matunga, in the premises of the National Kannada Education Society School. A variety entertainment of dance and music has been arranged in aid of the school on Sunday, the 3rd instant at 5 p.m. in the Khalsa College Hall, Matunga. The pupils of Sri Govindraj Pillai will take part in the programme. Damayanti Joshi, the Kathak dancer, will give some Bharata Natyam items. Kumari Saraswati will play on the Veena and Rajalakshmi, Sitalakshmi, Swarnakumari, Rukmani, Pankajavalli and six years old pupils Malati, Jayalakshmi and Kausalya will all participate. The function wil be presided over by the film star Vanmala.

KERALA AD HOC COMMITTEE MEMBER RESIGNS

Dr. K. B. Menon, Joint Secretary, Socialist Party, has issued the following statement.

Shri R. M. Manakalat, Member, Ad Hoc Committee, Kerala, had written a letter to the Joint Secretary, Socialist Party, expressing his intention to resign from the Kerala Ad Hoc Committee and form a Party Independent of the Socialist Party. In view of this letter Shri Manakalath has been relieved of his responsibilities and the existing Cochin Sub-Committee appointed on his suggestion has been dissolved. A new Sub-Committee for Cochin will soon be announced by the General Secretay, Shri Jayaprakash Narayan.

TEMPTATION!

Exciting Perfume
DURESHWAR
Poise is born through the good taste for all exciting perfumes . . .
PATANWALA Offers a Variety
OF THE BEST
ESP
Patanwala
PERFUMES & COSMETICS

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Adhik Shravan Shud 16, 2003.
Muslim: Ramjan 14, 1366.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 3, 1316.

Today's Engagements

BHARATEEYA SANGEETA VRINDA: Vocal Music Concert by Principal S. N. Ratanjankar of Marris College of Hindustani Music, Lucknow at 8-30 p.m. today (Saturday) at Anandashram Hall, Tardeo.

YOUTH PARLIAMENT: Mr. N. N. Menon will speak in Youth Parliament premises today at 6-30 p.m. on "Independence—and what next?? Mr. Nissim Ezekiel will preside.

LECTURE ON WELFARE WORK AMONG ADIVASIS: Under the auspices of the Social Workers' Society Mr. D. N. Wandrekar, will give a public lecture on Welfare work among Adivasis" today (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the Indian Merchants' Chamber Hall, Opp. Churchgate Station. Mr. M. D. Bhat, I.C.S. will preside

SHERIFF'S PUBLIC MEETING: Attention is invited to the notification appearing in the public notifications column.

SANSKAR MANDAL: Inaugural address by Mr. Morarji Desai today (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. in Blavatsky Lodge.

'C' WARD STUDENTS' MEETING: Today at 8-30 p.m. at Bhagwan Kala's Wadi, near Kabutarkhana, Bhuleshwar, to establish 'C' Ward Students' Union. Mr. Mohan Gandhi will preside.

THE SOCIAL GATHERING of the Gremio Boddienses in Bombay, will take place to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the Hume High School, Byculla, Bombay.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: The Secretary of the Committee writes: Many local resident organizations and social institutions in Girgaum Ward have expressed their desires to co-operate with the Girgaum District Congress Committee and to co-ordinate their Independence Day and celebration programmes for the 15th August. Secretaries or representatives of such organizations and others interested in successfully celebrating the Independence Day are requested to see the Secretaries of the G. D. C. C. in the office on any day between 9 and 10 in the morning and 6-30 and 8 in the evening.

TARIFF BOARD

A Government of India communique says: The Indian Tariff Board enquiry into the batteries for motor vehicle industry scheduled to take place on 12th and 13th August, 1947, will not take place on those days. Fresh dates will be fixed and notified in due course.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

Telegraph service with Nathanya in Palestine has now been restored.

CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC: The clinic of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences has been now removed to Bai Jerbai Wadia Hospital for Children at Parel, where it meets on Tuesday and Friday evenings. Recent developments in child welfare have included the application of psychological methods to the handling of maladjusted and deliquent children. Children who show behaviour problems or difficulties in adjustment to the home or school environment may be referred to this clinic.

Kher Back In City

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, returned to the city this morning from New Delhi by the Frontier Mail.

POLITICAL CONFERENCE OF PARSI NATIONALS

The Parsi Nationalists' Political Conference will be held on the 7th and 8th instant, at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 6 p.m.

Any Parsi adult who subscribes to the basis nationalist principles will be entitled to attend the Conference on payment of a fee of four annas and will have the right to participate in the proceedings.

Membership forms are available from:—(1) Miss Mani Vasunia, Dina Buildings, 52 Queen's Road, 1st Floor, Marine Lines. (2) M. J. Gazdar, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort. (3) Prof. P. A. Wadia's Office, Gr. Fl. Hormuzd Villa, Cumball Till between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. only). (4) K. K. Lala, 647, Gai Building, Khareghat Road, Parsi Colony, Dadar. (5) Artytoys, Tata Road, Tardeo. (6) M. C. Nanavati, Malcom Baug, Jogeshwari.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

SATURDAY, August 2.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 8-45 A. P. Narayangaonkar Pad (S. A. Shukla) 9-0 Ramanlal Mehta (Konkni Asawari).

12-0 p.m. Variety programme (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Goda Gane 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 You Asked for It 4-20 Radha Mandkar (Multani) 4-40 A. P. Narayangaonkar Bhavgeet (S. A. Shukla) 5-0 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 5-15 Programme of special interest to children 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Mohammad Kasam (Ghazal, Hafiz) 6-30 6-30 Dilip Kumar (Ganpatram) 6-45 Radha Mundkur (Purvi) 7-0 Kamal Sangekar (Jait Kalyan) 7-30 Replies to Listeners' letters in Marathi 7-40 Raag Puriya on Sitar 7-45 Film Songs 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Recitation from Urdu Qasidas by Habib Tanvir 8-45 For Universities (Clio—A forgotten muse Talk by Dr P. M. Joshi) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9.30 Mohamad Kasam Ghazals 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Thumri 10-0 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 10-30 Ramanlal Mehta (Gaungiri Malhar).

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

Forecast till the morning of 3-8-47: Rainfall will continue widespread in the Konkanpatti and local in the Hyderabad State. Scattered light showers are also likely in the Bombay Karnatak. Mawal, Desh Khandesh, Surat, Vakar, Kanam, Charotar, Wagad Bhal Gohelwad and Soreth.

Outlook for subsequent 2 days: No large change.

Mr. P. N. Godinho, M.A. LL.B., veteran criminal lawyer of Bombay whose golden jubilee (50 years) at the Bar was signalised by the unveiling of his portrait and presentation of an address to him at the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, at the hands of Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

INFORMATION THROUGH VISION

Marion Dix Explains How U. N. Activities Are Brought To Common Man

BOMBAY, Friday.

Miss Marion Dix, Visual Information Officer of the newly-established United Nations Information Centre at New Delhi, was introduced to representatives of the Bombay press this evening at a pleasant Taj Mahal Hotel function. She said that she is in this country "to take charge of supplying visual media of information about the United Nations to the Indian people".

The media will include films, filmstripe, still photographs, posters and exhibitions and Miss Dix pointed out that her department was "pledged to present information about the U.N. Organisation objectively and realistically, attemping in no way to propagandise by painting it in over-rosy hues".

Miss Dix, whose filmic experience of over twenty years has gone into the making of the U.N. film "The Peoples Charter" awaiting world release, said that her immediate mission in this country was connected with the production of a series of documentary films which would be used to facilitate the training of Indian social workers, who might then go out to their work in the towns and villages better equipped to cope with the problems they will meet. The subject matter of the films would be prepard by Dr. Mhaskar of the Bombay Mothers and Children Welfare Society, in collaboration with Mrs. Hansa Mehta of the Indian Delegation to the United Nations. Maternity welfare, child care and nutrition for the growing child are to form subject matters for the first three documentary shots.

She said that the "master copy" will be in English but Indian language commentaries might be appended to suit local conditions. The films will be distributed to the various welfare institutions in India.

"I have met both Mr. Nehru and Mr. Jinnah and they have promised wholehearted co-operation in this task", she said.

Miss Dix answered questions regarding the work of the United Nations Organisation with particular reference to its Information Department. There were at present five information centres in various parts of the world and it was expected the number would be raised to nine before the end of the year, she said.

Ration Card Declaration At Factory Shops

Declarations in respect of foodgrains ration cards registered with ration shops other than Factory Shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban Districts are at present being received from the persons concerned. Such declarations in respect of foodgrains ration cards registered with Factory Shops should be made by the persons concerned with effect from August 3, 1947. Declarations at Ration Shops run by some factories (mostly small concerns) will be received during the week beginning from August 3, 1947, and ending on August 9, 1947 and those at the remaining shops run by factories and large organisations during the three weeks beginning from August 10, 1947 and ending on August 30, 1947. Detailed information in the matter will be available from the shops concerned.

National Congress (Goa)

The Provisional Committee of the National Congress (Goa) formed at the workers meeting on 27th July will hold a public meeting at Cama Oriental Hall, behind Museum, on Sunday at 10-45 a.m. for the purpose of electing office-bearers to carry out the programme of Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia with its objectives defined in the Citizenship Declaration, which says that "Goa forms an integral part of the Republic of Hindustan and that the people of Goa on the basis of self-determination will determine their future status. Dr. Juliao Menezes will preside. Dr. R. Lohia will address.

DABHOLKAR SCHOLARSHIPS FOR RESEARCH STUDENTS: The Hon. Secretary, Dabholkar Scholarships Advisory Board, writes: Applications are invited from students, both male and female, of the Goud Saraswat Brahmin Community (including all sub-sections) doing or intending to do real Research work in institutions affiliated to the University of Bombay or recognised by Government. Applications must be made on printed forms which can be obtained from the office of the Dabholkar Scholarships Advisory Board No. 7 Laburnum Road, Bombay No. 7. Applications should reach the Honorary Secretary not later than 31st August, 1947.

REGAL Air-Cooled Phone: 35017 Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
THE MOST ABSORBING PICTURE OF THE DECADE!
A LANDMARK IN FILM HISTORY

DAVID NIVEN · ROGER LIVESEY · RAYMOND MASSEY
A PRODUCTION OF THE ARCHERS
A matter of Life and Death
in TECHNICOLOR!
with KIM HUNTER and MARIUS GORING
EAGLE-LION RELEASE
Written, Produced & Directed by Michael Powell & Emeric Pressburger
"THE ROYAL COMMAND PERFORMANCE FILM"

Advance Booking Advised
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10:
"PALMY DAYS" with EDDIE CANTOR

From **SATURDAY** 9th AUG.
★
MUSICAL ROMANCE WITH THE RHYTHM OF LOVE....!
JAMUNA PRODUCTIONS
Proudly Present
Starring:—
★ SURAIYA,
★ MOTILAL,
★ KARAN DIWAN,
Pt. Badri Prasad,
Shabnam & Others.
Music:—
GOBIND RAM
DO-DIL A Jamuna Production
Story, Dialogues & Songs:
MADHOK
OPENING *Next Sat., At* NEW **WEST END**
ADVANCE BOOKING FROM MONDAY 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
(A Western India Theatres Ltd. Release)

THE SPECTACULAR STORY OF THE IMMORTAL TAJ!
A. R. KARDAR'S
Magnificent Masterpiece
NOW
Despatched by the Govt. of India to the U. S. A. World Film Exhibition at Toranto (Canada)
SAIGAL
RAGINI & others.
6th WEEK
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun. & Hol. 1 p.m.
Ad. Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6
Shalychan
NOVELTY

MAKING ITS WAY—
TO SIGNS OF FREEDOM OF THE FREE NATION TO BE!
JAYASHAKTI'S Maiden Creation
MERA GEET
Producer RAMESH GUPTA
Director: SHANTI KUMAR
Featuring
NASEEM Jnr., SUSHIL KUMAR, LEELA PAWAR AND VIKRAM KAPUR
Coming Very Soon At The CHOICEST THEATRE—
(MANEKLAL CHUNILAL & SONS Release)

His SONGS are on Tip of Tongue of Every SON & DAUGHTER OF GUJERAT
PRAKASH Pictures Great Devotional
Narsin Mehta
in GUJERATI
VISHNUPANT PAGNIS, DURGA KHOTE, AUNDHKAR PANDE, VIMLA VASHISTHA & others
Director: VIJAY BHATT
NOW RUNNING at
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30. Sun. Matinee at 1 p.m.
Booking 9-30 to 12-30 & 3-30 to 6-30 p.m.
An EVERGREEN Release

32-PAGE BOOKLET "VITALITY SUPREME" by Cambers — a rational, scientific course on Vitality-Building is sent FREE on request. This must-be-studied course is sure to benefit you. Do drop a postcard for it this very day.
BRIJMOHAN & CO. BOMBAY, 1.

ANMOL GHADI
Bombay Pet Favourite
29TH WEEK
MAJESTIC
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun. Matinee at 1 p. m.
A JAISINH Release

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, August. 1 (APL) Following is the daily weather summary for Friday, the 1st August 1947.

Rainfall has been widespread in Northeast India outside Assam, in the East United Provinces, the Central Provinces and Malabar and local in Assam, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, North Hyderabad, Mysore and Southeast Madras.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 2ND EVENING :—Rainfall will be widespread in Chota Nagpur, the East United Provinces, Central India, the Central Provinces, Orissa, Southeast Madras, Malabar and the Konkan. Showers will occur locally in Bengal, Bihar, along the North Madras coast, in the North Deccan, Mysore, Gujarat and the West United Provinces. Isolated showers are also likely in Southeast Rajputana, the South Deccan and Assam.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING :—Locally heavy rain likely to occur in the South Konkan, the North Central Provinces, the Central India and the Southwest United Provinces within the next 48 hours.

All-India Weather

POONA, Aug. 1 (API.) Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and Minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st June 1947 and from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours I S T on 31st July 1947 :

Ahmedabad 96 80 0 9.1 minus 7.2 Ahmednagar 85 71 0.1 5.3 minus 3.8 Akola 86 76 0.3 8.7 minus 6.9 Allahabad 92 77 0.5 19.0 plus 1.1 Bangalore 81 66 0.3 11.1 minus 4.2 Belgaum 75 69 0.3 19.4 minus 6.3 Bhopal 86 74 9 20.5 minus 6.6 BOMBAY 87 80 T 25.8 minus 18.1 Calcutta 85 67 0.3 26.2 plus 1.3 Cawnpore 95 79 0 18.2 plus 3.9 Colombo 86 75 0.9 16.7 plus 3.3 Delhi 102 82 0 3.8 minus 6.5 Gulbarga 91 72 0 14.2 plus 2.9 Honavar 86 75 2.2 85.4— Hyderabad (Dn) 87 73 0.1 9.0 minus 0.5 Hyderabad (Sd) 100 80 0 0 minus 3.5 Jaipur 95 82 0 1.9 minus 8.4 Karachi 87 80 0 0. minus 4.0 Lahore 107 88 0 0.1 minus 7.1 Lucknow 94 74 0.3 23.5 plus 11.7 Mangalore 78 73 4 6 72.7 minus 4.1 Marmagao 83 76 0.1 70.1 minus 5.9 Mussorie 71 61 0.4— minus 2.7 Nagpur 85 74 1.5 23.4 minus 0.5 Pachmarhi 74 67 4.5 67.9 plus 31.7 Patna 86 77 1.7 13.7 minus 5.4 Poona 82 74 T 8.0 minus 3.2 Ranchi 76 72 0.4 20.9 minus 3.7 Sholapur 90 73 0 8 2 plus 0.5 Srinagar 91 60 0 3 6 minus 0.2.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Love Labour, for if thou dost not want it for Food, thou mayst for Physic. It is wholesome for thy Body and good for thy Mind.

—Webster.

The Bombay Chronicle

HORRIBLE OUTRAGE

The Irgun Zvei Leumi has carried out its threat. The morning three Jewish terrorists were hanged for their part in the Acre jail break, two British sergeants, who had been kidnapped a fortnight earlier, were hanged by the Irgun. The crime is shocking in its revolting nature. As Mr. Creech-Jones said in the House of Commons: "In the long history of violence in Palestine there has scarcely been a more dastardly act than the cold-blooded and calculated murder of these innocent young men after holding them as hostages for more than a fortnight." Many outside Palestine will share with Mr. Creech-Jones the feeling of horror and revulsion at this barbarous and dastardly atrocity. Many also will note the poetic irony of this Jewish atrocity being an exact counter-part of Nazi criminality. The British representative, who referred to the crime at one of the United Nations Committees, remarked on this similarity. But he did not emphasise the most noteworthy fact about it. The Nazis specialised in aggression against other countries and peoples and it is on the ground of the brutal behaviour of the Nazis towards the Jews that the so-called humanitarian conscience of America and Britain was aroused, so it has been pretended, in favour of the Jewish victims. The victims are now doing exactly what the Nazis did. Is this fact realised?

But that is not all that most people—of course, outside America and Britain—will note. The cynical hypocrisy of Jewish leadership in Palestine which always professes horror and sheds crocodile tears over such tragedies can be taken without a feeling of nausea only by friends and supporters of Zionism. It only emphasises the calculated criminality of the Jews. But another fact must be noted and that is the silence at such appalling Hitlerite brutalities by Jews, of such vociferous "democrats" and "humanitarians" as the Silvers and Cellers in the United States and their counterparts in Britain. More need not be said about such men. What is most significant to us—and it would doubtless be so to the entire Arab world, too,—is that the best Mr. Creech-Jones can do is to be pathetically appealing and to 'hope that this latest act will stir the Jewish community in Palestine to root out this evil from their midst." How would have the House of Commons reacted and what Mr. Creech-Jones, Mr. Ernest Bevin and Mr. Winston Churchill would have said and done if an Arab, who, moreover is an inhabitant of Palestine and not a Nazi-like aggressor Jew, had committed half as brutal a crime? There are many who have not forgotten the activities of the British against the Arabs—and their leaders—during the period of what enemies of the Arabs and of democratic principles were pleased to call an Arab "revolt." There is a lesson in all this which the Arab world will not, and cannot, ignore.

What The Dutch Ignore

M. Van Klaffens, the Dutch Ambassador in the United States, would naturally say, as he does, that the United Nations Charter does not apply to the present Indonesian issue and that foreign interference, in the form, for instance, of mediation by the United States or Britain, would be very unwelcome. "Presently," to quote Mr. Klaffens' illuminating word, the Dutch are militarily on top in Indonesia, thanks to the arms equipment and training so charitably given them by Britain and America. They do not want interference in their war against a safely weak people, an interference which would have been very welcome in unfavourable circumstances, as when the Japs surrendered in Indonesia. Nor can the U.N.O. Charter be acceptable to them because the conflict is between the democratic rights of a people and a foreign imperialism. Imperialism must naturally, according to them, transcend the principles of national sovereignty. The Security Council, let us hope, will give the answer to the Dutch. Meanwhile we are gratified at India's response to Dutch aggression against an Asian people. Apart from our Government taking the case to the United Nations and stopping the passage of Dutch aircraft, Indian dockers have, in every port, refused to touch Dutch ships or cargoes, an attitude on which they deserve congratulations.

Frankly Speaking

States Sign Up

The question of the States and their accession to the Indian Dominion, which has been proving a major hurdle in the settlement of all issues so necessary before the ushering of the new Dominion of India, seems to have come very close to a satisfactory settlement. The settlement is on the basis of a draft Instrument of Accession first framed by Lord Mountbatten. This has now been amended to incorporate certain provisions in favour of the States, according to the suggestion of their representatives. A conference of representatives of 45 States, including major ones like Mysore, Baroda, Gwalior, Bikaner and Patiala, has unanimously accepted this amended draft. Nor is that to be wondered at. Because the Instrument fully safeguards all the interests of the States, confers advantages on them and imposes little or no liability. Firstly, the Instrument specifically provides that nothing in it shall affect the continuance of the sovereignty of the ruler in and over the State, or, save as provided by the Instrument, the exercise of any powers, authority or rights now enjoyed by a ruler, or of the validity of any law at present in force in the State. Secondly, it assures and safeguards the dynastic succession by providing that any reference in it to the ruler is to be construed at including a reference to his heirs and successors. And, thirdly, it states in so many clear words that the accession of a State to the Dominion does not commit its ruler to accept any future constitution of India or to fetter his discretion to enter into arrangements with the Government of India under any future constitution. And almost the only thing the ruler has to do in return for all this is that he agrees to acquire any land that may be required by the Indian Government for the exercise of the functions of the Dominion Government.

Princes Charter

Considering all these provisions designed so much in favour of the princes, the Instrument of Accession may fairly be described as a Charter of the Princes. Therefore, it is all the more surprising that any ruler should still hold out and should want to pursue the mirage of "Independence". Of the quartet of States—Travancore, Hyderabad, Bhopal and Indore—who profess to be most enamoured of Independence, Travancore, it is now certain, will join the Union. It is true that no official Communique has been issued to that effect. But the Congress leaders so recently arrested have been released and the ban on public meetings has also been lifted. In fact it is only the press note lifting the ban that makes an indirect reference to the "controversy over the accession of this State to the Indian Union" and announces that "this question has been formally settled", without, however, mentioning how it has been settled. Still there seems to be little doubt how it has been settled.

Too Risky

One other of the quartet of States, Indore, seems to be hovering between accession and non-accession. A formidable deputation of six Mahratta ruling princes led by the Gaekwar of Baroda has returned to Delhi after a visit to Indore. Reports of the results of the efforts of this deputation are conflicting, but will doubtless become clear in a day or two. That leaves out only Bhopal and Hyderabad. An Associated Press message from Delhi suggests that only the states signing the Instrument of Accession can enter into standstill agreements with the Government of India. If they do not sign the Instrument it is likely that the innumerable chains that link the life of these States with the British Indian territory all around them will snap at once. Are these States so wrong-headed as to face that tremendous risk?

YEAR'S HOLIDAY EVERY SIX YEARS

NEW YORK, Aug. 1 (UPI): A Wall Street firm announces that to keep its 12 secretaries "contented and happy" they will get a year's holiday with full pay after every six years of work. But they must spend the time constructively and write the office once a week.

Attitudes And Latitudes

By Birbal

Unholy Alliances

As a result of the Delhi negotiations most of the States have decided to join the Indian Union. Even Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyer seems to have relented with conditions and reservations, of course. In fact it is not known yet how many concessions will be given to our Paramount monarchs of Indian India as they have only come into the Union as a result of the Government's policy of unlimited compromise.

The question that is worrying Birbal is how it will affect the future of India in the long run. This union might, of course, turn out to be a permanent bond and a very strong one at that—miracles sometimes do happen. But the likelihood is that it will be a weak union and a constant cause for friction, annoyance and intrigue. What is more the Government's seal of approval will throttle that State Peoples' movement—Congress also being the Government. Officially it would become impossible for Congress leaders to express even the genuine wishes of the people in these cases of autocracy and non-officially, the Congress does not believe in acting. In cruder terms it would amount not merely to a betrayal of the people in the States, but it would leave them completely in the lurch. I believe it is a hushed fact that the States Peoples' Congress has already been instructed that no action must be taken or approved by them without prior consultation with the States Department.

Birbal admits that exigencies are such as to perhaps force Congress hands to take up this attitude but unless the natural results of such a policy are carefully and deliberately counteracted whether officially or non-officially States will remain a perpetual sore on the body-politic of India.

To Birbal it also strikes that here is an obvious field for the Socialist Party to capture. Socialism cannot be confined to British India nor should its advocacy be restricted by any treaties which the High Command may sign with the Princedom. Birbal sincerely hopes the socialists will not let go this opportunity both in their own and in the States peoples' interests.

Minority Question

Joint Electorates with reservation of seats in the legislatures but without any weightage to Muslims, Sikhs, Scheduled castes, Indian Christians or other minorities and no statutory provision for the reservation of seats for minorities in cabinets, are the main features of the report submitted by the Minorities Sub-Committee to the Advisory Committee of the Constituent Assembly. There is no mention yet of the definition of a minority—apparently religion is accepted as the demarcating qualification. It will be a pity if his political or legal recognition on the basis of religion is not completely wiped out with the birth of free India. Restricted recognition will not help in the long run.

It is believed that a minute of dissent has been attached to the report by Rajkumari Amrit Kaur in which she maintains "I question the legal existence of the depressed classes the moment the new constitution comes into existence. Once untouchability is abolished and its practise made a criminal offence who are schedule castes?"

Referring to the reservation of seats in the legislatures and services, she says: "They will not only further weaken the community concerned but will also lower the standard of efficiency and good governance". Birbal completely agrees with Rajkumari and asks the question that if our Government is confident of establishing a State which will guarantee equal opportunity to all and freedom of thought and worship, where is the necessity to have any minorities. India is the only country in the world where one's beliefs about God and Heaven affect one's life so completely—not that we are necessarily the only god fearing people. But then we have always been a peculiar people.

JOBS, JOBS, JOBS—Governorships, Ambassadorships, Councillorships, Ministerships. We have never seen such a feast of jobs and so few to take them or at least fit to take them. Naturally there is a race even amongst the few—manoeuvres, intrigues and super-intrigues. The larger mass of the public, of course, remain unaffected unless they take to betting "Munshi will be Governor of C.P." says one "No, no Pakvasa is going there". "But then what about Bombay?" "Rajkumari is going in the Centre because there must be a woman there". "What portfolio?" "Education". "What about Maulana?" "He is going to Egypt". "What about Zakir Hussain or Kabir?" "Hutheesingh is going to be in charge of the Indian version of the T.V.A. "No, no, he is going abroad". "Asaf Ali is being recalled and Sir C. P. sent in his place" and so on and on, the ordinary man speculates. It's as exciting sometimes as race-horsing, I mean betting on race horses, only the latter are often more reliable.

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JAP EMPEROR RESPONSIBLE FOR LAST WAR

Extract From Diary Of His Adviser

TOKYO, August 1, (Reuter): Evidence that Emperor Hirohito was directly and solely responsible for the decision to wage war against Britain and the United States was submitted to Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian Foreign Minister, today by a senior officer of the International Military Tribunal for the Far East.

Dr. Evatt, who is on a visit to Tokyo, was shown an extract from a 4,000-page diary of Marquis Kido, Keeper of the Privy Seal and the Emperors closest adviser, which stated categorically that the Emperor ordered the war.

CARRY AUGUST 15 TO THE VILLAGES

By Leela Jog.

The whole nation is being commanded to be happy and to celebrate the 15th of August, the Day of Indian Independence. But can one be happy at anybody's command, least of all we Indians who are prone to philosophising?

Perhaps that is exactly why Gandhiji says that the 15th of August cannot be a day of rejoicing—for that spontaneous mood of jubilation is very much lacking in the country which is still groaning under the weight of the legacy left behind by the British imperialists —division of the country, rampant corruption and lack of food and clothing. However, the 15th of August has to be commemorated as it marks not only the end of a peroid of exploitation and maladministration but as it also heralds a new era of promise. But that promise is not to be fulfilled by anyone else than the people themselves. It is for creating this awareness in the nation, for making us conscious of our prime duty as a free people, for rousing our energies which lay dormant under the alien rule for lack of opportunities, that we must celebrate this great day on the 15th of this month.

PROPAGANDA VALUE

The functions and festivities which are being planned by the Government, the Congress and various other bodies are not of much value in themselves (not being spontaneous!) but for the fact that they have unlimited propaganda significance. Fireworks, special broadcasts, flag salutations, processions, parades, and meetings are not new to the towns and cities of this country, as most of these have been important weapons in our freedom struggle.

But then, where do the thousands of villages fit in this programme? Are they to be left high and dry while a huge tide of jubilation is to be released over our cities and towns? How can this tide reach those remote places bereft as they are of the wireless and the newspapers? Most of them being relegated to state of poverty, ignorance and illiteracy, cannot even boast of a 'leader' who will explain to them the great signifiance of this epoch-making day. Could this Government of the people do something more substantial than grant bonus to its employees and declare a public holiday and see that the real people who make India are not left oblivious of the re-birth of the nation?

APPROACHING THE VILLAGES

It is being suggested that educational institutions should arrange lectures for the students and that flag buttons be distributed amongst them by the Government. Instead, why not send those flags to the villages with students who are familiar with the old and new flags but of whose existence the villagers are likely to be unaware? If squads of students visit different villages on any day during the week commencing from August 10th, choosing the bigger villages, and if their visit is timed on the weekly bazaar day for which people from villages around come, the propaganda will penetrate into all parts in the country. It would be well to bear in mind that for the simple villager, picture-posters, songs and dramatic performances will have more appeal than rhetorical speechifying. Let the Peoples Theatre, the National Theatre and Progressive Writers make their contribution to this plan.

IN MOHALLAS AND HOSPITALS

In fact, these methods should also be used in towns and cities to complete the celebrations of the day because the entire populations cannot possibly participate in the public functions. Small children, the old and the majority of women (for whom there is never a holiday from the domestic chores) will have to be approached in their own chawls and mohallas by mobile parties of speakers, singers and amateur actors who should move about on foot and in vans fitted with loudspeakers, wherever possible.

Beside these, we cannot forget the side and ailing in our big hospitals on an occasion like this. Some sort of entertainment programme will make them forget for a while their sufferings. The radio will obviously be the chief weapon on this front which can easily be equipped with the necessary wireless sets (given on loan) by our bankers, merchants, industrialists and the rich philanthropists. Thus shall we all, young and old, literate and illiterate, rich and poor, able and disabled, be able to call it a day.

Separation Of Judiciary From Executive

MUST BE IMMEDIATE AND NOT BY STAGES; URGES LOKUR COMMITTEE

"SPECIAL TO CHRONICLE"

BOMBAY, Friday.

The appointment of Judicial Magistrates for the administration of Justice in Districts, relieving District Magistrates of all judicial powers and the abolition of Third Class Magistrates are understood to be some of the main recommendations contained in the report of the eleven-man Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay to enquire and report on the separation of judiciary from the Executive.

The Committee, with Mr. Justice N. S. Lokur as Chairman, has finished its labours and its report will be submitted to the Government shortly, it is learnt.

The report suggests that the separation of Judiciary and Executive should be effected not by stages, but at once and without avoidable delay.

According to the Committee's recommendations the Collector will remain District Magistrate and the head of the Police as at present, but only for the purpose of maintenance of law and order in his district. He will not try cases or hear appeals and the Magistrate who exercises the judicial powers will not be subordinate to him, but only to the Sessions Judge and the High Court. The Deputy Collector will continue to be the Sub-divisional Magistrate and the Mamlatdars and Avaj Karkuns will continue to possess magisterial powers as at present, but they will exercise these powers only for the purpose of maintenance of law and order.

The Committee further suggests that as regards preventive measures, they can only initiate proceedings, and if and when these proceedings come to the stage of judicial trial they should be transferred to the appropriate Judical Magistrates.

These Judicial Magistrates, the Committee recommends, should be recruited as Civil Judges and in the matter of appointment priority should be given to those officers from the Re-Magistrate, should abolished and the newly appointed Civil Judges, who Magistrate, should be established and the newly appointed Civil Judges, who will first act as Second Class Magistrates for the first two years, may then be invested with the powers of the First Class Magistrate.

In the opinion of the Committee there should be only one cadre of judges and magistrates and they will work as Magistrates and as Civil Judges for some years by turn, but not simultaneously except when required by the exigencies of the service. Appeals from Second Class Magistrates will be heard by selected First Class Magistrates specially empowered.

POWERS FOR PANCHAYATS

The Committee strongly recommends that Village Police Patels should not be empowered to try even petty criminal cases and suggests that powers to try such cases may be vonferred on selected panchayats as an experimental measure.

As the scheme proposed in the report is likely to increase the burden of work of the District and the Sessions Judge, the Committee suggests that they should be relieved of the work of supervising the management of minors' estates, which should be entrusted to the Collector under the Guard and Ward Act of 1890.

The Committee favours the appointment of a Police Prosecutor to be selected fom among practising lawyers, in every Magistraial Court. The Prosecutor, who will be subordinate to the District Magistrate, should not be allowed to have private practice.

The Committee during its sitting for nearly six months recorded the evidence of such prominent legal experts as Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Mr. K. F. Nariman and others. Advocate General Mr. Daftary, former Home Secretary Mr. Drew, Mr. A. A. Khan, Leader of the Opposition in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, and Mr. Y. B. Chavan, Parliamentary Secretary, are some of the prominent members of the committee.

"JOIN INDIAN UNION DAY" IN HYDERABAD

State Congress President's Appeal To Observe It On August 7

NEW DELHI, July 31.

Swami Ramanand Tirth, President, Hyderabad State Congress, in the course of a statement says:—

I had never depended upon the negotiations that were being conducted in Delhi by the official delegation of the Hyderabad Govt. The standstill agreement which is reported to be favoured by the Government is only an administrative affair. It does not concern the constitutional status of Hyderabad. The question is:—Does Hyderabad accede to the Indian Union before 15th August and gave proof of its willingness to be an integral unit of the Indian Union?

The Hyderabad State Congress has made repeated demands to this effect. The Government is unheeding. Our duty is clear. We have to assert our fundamental right. The fate of 16 million people cannot be arbitrarily decided by any person, community or system.

As a last resort I had demanded that the issue of Hyderabad joining Indian Union should be decided by a referendum. The Government have not cared even to think of it.

"It is therefore high time that we go ahead with our own programme. It is that of asserting our will and expressing our dissociation with the policy pursued by the Government in a non-violent manner. I, therefore, call upon the people of Hyderabad State to observe 7th August 1947 as 'Join Indian Union Day'. On this day, there should be peaceful hartal, labourers in the factories should stop work, students should abstain from going to schools and colleges, badges with inscription of 'Join Indian Union' should be distributed in thousands and the message Join Indian Union' should pass from mouth to mouth in a hundred and thousand ways. Flag hoisting ceremony should be held in the morning and a public meeting should be held in the evening when the 'Join Indian Union' pledge should be taken all standing. No previous intimation required by the law should be given. This is by way of token defiance to express our dissociation with the policy of the Government in keeping Hyderabad isolated from the rest of India"

RAWALPINDI August 1, (U.P.I.): To a packed audience during his post-prayer speech Mahatma Gandhi spoke without going through whole of the prayer. He said he was sorry to give any time to Punjab though it was never out of his mind.

Gandhiji criticised the slavery of English language. He added that best thing became bad when it usurped a place not belonging to it.

Congress Ministry & Government Staff Employees

Fair Deal & Liberal Terms Render Strike Unjustifiable

(From A Special Correspondent)

It is really amazing that a responsible trade unionist and labour worker of the position of Mr. S. H. Jhabwala should distort and misrepresent the actual situation "vis-a-vis" the Congress Ministry's policy towards the demands of the Government employees in respect of pay, allowances and other terms of service. His article, 'Government Staff Employees On The March' published in the "Chronicle" of August 1 in fact reveals an ignorance and suppression of certain vital facts that appear inexcusable and must mislead the general public.

ERA OF FREEDOM

The Secretariat and other Government employees themselva have admitted that the popular Ministry has ended the regime of bureaucratic dictatorial suppression under which they had been forced to live before. The very fact that they have been allowed to organise their unions freely and articulate their demands is eloquent of the Ministry's policy of solicitude for their employees' legitimate interests.

The Home Minister, far from taking resort to what Mr. Jhabwala with his militant verbiage and flamboyant imagery, describes as raising of 'the rod of discipline', is responsible for the liberal and, from the bureaucratic viewpoint, revolutionary approach towards the problem. A typical instance of this is furnished by the terms offered to the Government employees Federation which, judged by the general reaction amongst the bulk of the membership, have been found more than satisfactory:— the acceptance of the organization of the Whitley Councils. As a matter of fact, the Councils, as the Central Pay Commission Report itself indicates, are meant primarily for industrial labour not office employees, whose conditions of service differ fundamentally from those of such labour.

The civil service in Great Britain and every other country has to abide by disciplinary regulations which also define their rights and privileges and safeguard their interests. In Great Britain, the Treasury determines all questions regarding pay, ranking and promotion and there is a Parliamentary sub-committee which functions as the supreme authority. Organised labour negotiates contracts with the aid of collective bargaining and factory workers cannot clearly be compared with Secretariat and other civilian desk-workers.

BOMBAY LEADS

Long before the CPC published these recommendations, the Bombay Government had appointed Dr. Jivraj Mehta Committee to investigate the problem of liberalizing all pay-scales and conditions of service. When the CPC recommendations were published, Government accepted the principles underlying them and have used their basis as far as possible. There is reason to believe that Bombay would have much better pay-scales than could be offered to the Central employees and the terms could be much more liberal.

Even at present, the present Ministry's policy in the matter of dearness allowance illustrates this. The flat rate of dearness allowance to all low-paid employees has been and uptodate remains higher by Rs. 4 in all areas. The CPC's recommendation prescribes Rs. 25 for a pay up to Rs. 50. But persons drawing a pay of Rs. 40 in Bombay are drawing Rs. 26.

As regards the complaint that the publication of the revised scales is being delayed, the delay that has taken place is inevitable when all pay-scales have to be revised and overhauled.

From this it would be clear that the present Government's entire attitude and policy towards their employees is one of interest and solicitude for them. Nobody can possibly deny that the salaried class has been the worst victims of the price and financial inflation that is countrywide and for which the provincial Government is certainly not responsible. But this situation is exploited by misleading the gullible Government employees by certain professional and quasi-professional agitators.

EGYPT SIGNED IT AS FREE AGENT

Br. Foreign Office On 1936 Treaty

LONDON, August 1, (Reuter): Egypt signed the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian Treaty which gave Britain the right to station troops in the Suez Canal area as a free agent, the Foreign Office spokesman in London asserted today.

He was asked this morning to comment on a statement made in New York by the Egyptian Premier, Nokrashy Pasha that the treaty against which Egypt will shortly appeal in the Security Council was signed under compulsion.

"That is not a historical fact", the Foreign Office spokesman said.

CORFU CHANNEL DISPUTE

Britain Asked To File Memorial Against Holland By Oct. 1

THE HAGUE, August 1, (Reuter): The International Court of Justice has asked Britain to file her memorial on the Corfu Channel dispute with Albania by October 1, it was learned here.

Albania accused by Britain of illegally mining the Channel as a result of which two British destroyers were damaged and 44 British seamen killed last October has been asked to submit her counter-memorial by December 10.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

There was one extraordinary gathering at Lahore, where a number of vivacious Muslim ladies engaged in a vigorous political discussion, which led on to a musical rendering of verses extolling the prospective glories of Pakistan, and ending incongruously with the singing of the Red Flag.

Mr. Reginald Sorensen, M.P.

* * *

In the Constituent Assembly Mr. Maheshwar Dal insisted that "within the borders of a State dignity of a ruler has to be maintained and if you take away from him a power which he has hitherto enjoyed that dignity is adversely affected".

We quite agree. After all what is a State—its people, its dignity etc. etc.—worth if the Ruler's "dignity" is adversely affected in any possible way.

* * *

On a representation made by Hamida Abdus Sattar, Mr. Jinnah has issued a statement repudiating any personal preference regarding the leadership of the Sind League Assembly Party.

Messrs. Khuhro and Gandar need not, however, be down hearted.

* * *

According to a Washington message, Van Kleffens, Dutch Ambassador to the United States, said he believed the U.N. Charter did not apply to the current situation in Indonesia.

How could it? What is happening in Indonesia is no more than that the Dutch are trying to protect the security of Colonial rule over the people of Indonesia as per the U. N. Charter!

* * *

When asked whether the United States could be of aid in the situation Van Kleffens said outside interference would be very unwelcome presently.

Of course, it would. It would be another matter if another Japan or Nazi Germany were to hammer Holland when outside interference would be very very welcome "presently".

* * *

Referring to the murder of the two British sergeants by Jewish terrorists, the British representative at the U.N. Social and Economic Council said that Britain felt a "deep emotion of horror" over the outrage.

So it did. Why, Britain actually protested to the Jews humbly but with profound emotion in the House of Commons.

* * *

The representative further observed that "some of us had hoped that since Nazi Germany was defeated such crimes had become a thing of the past ....".

Wouldn't Hitler's soul be pleased and gratified by this unparalleled success of Nazism?

* * *

Blocking the admission of Transjordan to the United Nations, the Soviet delegate to the Membership Committee said: "The Soviet delegation has very serious doubts about what sort of independence really exists in Transjordan".

Is there really any serious doubt about what sort of independence exists in Transjordan?

Kripalani To Tour Sind

Nine-day Programme Includes Visits To District Towns

KARACHI, August 1, (A.P.I.): To study the situation in Sind Acharya Kripalani, Congress President, accompanied by Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani is expected to arrive in Karachi from New Delhi by air tomorrow.

The Congress President will commence tour of the district towns from August 3 and will return to Karachi on August 10 and will leave for New Delhi the following day.

U. S.'s RECORD ACREAGE

To Meet World Grain Shortage

WASHINGTON, AUG. 1, (Reuter), The United States Department of Agriculture today forecast at least two more years world grain shortage and called on farmers to sow 75,000,000 acres for bread grain in 1948.

This is higher than all previous targets and compares with the 1947 target of 70,700,000 acres.

Mr. Clinton, P. Anderson, Secretary of State for Agriculture, making the announcement said that normally a much smaller acreage would be desirable, "but because the need for exports to meet world shortages continues urgent it appears desirable to maintain a high United States acreage".

Sarat Bose Forms New Party

CALCUTTA, August 1, (A.P.I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose has announced today the formation of the Socialist Republican Party.

The Party stands for the complete independence of India, free from British or any other foreign influence and control, the ending of autocratic rule in the Indian states the setting up of Socialist Republics on the basis of a Union of Socialist Republics on the basis of Linguistic Groups and the establishment in this country of accepts unconditionally the ideology of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose, and considers the completion of his unfulfilled task as the main aim of its political, social and economic activities.

DUTCH SHIP HELD UP IN BOMBAY

T. U. C. Urges Nehru To Withdraw Loading Facilities

BOMBAY, Friday,

A telegram was dispatched by Mr. Mirajkar, President of the Bombay Presidency Trade Union Congress to Pandit Nehru requesting him to issue immediate instructions to stop loading of the Dutch ship "Lombok" now lying in the Bombay harbour.

A labour leader told a representative of this paper that the telegram was sent to Pandit Nehru in view of the opinion expressed by the Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust that he had no right to stop loading of the ship unless instructions to the contrary were received from the Government of India. He further said that the authority to stop the loading of the ship lay only with the Collector of Customs.

On inquiries being made, the Collector of Customs is understood to have said that as long as the Dutch ship had the export permit the Custom authorities had no right to stop the loading of the ship.

Meanwhile, it is understood, that the Maritime Union of India of which Port Trust pilots are members has instructed its members not to pilot the ship out of the harbour. This, it is feared, may keep the Dutch ship hibernating in Bombay indefinitely even if it is loaded against public opinion.

DEMONSTRATIONS IN HARBOUR

Two more demonstrations were staged today in front of the Dutch ship.

Inquiries reveal that loading and unloading operations have not yet begun. A representative of this paper saw a few dockers engaged in loading paint tins in the steamer, in the presence of the police. This, it was understood, was with a view to paint the ship from inside. No sooner they saw a crowd of demonstrators nailing in their direction they left the tins and made good their escape.

Addressing the demonstrators Mr. Mirajkar, President of the A.I.T.U.C., exhorted them to stick to the attitude they had hitherto adopted and refuse to load the ammunition which, he said, was meant to be used by the Dutch against their Indonesian brothers. The demonstrators dispersed with slogans of "Dutch ship go back," and "Down with Dutch imperialism."

The ship is guarded by the police, no one being allowed to go up.

DUTCH ACCEPT U. S. OFFER TO MEDIATE

(Continued from Page 1)

cannot be denied that there have been serious repercussions in Asia".

As the Dutch had accepted American mediation, the British delegation believed that, instead of proceeding on the lines of the Australian proposal, the Security Council should take note of the mediation offer and leave the matter on the agenda till the Council had received a report on all developments.

U. S. PROPOSAL

Speaking for the United States, Mr. Henschel Johnson said that the Australian resolution raised two difficult legal problems—the Sovereignty of Indonesia and the competence of the Security Council in the issue.

He proposed an amendment which bypassed these problems and merely called on both the parties to stop fighting and submit to a peaceful settlement.

RUSSIA'S STAND

M. Andrei Gromyko (Russia) disagreed with delegates who doubted whether Indonesia had Sovereign status. He also thought that the Security Council was perfectly competent to deal with the situation.

M. Gromyko added that the Soviet delegation could not support the British proposal to shelve the question while mediation operated, as this would mean bypassing the United Nations.

'FALSE LOGIC'

M. Gromyko accused the Netherlands Government of aggression in Indonesia.

"The fact that the Netherlands Government calls its action limited police measures does not change the fact that it is a breach of peace", he declared. The Netherlands argument that it was obliged to take action because the Indonesians did not fulfil some parts of the Linggadjati Agreement was absolutely "false logic".

"Even if this were true it would not justify aggression by the Netherlands Government".

M. Gromyko also argued that even if all the Netherlands complaints about international political weaknesses of the Indonesian Government were true that would not justify the use of force.

"Dr. Van Kleffens claimed that events in Indonesia were only of local significance and not a threat to peace. We do not agree. Big wars begin through small incidents."

M. Gromyko opposed the British proposal to shelve the question because, he said, it would create the danger of circumventing the United Nations and, at the same time, it would leave the Dutch in possession of important strategic positions already captured.

Finally, M. Gromyko proposed the following amendment to the Australian resolution:

"The Security Council considers it necessary that the troops of both sides should be immediately withdrawn to the previous positions which they occupied before the beginning of military operations".

U. S. CLARIFIES ISSUE

The Council then adjourned till later this evening, when the debate would be continued in the light of the State Department's explanation a few minutes earlier of its offer to the Dutch. This made it clear that the United States Government's aim was to reopen negotiations in the dispute rather than to undertake direct mediation.

INDIA INVITES INDONESIA TO 'UNESCO' CONFERENCE

LAKE SUCCESS, (New York), Aug. 1 (Reuter): The Economic and Social Council of the United Nations today adopted the Indian proposal to invite the Indonesian Republic to participate in the United Nations' Conference on Trade and employment in Havana, Cuba, in November.

The proposal was approved by six votes to four with eight abstentions.

Its terms were: "The Economic and Social Council, recognising that the Indonesian Republic enjoys, in fact, autonomy in the conduct of its external commercial relations, and recognising further that participation of the Government of the Indonesian Republic will promote the objectives of the Conference, resolves to send a direct invitation to the Government of the Indonesian Republic to participate in the United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment".

The countries voting against the proposal were the United Kingdom, France, the United States and the Netherlands.

DUTCH LABOUR IN IT

THE HAGUE, Aug. 1 (Reuter): Mr. Koos Vorrinn, Chairman of the Dutch Labour Party, today denied that there had been any pressure by his party on the Dutch Government to cease action in Indonesia.

Indian Red Cross Sends Medical Supplies

NEW DELHI, August 1, (A.P.I.): In response to an appeal received from Indonesia the Indian Red Cross is sending out immediately to the Indonesian Red Cross medial supplies urgently wated by them. These supplies are being sent by air and will be under the charge of an advance party of a couple of doctors provided by the Indian Medial Association which is working in full co-operation with Indian Red Cross.

"Leader Who Sowed Seeds Of Indian Freedom"

Bombay's Tribute To Lokmanya Tilak On Death Anniversary Day

BOMBAY, Friday.

Glowing tributes to the memory of the late Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak were paid at a meeting at the Jinnah Hall this evening, to celebrate the twenty-seventh death anniversary of the Lokmanya.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. Among those who spoke were Mr. L. M. Patil, Excise Minister, Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, Mr. M. Y. Nurie and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C. presided.

TILAK'S SLOGAN

Mr. Patil, paying his tribute, said that the Tilak anniversary had a special significance this time. His slogan that 'Swaraj is our birth rignt and we will have it' was being fulfilled after twenty-five years of struggle. Mr. Patil pointed out that it was the late Tilak who awakened the Indian people and gave them the message of Swaraj. The seeds of freedom which he implanted three decades ago and which had been watered by the blood and sacrifices of the people were bearing fruit and after a fortnight, India would reach the goal which the late Tilak cherished.

Recalling the valour and fearlessness of Tilak, Mr. Patil said that he accepted with a smile the sentence of six years' rigorous imprisonment passed on him on a charge of sedition.

TWO GREAT MEN

"India has produced two great men" declared Mr. Patil, "who have understood the pulse of the people. One was Tilak and the other is Mahatma Gandhi." Gandhiji had carried on the unfulfilled fight of the Lokmanya and brought to the country Swaraj by a bloodless revolution. The revolution was unique in the history of the world.

Referring to the critics of the Congress, Mr. Patil said that the time had come for tongue-waggers to shed their habit of indulging in futile criticism and work constructively to build up a free and united India. He appealed particularly to youngmen and women to organise in a disciplined manner so that they could bear the responsibility which rested on their shoulders in the India of tomorrow.

Mr. Vartak, paying his tribute to the services of the Lokmanya in the cause of freedom, remarked that he gave the 'mantra' of Swaraj when people believed "the British raj was a blessing to India." It was a misfortune of the country that the Great Warrior of India did not live to see and enjoy the fruits of his labour and sacrifice.

In the life of every country, the National flag played an important role, opined the Minister. Now that they had a National Flag which was accepted by all parties in the Constituent Assembly, every Indian should declare their loyalty to it.

TILAK'S RELIGION

"Tilak's religion was freedom" said Mr. L. M. Patil "India will never forget the services of one who taught to the nation the 'mantra' of Swaraj.

Mr. N. Y. Nurie describing Tilak as an 'arch-rebel' said that he defeated the Moderates in 1907 at the Surat Congress and revolutionised the Congress organisation. He inculcated political consciousness in the masses of India. He refashioned the outlook and policy of the Congress and handed to Gandhiji at the time of his demise a fighting body which since then waged many of struggle against the alien rule under Gandhiji's leadership.

Regretting the partition of India, Mr. Nurie averred that Nationalist Muslims would strive to reunite the country.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas described him as a great patriot and first rank fighter.

GUERILLA WARFARE IN INDO-CHINA

Ramadier On Madagascar Situation

PARIS, August 1 (Reuter): M. Paul Ramadier, French Premier, told the National Assemly last night that peace would soon be restored in Madagascar and that 8,000 rebels had surrendered to the French since the rising started in April.

M. Ramadier, who was speaking in a debate on the military budget, described operations in Indo-China as "entering a new phase—political as much as military."

The French expeditionary force, he said, would have to adapt itself to guerilla warfare.

M. Paul Ramadier, the French Premier, today received Gen. Georges Valluy, Commander of the French troops in Indo-China.

France And 'Big Four' Deputies Meeting

LONDON, Aug. 1 (Reuter). France has accepted in principle Britain's invitation to attend a conference of the Deputies of the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers on Germany before the opening of the next session of the Council of Foreign Ministers which is due to meet in London next November, the Foreign Office spokesman stated this morning.

Fate Of Tory Amendments

LONDON, Aug. 1 (Reuter). The House of Commons today rejected the four amendments to the Government's Town and Country Planning Bill on which the Conservative majority defeated the Government in the House of Lords a few weeks ago. The amendments will now be sent back to the House of Lords where it is thought, the Lords will, this time, accept them. If they do not, they may, as with the Transport Nationalisation Bill, suggest further modifications.

BA MAW ARRESTED IN RANGOON

Police Hunt For Arms Yields 172 Brenguns

RANGOON, August 1, (Reuter): Dr. Ba Maw, a former Burma Premier, was arrested by the police this afternoon.

Dr. Ba Maw, who was the head of the Japanese-sponsored Burmese Government during the war, surrendered to the British in Tokyo last year and was later released in Rangoon.

On July 21 he was "missing" from his home and was later reported to be staying with relatives.

RANGOON, August 1, (A.P.A.): Kyaw Thaung, Burma Government Immigration Officer stationed at Chittagong has been arrested following discovery of arms and ammunition at his west Rangoon home, it was learned here today.

According to the Burma Civil list, Kyaw Thaung was appointed Immigration Officer in 1941 when U Saw was the Burma Premier.

BREN GUNS SEIZED

RANGOON, August 1, (Reuter): A spokesman of the Burma Government Information Department said today that a total of 172 brenguns and a large quantity of other arms and ammunition had been seized by the police in a ten-day combat after the assassination of the Burmese political leaders.

Investigations into the assassination were "progressing very well".

ALLEGED ASSASSINS OF AUNG SAN IN COURT

RANGOON, August 1, (Reuter): Six persons alleged to be the assassins of U Aung San, Deputy Chairman of the Burmese Executive Council and six other Cabinet Ministers, appeared today before the Rangoon Magistrate to make formal statements. The Court sat in camera.

"SECRET ARSENALS" DISCOVERED

RANGOON July 31 (Reuter): The Burma police, to-day arrested four journalists on the staff of the "Sun," a leading Burmese daily, of which U Saw, former Burmese Premier now under arrest, was once the Managing Director.

"Valuable documents" and a quantity of Sten gun cartridges were reported to have been discovered on the newspaper's premises.

During the last 24 hours, the Burma police have discovered number of "secret" arsenals in the Tarrawady District of Lower Burma and elsewhere.

70 MAHASABHAITES ARRESTED IN U. P.

LUCKNOW, Aug. 1 (API.) The U. P. Hindu Sabha direct action against the U. P. Government began this morning in Lucknow when a batch of 20 Hindu Sabha volunteers shouting Hindu Mahasapha and anti-Congress slogans courted arrest. They attempted to hoist the Hindu Mahasabha flag in Aminuddulah Park and were taken into custody.

By midnight the police arrested 28 more leaders and workers, including some of the absconding members of the Council of Action, bringing the total number of arrests so far in connection with the direct action movement to 70.

Hindu Sabha leaders and workers of other districts are also being rounded up, according to reports received here.

There is still no trace of Mahant Digvipainath first Dictator of the Direct Action Movement.

First Dictator Arrested

LUCKNOW, August 1, (A.P.I.): Mahant Digvijainath, first dictator of the U.P. Hindu Sabha Direct Action Movement was taken into custody at 11-30 a.m. today in the Aminuddoulah Park when he attempted to hoist the Hindu Mahasabha fuag in the park.

TERRORISTS STRIKE AGAIN IN PALESTINE

Phosphorous Bombs Thrown At Hampshire Regiment Hq.

JERUSALEM, August 1 (Reuter): Terrorists struck again at the British Army in Palestine today, when four terrorists armed with phosphorous bombs attacked the Jerusalem Headquarters of the Hampshire Regiment, which was celebrating "Minden Day", the anniversary of the British victory at Minden on August 1, 1759.

Three explosions shook the city and the sound of rifle fire was heard. One report said that a Jew, trying to climb the barbed wire fence surrounding the headquarters, had been riddled with bullets.

Watched by 300 comrades-in-arms bodies of Mervyn Paice and Clifford Martin, victims of Irgun Zvai Leumi's revenge, were buried in the British military cemetary at Ramleh.

Mr. A. F. Giles, Acting Inspector-General of the Palestine Police, today ordered a full inquiry into the rioting last night in Tel Aviv, in which five Jews were killed and fifteen seriously injured.

Jewish sources claimed that British troops rioted after the killing of the two British sergeants, throwing a grenade at a cafe, while seven armoured cars roared through the city blazing with machineguns at traffic and shops.

British Military Headquarters declared that no British troops had been in Tel Aviv last night.

There was a meeting yesterday between Gen. Sir Alan Cunningham, High Commissioner for Palestine, and Mrs. Golda Myerson, head of the Jewish Agency's Political Department.

Haganah the Jewish illegal resistance movement, which co-operated in trying to save the two British sergeants from the terrorists, gave warning of probable new attempts to kidnap British troops.

Jews Clash With R. A. F. Armoured Car

JERUSALEM, August 1, (Reuter): Violence flared up suddenly in Tel Aviv today when a Jewish crowd rioted after a clash with an R.A.F. armoured car.

According to a Jewish source, the armoured car attempted to crash its way through a funeral procession, several thousands strong, following the funeral of the five Jews killed in disorders last night.

Angry Jews, declared the report, turned on the armoured car which roared off, firing shots in the air as it went.

An official source in Jerusalem stated the Jews then surrounded a British Army lorry driving through one of the main streets in Tel Aviv, pulled out its civilian driver, and set the vehicle ablaze after overturning it.

There was no official confirmation of the Jewish report that 33 people had been injured—mostly, it was stated, in panic which developed when the first shots were fired.

INDIA GOVT. DECLARES TWO HOLIDAYS

(Continued From Page 1)

New Delhi to attend the deliberations of the Armed Forces Re-constitution Committee. Sir Chandulal has been especially invited by the Committee in view of his unique experience of the working of the War Department.

Bhopatkar On Aug. 15 Celebrations

POONA, Aug. 1, (U. P. I.): "Are Hindus and Sikhs in the Hindustan Union so much lost to all sense of propriety, proportion and humanity as to indulge in celebrations and festivities and waste public time on them? Like Nero do they intend to fiddle while the Punjab and Bengal still burning?" asks Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha in a statement to the press urging Hindustan's boycott of August 15 celebrations.

Continuing he remarks that the dominion status to be ushered in on August 15 has been obtained at a frightful cost of mutilation of Mother India and the orgy of plunder, arson, murder and conversion is proceeding with unabated virulence. Life, property and honour of the Hindu and Sikh minorities in Pakistan, he says, are not even a moment's purchase.

3 Holidays For Pakistan Celebration

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Aug. 1.

Sind will have three general public holidays on August 7 when the Governor-General Designate of Pakistan Mr. Jinnah will arrive here, and on August 15 and 16 for the celebrations of Pakistan Independence.

As a part of the celebrations, it is proposed to grant amnesty to a number of criminal as well as political prisoners besides commuting the death sentences to those of life imprisonment, and reducing the sentences of almost all the remaining prisoners by varying degrees.

Indian Scouts In Parliament Lobbies

LONON, August 1. (Reuter): A party of 33 turban Indian Boy Scouts from the Punjab made a colourful scene in the lobbies of the Houses of of Parliament in London today.

On their way to the World Jamboree in Paris next week they are sightseeing in London and were today conducted through the Houses of Lords and Commons by the Rev. R. W. Sorenson M. P. Parliamentary Secretary of the India League.

"Is Mr. Attlee here" was one of their first questions.

The Prime Minister was not in the House. The boys also wanted to see Mr. Winston Churchill but he too, was absent.

Two Scottish Firms Bag It

LONDON, Aug. 1 (UPA). The first big contract to ripen in Pakistan, the construction of a £4,000,000 shipbuilding yard at Karachi, seems sure to fall to two Scottish firms John Brown and Sir William Arrol says a report in "Daily Graphic."

INDIA ACT ADAPTED TO SUIT DOMINION

Over 105 Sections Disappear Besides 200 Changes Affected

NEW DELHI August 1. (A.P.I.): The draft adaptation of the Government of India Act, 1935, in its application to the Dominion of India, is ready and has been circulated among political leaders, it is reliably learnt.

The main features of the draft, it is understood are that as many as 105 out of the total of 321 Sections in the Government of India Act, 1935 will disappear from the statute book on the appointed day, August 15. Besides numerous sub-sections of the various provisions of the Act have been deleted and a good number of new provisions incorporated. The First and Second Schedules of the Act have been omitted and the Third Schedule, which prescribes the salary and allowances of the Governor-General and Governors is now "under consideration". References to the Emperor of India have been taken out from the Fourth Schedule which deals with the form of oaths or affirmations prescribed for members of Legislature and high judicial functionaries.

Thus the 1935 Act, the result of five years of prodigious labour is now to be changed beyond recognition.

The adaptations have been made in accordance with Sec. 9 of the Indian Independence Act under which the Governor-General is empowered to modify the Government of India Act, 1935, in order to bring the provisions of the Indian Independence Act into effective operation.

Several of the 105 sections which will disappear on August 15, relate to matters opposed by Nationalist India for decades. Among the clauses that will go are those relating to Crown's relationship with the Indian States; the Instruments of Instruction to the Viceroy, Governor-General and Provincial Governors; special responsibilities of the Governor-General for the maintenance of peace and tranquility, financial stability and credit of the Government, safeguarding of the interests of minorities, the protection of rights of Indian States and the rights and dignity of rulers etc. Superintendence of the Secretary of State is being abolished and with it the consequential clauses, viz., the India Office and the obligation on the part of the Provincial and Central Governments to provide him with finance, the services, both Defenec and Civil, etc.

All sections relating to the Crown 'vis-a-vis' Indian States go and this includes certain responsibilities on the part of the Government of India to finance the Crown for the payment of pensions granted by the Crown for "political considerations"

COMMERCIAL SAFEGUARDS GO

The much disputed commercial safeguards clauses also disappear. Under these a British firm registered either in the U. K. or incorporated in India was afforded equal treatment and opportunities with Indian nationals.

Powers of the Governor-General requiring the Governors to discharge certain functions as his Agents are deleted from the Act and similarly the Governor will have no special powers.

Such terms as "in his discretion", "acting in his discretion" and "exercising his individual judgment" are to be omitted wherever they occur in the Act of 1935.

Instead of "Federation" it will be a "Dominion" and Federal Laws become Dominion Laws.

Besides these over 200 changes have been effected.

CENTRAL LEGISLATURE

A substitute section for Section 18 of the Act which deals with the constitution of the Federal Legislature a new clause is to be inserted. "The powers of the Dominon Legislature under this Act shall" the draft adaptation says, "until other provision is made by or in accordance with a law made by the Constituent Assembly under sub-Section 1 of Section 8 of the Indian Independence Act, 1947, be exercisable by that Assembly, and accordingly reference in this act to the Dominion Legislature shall be construed as references to the Constituent Assembly".

A substitute to section 30 of the Act of 1935 regarding pending bills says that a bill pending in the Dominion Legislature shall not lapse by reason of the prorogation of the Legislatures. A Bill which immediately before the establishment of the Dominion, was pending in the Legislative Assembly of the Indian Legislature may be continued in the Dominion Legislature as if the proceedings taken with reference to the Bill in the Legislative Assembly had been taken in the Dominion Legislature.

ORDINANCES

The power of the Governor-General to promulgate Ordinances in cases of emergency is being retained in a modified form. Two alternatives have been suggested in this connection. The first is that the Ordinance shall be laid before the Dominion Legislature and shall cease to operate at the expiration of six weeks from its re-assembly or, if before the expiration of that period a resolution disapproving the Ordinance is passed by the Legislature....."

An alternate substitute suggested empowers an Ordinance to have the force of law for a period of six months but any Ordinance may be controlled or superseded by an Act of the Dominion Legislature.

BARODA RAILWAY STRIKE BEGINS

BARODA, August 1, (U.P.I.): The railway strike commenced today all efforts to a compromise having proved failure.

The Government have asked the Railwaymen's Union to submit their case to the conciliation Board provided under the Trade Disputes Act, Baroda. But the Union having disagreed to do so, the strike commenced today as scheduled. The strike is confined to some portions of the matter fined to some portions of the meter gauge but narraw gauge is running as normal.

INDORE TO JOIN CONSEMBLY?

Maratha Rulers' Reported Success In Their Mission

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, August 1.

Rulers of Gwalior and Baroda and other Maratha Princes had, it is understood, proceeded to Indore, presumably to persuade the Ruler of Indore to join the Constituent Assembly and to sign the Instrument of Accession. The reported decisions of Travancore and Hyderabad States might have affected the previous plans of the Ruler of Indore. The Maratha Rulers, it is reported, have succeeded in the mission.

The plenary session of the Praja Mandal was postponed till the end of July on the assurance of the Maharaja that he would make an announcement in the meantime. The Praja Mandal is therefore, meeting to decide the future course of action.

PARLIAMENTARY SECRETARY INJURED IN STUDENTS' CLASH

LUCKNOW, Aug. 1 (API). Two rival groups of students led by the Hindu Students' Federation and the Students' Congress came to a clash this morning at a meeting which had been organised by the Students Congress in the A. P. Sen hall of Lucknow University to celebrate Tilak Day. Besides one dozen students, Mr. C. B. Gupta, Parliamentary Secretary to the U. P. Premier, who had been invited to address the meeting, received injuries.

Bridge Over Sale Washed Away

JUBBULPORE August 1, (A.P.I.): Railway traffic between Itarsi and Jubbulpore on the G.I.P. Railway was dislocated today as a result of a bridge over the river Sale between Salechowka Road and Bankheri Stations being washed away this morning due to continuous heavy rains.

The incident occurred just a few minutes after the Allahabad-Itarsi Passenger had crossed the bridge. The Allahabad-Bombay Express which followed it was brought back here and was redirected via Katni and Bina. All through traffic between Bombay Allahabad and Calcutta passing through Jubbulpore is being diverted via Katni and Bina.

No mail or express trains arrived in Jubbulpore today.

REPATRIATION ORDER CHALLENGED

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee)

1. Antonius Raab,
2. Mrs. Hilda Raab .... Petitioners

vs.

The Commissioner of Police, Bombay ..... Respondent

The 1st petitioner, a gliding expert and air-craft manufacturer residing in Germany till about 1933 and his wife a Czech lady, had filed his petition for an order under Section 45 of the Specific Relief Act that the Commissioner of Police be directed to forbear from enforcing the order for repatriating them to Germany.

Imprisoned for anti-Nazi activities the 1st petitioner alleged that he had to flee from Germany in 1933 and had been condemned to death in absentia by the Nazi Government. He fled to the Baltic countries and thence to Czechoslovakia where he met the 2nd petitioner whom he married. As the Germans advanced, they migrated from country to country and the 1st petitioner was ultimately granted citizenship by the Government of Costa Rica. While in Greece and Egypt, the 1st petitioner was engaged in the manufacture of war materials for the British and Greece military authorities by whom he was ultimately sent to India to help in the manufacture of aeronautical materials. In January 1942, the petitioners were detained in the parole centre at Purandhar, and in January 1946 they were informed that they would be repatriated They were subsequently informed that they would be forcibly repatriated to Germany.

On behalf of the petitioners it was contended that neither of the petitioners was an enemy alien and therefore under the Foreigners Act of 1946 the threat to repatriate them to Germany was illegal, though the petitioners were willing to leave India and go to France if their passports were duly extended.

His lordship accepted the petition which was made returnable for argument on 21st August. His lordship granted and interim injunction restraining the respondent from enforcing the repatriation order till then.

Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas instructed by Messrs. Bhaishankar Kanga & Girdharlal appeared for the petitioners.

Nehru Made Fellow Of National Institute Of Sciences Of India

BOMBAY August 1, (A.P.I): At a meeting of the Council of the National Institute of Sciences of India the Fellows of the Institute held here this morning the Hon. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was elected Fellow of the Institute.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 (APA). The Egyptian Prime Minister, Nokrashy Pasha, disclosed today that he had discussed Egypt's complaint against Britain with President Truman during a 20-minute conference at the White House.

Nokrashy Pasha told newspapermen afterwards that the President was quite "sympathetic and hopeful."

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise, Government of Bombay, in his speech to the Provincial Prohibition Board, defending the Government's Prohibition Policy used several posses which have been used in this column. He referred to those who "are trying to dub it as a mere fad of the puritanic few."

That's my phrase, Mr. Patil.

The words "freedom of the individual" have also been used in this column when writing on the same subject.

Mr. Patil has dismissed those who criticised the Government's policy as "a small section of the public, a very small but vocal section."

These "vocal" sections will cause you quite a lot of worry, Mr. Patil.

You'll remember the Congress itself was once "a vocal section." Britain used to dismiss the Congress as such. Today you inherit that power. It would, therefore, be foolish to ignore, belittle and brush aside "vocal sections", however small.

To the Congress, Mr. Jinnah was once also a vocal section. Today Mr. Jinnah is big enough for the Congress to recognise.

It is not the size of the section that matters. It is the quality, the strength of the people who constitute that section.

Prohibition IS a fad of the Congress. The Government of the day is persisting with it because it is committed to it.

The reason why we of the small vocal section are against prohibition is because

(1) It can never work successfully;

(2) There are more important items requiring the attention of Government in this country,

(3) It is against the custom and practice of the whole world;

(4) It is an unnecessary infringement of an individual's liberty;

(5) It is basically puritanical and as such is no business or concern of a Government;

(6) It is annoying to even "the small vocal section" of the people.

Mr. Patil, don't worry about little vocal sections like these. Go ahead with your policy—but when it fails, do let me remind you that I told you so.

The reason why I am opposed to this puritanical urge of the Government of Bombay (as also in the case of racing) is that this same government allows at the present time forward trading (which is pure speculation) in COTTON, STOCKS & SHARES, and BULLION.

Kak To Meet Mahatma

RAWALPINDI, Aug. 1 (API): Mahatma Gandhi and party left early this morning for Srinagar.

SRINAGAR, Aug. 1 (API): Mahatma Gandhi will be formally received by a representative of the Kashmir Government and Kashmir National Conference workers on the State border at Kohala, about 140 miles from Srinagar.

The Prime Minister has sent a letter to Mahatma Gandhi welcoming him to Kashmir and expressing his desire to call on Mahatma Gandhi in Srinagar. The Prime Minister has placed two State cars and two of his Secretaries at his disposal.

FOREIGN MISSIONARIES CAN STAY IN INDIA, SAYS GANDHIJI

RAWALPINDI, Aug. 1 (API): "Foreign Missionaries will not be asked to quit India. Indian Christians will be free to occupy high official positions in the Indian Dominion", said Mahatma Gandhi here today while replying to a question by the President of the Student Christian League for the Punjab, the N.W.F.P. and Delhi.

How Was India's

FREEDOM WON?

".....the impersonal anonymous tendency of history worked for independence while Gandhi shortened the delay and won the battle with moral force".

look out for H. N. Brailsford's exclusive analysis in next Bombay Chronicle Weekly.

*

Searching for chewing gum they and a civilization. Pictorial feature on som recent discoveries of Mayan wall paintings.

*

"Iqbal Singh's report on Europe: 2"—The ascetic personality of Tooiseach—Eamon De Valera

*

"Are You Intelligent?" Of course you must be because you 'choose your reading', but all the same you can test yourself with 'Tests' children pass, but baffle adults

*

Also recipe for notables, and the Smoker's Itch—a cute little Tobacco ditty for cigaretteers in the

BOMBAY CHRONICLE

Weekly

Sunday August 3

HOW TO KEEP COOL

Tata's Eau-de-Cologne is rapidly becoming an essential toilet item for men. Try using it in these ways and see how much cooler, calmer and more collected you feel all through a busy, hot day.

1 Start with a few drops in your morning bath. It makes the water fragrant.

2 Dab it on your skin after shaving and when dressing. Its icy coolness "sets you up" for the morning. Scent your handkerchief with it, too.

3 At office, keep a bottle on your desk for refreshing your brow when tackling difficult files and figures.

4 Take Tata's Eau-de-Cologne with you when travelling. It helps to fight fatigue and weariness and to keep you clean.

ALWAYS A GOOD COMPANION

Tata's EAU DE COLOGNE

THE TATA OIL MILLS CO. LTD.

Under-Dogs Of The Film Industry

Workers Must Demand Better Conditions From Employers

By "SARDI"

With the economic structure of our country on the verge of a colossal change, one can hear, however, faintly, the future death-knell of the capitalist thrive at the expense of the labour of many honest, hard-working, down-trodden souls.

The much-hated, long-derided but persevering Trade Unionism is atlast coming into its own. As one of our wise leaders said, some time ago, "wealth, culture and education should not be the monopoly of few but should be accessible to all. Socialism is not a struggle for bread but for higher civilisation and culture".

Filmdom presents the same picture as the outside world. During the war years in particular, producers and financiers have been making small fortunes on the one side, while on the other, their employees such as electricians, cameramen, lighting experts and all the varied technical personnel of a studio, have been grossly underpaid in comparison with the overpaid darlings of the industry—film stars and directors. Even in the matters of dearness allowances, film Moghuls were far from generous where the lowly-paid staff were concerned.

LEVEL UP WAGES

I believe there exists today a Trade Union of film workers. As contact between the Press and our screen world has always been deplorably lacking, I am unable to state how this body functions. However, it seems only natural to expect it to take adequate steps to protect the rights of the workers.

One cannot object to deserving artistes and directors being well-paid but over-payment is another matter. Moreover, when this is done side by side with step-motherly treatment towards the humble workers, whose output in labour is no less, or probably a jolly sight more than that of the stars and megaphone wielders, the time seems ripe to insist on levelling up the rank disparity in the matter of wages. It is nothing less than favouritism to pay stars in thousands, and sheer callousness to grudge the technician his few hundred.

It would not hurt actors and actresses if cuts were made in their salaries; on the contrary, it would teach them the salutory lesson of thrift. On the other hand, raising the wages of the under-privileged staff, would help the latter to rid themselves of the fear of want and would naturally ensure producers more co-operation from the people who are actually the backbone of the industry.

OTHER RIGHTS

Anyone with the least sense of fairness will observe the utter discripancy in figures when informed that while a film star may be paid anything between five thousand and a lakh—as was Kanan for "Krishna Leela"—the technician has to content himself with a few hundred. In this poverty-ridden land, talking in terms of hundreds may seem in itself an extravagance, but the anomaly disappears when one sees it in the light of the thousands doled out to filmdom's spoilt pets.

Levelling up wages apart, film employees should also insist on being granted a certain amount of leave, with pay, each year and also sick leave with a similar arrangement. They should, in addition, stipulate a maximum number of hours of work and insist on being paid more if called upon to work over the schedule.

With unity in their files, there is no reason why film workers should not be able to wrest their just demands from their employers. It is upto then to stand solidly together. Good luck to them.

*

"SARDI" REVIEWS OUR SCREEN

CURRENT PHOTOPLAYS

Minerva
CHAMPIONING THE WIDOW

New Theatres' WASIYAT-NAMA comes forward to champion the rights of the much-neglected Hindu widow. Any such unfortunate member of a family is bound to create a stir if she has the courage to lead her own life in the face of orthodoxy. Such a theme has much in its favour, but its greatest drawback is that it has recently been over-worked on the screen.

An uninspiring list of practically unknown players is to be found in the cast which consists of Ashit Baran, Bharati, Sumitra and A. Choudhary.

The film's great recommendation is that it is based on one of the Bengali litterateur Bankim Chandra Chatterji's famous classics.

*

City Light
RETURN OF A FAVOURITE

Shantaram's SHAKUNTALA returns to Bombay where it once had a very long run. It is a garbled version of the Kalidasa classic, for while the playwright had depicted his heroine as resigned to her fate the present producer makes her fight back to conform more to modern ideas of female emancipation.

Jayashree, in the name role rises to great heights during emotional scenes, but, in tighter moods, is much too unrestrained. The change from buoyant girlhood to defiant motherhood is cleverly drawn. Unfortunately, Chandramohan is a complete misfit in the role of Dushyant.

The scenes of nature, though beautiful, are marred by the gaudy colouring. The picture was directed by Shantaram.

*

Imperial
MURDERING TAGORE

In Bombay Talkies' THE WRECK, Dileep Kumar, Ranjana and Mira Misra flounder in dramatic waters beyond their depth. The author's clever character delineation, which was the chief asset of the original, is entirely lost on the trio, and the whole picture turns out to be merely a triangular affair.

Obviously the producers have sought to bask in the reflected glory as the immortal author. However they may be condoned for atleast having the courage to tackle such a work.

Karan Diwan in the forthcoming "Do-Dil".

*

Majestic
MEHBOOB HIT

The music of Naushad and the lyrics of Tanveer Naqvi have contributed to the singular success of Mehboob's ANMOL GHADI. Even the musical score will appeal only to the masses; the discerning music lover may be inclined to cock an eye at it.

Indifferent photography and a trite story mar the picture. Separated in childhood, Lata and Chandra meet in later years when the former is a famous writer called "Renu". Chandra is her devoted admirer who finds himself enmeshed by her friend Basanti who has romantic designs on him, a mutual love of music having first brought them together.

While Suraiya brings some sparkle to the role of Basanti, Surendra and Nurjehan are entirely colourless and aged for their roles.

*

Royal Opera House
NEW PRAKASH PICTURE

Yesterday was held the premiere of Prakash Pictures NARSINH MEHTA. As, at the moment of writing, no advance report has reached this office, I am unable to tell you more than that the picture is a Gujerati devotional directed by Vijay Bhatt.

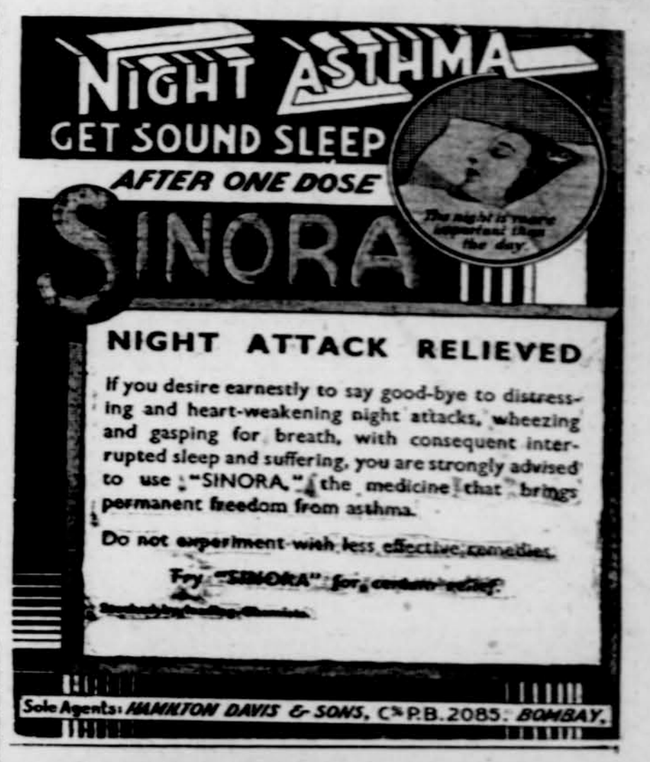
*

NOTE

Publicity agents are requested to keep this office correctly informed of the release of new pictures AT THE TIME of such release and not weeks in advance. Lack of space prevents advance publicity being given, in these columns, to pictures in the making except those that merit such notice in the opinion of the present reviewer.

In the absence of publicists sending advance reports at the time of the release of a picture, they must not complain if such a film is not accorded enough notice.

Mumtaz in the forthcoming "Neel Kamal".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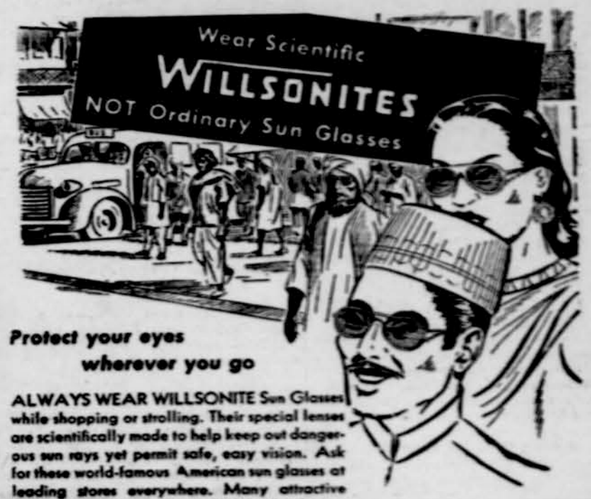
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MALAYAN YOUTH ORGANISATION OUTLAWED

Govt. Arrests Netaji-Bose-Inspired Leader Of 'Independence Through Blood' Movement

(From A Special Correspondent)
SINGAPORE, July 17.
(By Air-Mail).

What must be a shocking news to the forces of Progress and democracy throughout Malaya is the Malayan Union Government's sweeping statement reported this morning declaring the militant 10,000 strong Malay youth organisation known as "API" with branches throughout Malaya an unlawful society because it was "being used or likely to be used for a purpose incompatible with the peace, good order and welfare of the union."

This Government action followed the arrest and conviction in mid-March this year of API's Netaji-Bose-inspired 28-year old ex-journalist leader, Ahmad Boestamam, for his "TESTAMENT POLITIK API" (API's Political Testament) described by the Kuala Lumpur District Court Judge as a 'spirited invocation to Malay youth to join the API and achieve 'Independence through blood' in the shortest possible time." Boestamam was convicted on three charges—under the Sedition Act—uttering seditious words, abetment of publishing, abetment of printing. He paid the fine. A few weeks ago he was re-elected Leader of the Supreme Council of API, Malaya. His reinstatement to office constituted a menace to imperialist "peace, good order or welfare" and so exactly 17 months today after its birth—API was established in Ipoh, Perak, on February 17, 1946—the Union Governor Sir Edward Gent decided to call death to API.

"The most extreme organisation 'on the surface' of political activity in Malaya" is how the "Straits Times", Kuala Lumpur correspondent Harry Miller, significantly describes API. API's declared motto was "Merdeka Dengan Darah" or "Freedom Through Blood." Born out of the Malay Nationalist Party and later strongly opposed to the MNP's "attitude of compromise" in almost every political issue, API declared itself a separate body in November last year devoted to a concentrated effort of "uniting all awakened youths under an organisation, strengthening the nation's fighting front, training in politics—both physical and spiritual—to its youths in order that they may be prepared to lead whenever required, and to obtain the right of representation in the government of Malaya and build up Malaya on democratic lines," and elected Boestamam its first leader.

API believed there were two ways by which success could be achieved in any political venture: fight and struggle. The first required the sacrifice of property, energy and blood for a social revolution. The second—struggle for a social evolution—merely depended upon the mercy and sympathy of the Government. Between these two methods API chose the first: "I have confidence only in the first", said Boestamam. He coined the slogan "Force meets force, gentleness meets gentleness."

Emphasis Laid On Discipline

Boestamam asserted API did not require a large following to achieve its goal, but "discipline" was 'absolutely essential" in its ranks. Physical training through sports and warfare could teach its followers this necessary discipline.

Pointing out that in 1922 the Irish revolution against the British succeeded, although the Sinn Feiners numbered only 5,000 and that in Russia Lenin, with 6,000 upset a Czar with nearly 180,000,000 followers, Boestamam declared: "There is no single instance in the world's history of complete independence being achieved by a nation without bloodshed."

The Singapore Government has not yet taken similar action against the Singapore branch of API which took an acive part in organising a Distress Fund culminating in last night's successful "Malay Arts Night" entertainment at the Happy World in aid of the Malay section of the 600 Singapore workers made homeless by Government bulldozer blitz on the Trafalgar Street Slum on July 4.

Lanka Sundaram Predicts Flare Up Of Colour War

Urges India To Form United Asiatic Bloc And Work For National Consolidation

BOMBAY, Friday.

Dr. Lanka Sundaram, member of the Indian Delegation to the U.N.O., addressing the Progressive Group this evening, warned those who were entrusted with the task of shaping the destinies of a Free India against plunging the country into the vortex of international affairs without national consolidation and development of sanctions.

Such a plunge, he said, might endanger India's own freedom.

He advocated the formation of a strong and united Asiatic and African bloc as a preparation for a possible "colour war" in the near future.

"Our leadership of the unprivileged and the under-privileged world is assured," Dr. Sundaram said, "but even a knight-errant must have the equipment needed for waging successful battle with an imperfect and sordid world. Otherwise we would soon be compelled to choose between two groups of world powers and ideologies and in the process get so completely involved that we might as well endanger our own freedom."

He added: "While national consolidation must continue within India, even to the extent of providing military sanctions behind our words, we must have a foreign policy which does not get us embroiled with the outside world. We must, thus, adhere to a middle path, until we attain the strength which can make us stand on our own legs, unafraid."

INDIA'S PROBLEMS

Observing that India will soon have to face a number of difficult problems, Dr. Sundaram said that she could not afford to hurt herself by taking on simultaneously too many fights, even if such a course would assure her the leadership of Asia and Africa. "We would rather fight denial of privilege in our own midst first, before we fight the cause of Negroes in the United States," he declared.

Making a reference to the "rawness of the international scene", Dr. Lanka Sundaram quoted the instance of the defiance by Field Marshal Smuts of U.N.O.'s mandate on the Indian question and pointed out that moral leadership in the world had limitations and India must transcend these limitations. "I am for the assumption by India of the moral leadership of the suppressed peoples of the world" he explained, "for otherwise our own freedom struggle would become meaningless, but I am for supporting that leadership with the might and sanctions of a strong and united India."

The speaker felt sure that India would be recognised as one of the Big Five or Big Six in the world of tomorrow. But he did not like India occupying the position that China occupied in world politics today.

Dr Sundaram said that he foresaw the flaring up of a "colour war of the most gigantic magnitude," and wanted this country to be prepared for it by forming a strong and united Asatic and African bloc. "A colour war will secure the destruction of Imperialism and Colonialism wherever they exist," he declared. "India's foreign policy must be, if possible within the ambit of the principles of the U.N.O. Charter, and, if not, without its scope in the outer diplomatic and economic world."

INDUSTRIALISING PAKISTAN

Trading Estates Established

(From Our Correspondent.)
KARACHI, July 31.

With a view to making rapid industrialisation of the province, the Sind Government has prepared an ambitious scheme of establishing Trading Estates at important places all over the province and a beginning will soon be made in Karachi. For this purpose large tracts of land on the outskirts of the city, nearly 2,200 acres, have been acquired from the Karachi Municipal Corporation by reducing its boundaries to that extent.

In order to derive full benefits by quicker disposals of work and to inspire confidence among the industrialists, these Estates will be run on commercial lines by putting them under a public company composed of 7 directors—four nominated by the Government and the remaining three elected by the Manufacturers Association formed by the tenants of the Estates.

A full scheme in this connection on the lines of similar ones in Great Britain has been drawn up and issued in the form of a pamphlet. These Estates will be provided with all the necessary modern conveniences such as rail, road, water, electricity and drainage, thus affording facilities for inland and sea traffic for both finished and raw materials. Plots will be earmarked for groups of specific industries, the idea being to locate and concentrate similar industries in each zone.

The scheme will be a non-profit making one run solely in the interest of Industrialists and for the sake of attracting and locating Industry in Sind. The tenant will be expected to stay for at least 2 to 7 years according to the terms fixed looking to his primary needs.

CHAIN OF INDUSTRIES.

Encouraged by such moves of the Sind Government, Karachi of late has been invaded by a number of Muslim business magnates from all over India.

A group of 7 Muslim millionaires from Bombay proposes to establish here glass, chemical, colour, medicines, spirits, etc. The Sind Government it is understood, has promissed full co-operation and help to them in their new venture.

Mr. Jinnah's Three Offices

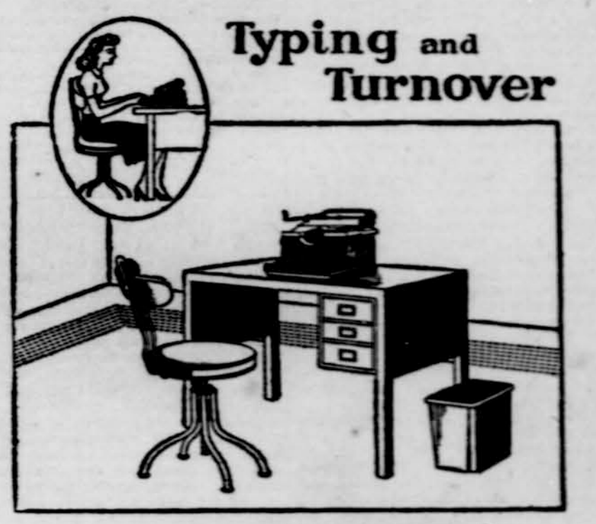
(From Our Correspondent.)
KARACHI, July 31.

According to local League circles in the know of things to come, Mr. M A. Jinnah, the Governor-General of Pakistan will be holding three offices at the same time.

Besides being the Governor-General, he will also be the President of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly and will also continue to be the President of the Muslim League.

MODERN AIDS TO BETTER BUSINESS . . . NO. 2

Typing and Turnover



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U.N.O. MAY ORDER CEASE FIRE

TO ASK BELLIGERENTS TO SUBMIT DISPUTE FOR ARBITRATION

Indian Representative To Refute Number Of Dutch Statements

LAKE SUCCESS, July 31 (Reute decide to call on the Dutch and Indo ted Nations can debate the whole qu

This proposal was contained in a resolution put forward yesterday by the Australian Delegate, Colonel William Hodgson which stated that the Council, having determined that the hostilities in Indonesia constituted a breach of peace under the United Nations Charter, called on the Dutch and Indonesian Governments to stop the fighting and submit to arbitration in accordance with Linggadjati agreement.

The Chairman, Dr. Oscar Lange of Poland, ruled that the Council would discuss the Australian resolution immediately without waiting to decide whether Indonesia should join in the discussion of the case. He urged the Council to try to reach a decision today.

Dr. Van Kleffens of Holland announced that the Netherlands Government was going to invite a number of other Governments to send representatives to the former Netherlands East Indies to "report their findings." He said that the Netherlands were doing their best to build up a new society in the ex-colonies.

While many delegates felt that the Dutch had made a strong case. the r): **The Security Council may to-day nesians to stop fighting until the Uniestion thoroughly and hear both sides.** Indian Ministers, B. R. Sen told Reuter that he was prepared to refute a number of Dutch statements.

Russia like India is likely to oppose the Australian proposal that after the cessation of hostilities both parties should get together and settle the dispute arbitrationally. Russia's Andrei Gromyko served notice on the Security Council last night that the Soviet Government has a lot more to say on the Indonesian problem and nts a full opportunity to debate e matter.

Before the Security Council adjourned, Herschell Johnson (United States) told it that the United States Government had already offered "its good offices" in the dispute, which was understood to be an offer of mediation. Dutch circles were faced with a difficult problem as it was felt by Netherlands diplomats that this would be a tacit admission that their Government and the Indonesians were on an equal footing.

The Dutch have not yet decided whether they will accept a Security Council call to cease fighting. The Hague claims that the Security Council has not the right to interfere in "domestic" disputes.

TEXT OF DEBATE

Colonel William Hodgson (Australia) said "at midnight on July 20 large-scale fighting commenced on the islands of Java and Sumatra between armed forces of the Netherlands and of the Republic of Indonesia. The Australian Government immediately took action in consultation with other members of the United Nations to persuade the belligerents to cease hostilities and seek a solution of their dispute by negotiation and mediation in accordance with the purposes and principles set forth in the Charter—by the peaceful means which the members are bound to use in the first instance under Article 33.

"Unfortunately, all efforts by individual Governments and all offers of mediation have so far been unavailable. Hostilities continue and my Government has felt it imperative to bring the situation without further delay to the attention of the Council.

"It is our hope that the Council will not attempt to reach any decision as to the merits of the case and will confine its deliberations to deciding on the course of action to bring about a cessation of hostilities.

"We feel also that the Council should proceed with its work even though one or more of the Government may not be in a position to participate immediately. I understand that representatives of the Netherlands and India represent in the Council Chamber and may be authorised to participate if invited. I am not sure if the same is true of the Republic of Indonesia but I am certain that neither the members of the Council nor the other countries concerned—least of all the Indonesian Republic—would wish to see any delay or procrastination.

"I urge the Council to adopt the agenda without debate as the first step towards that prompt and effective action on behalf of the United Nations which is the duty of the Council, indeed the very reason for its creation."

INDONESIAN REPRESENTATIVE

M. Fernand Van Langenhove (Belgium) said that while the Council might admit the Indonesian question to the agenda this did not commit the Council to deciding whether it was competent to discuss the question. Nor did it commit the Council to expressing any view on the substance of the matter.

The Chairman, Dr. Oscar Lange (Poland) agreed. The Chairman then invited the representatives of the Netherlands and India to sit at the table. From the front row of the crowded public seats Dr. Van Kleffens and Mr. Sen stood up in full glare of the arc lights and took up the epty places at each end of the horseshoe shaped council table.

M. Andrei Gromyko (Russia) immediately declared: "We have invited India and the Netherlands but not any representative of the Indonesian Republic."

"The Council must take a decision to invite such a representative after which it can continue its deliberations even before the arrival of this representative. There is no reason to postpone discussion until th Indonesian representative arrives, because we must remember that there is a war on in Indonesia."

Dr. Van Kleffens opposed the admission of an Indonesian representative, because, he said, this would prejudge the issue. "Indonesia is a vast archipelago, including the Celebes, Sumatra, Java and others," he said. "All these are to be formed into a federation and according to the Linggadjati agreement all these still eventually receive the name of the United States of Indonesia. There Indonesia, more than eastern Indonesia or Borneo or any other State, has sovereign rights. It has only a defacto government. But of what? of a sovereign state?

NOT RECOGNISED AS SOVEREIGN STATE

"There is no justification for asking a political entity of that kind to be admitted to the Council table.

"I would remind the Council that the Republic of Indonesia was founded as a political weapon in Saigon. The present President Soekarno was summoned to Japanese Headquarters and ordered to establish a political entity. It has never been recognised as a sovereign State by any one and only the Government has received defacto recognition as an entity to be affiliated with other States in the Federation."

At this stage Colonel Hodgson again intervened. "Events of the last few days have been most disturbing to the Australian Government," he said. "We are bound by the closest economic ties to Indonesia. We feel that the interests of Australia are specially affected by the dispute between Indonesia and the Netherlands."

"We feel further that we have a responsibility to bring the situation to the Council, as it already has far reaching repercussions and affects the stability of the whole of South East Asia, in which we are directly concerned.

"The Council should note that the ilities proceeding are not merely 'a police action', but in fact warfare, that is an armed conflict between two states in international law. It can be clearly established that the Indonesian republic does constitute a state.

"In the first place the original Cheribon Agreement of November 15, was negotiated and initialled by the representatives of the two governments of the Netherlands and the Republic of Indonesia. Secondly the Government of the Republic of Indonesia has been recognised by the Netherlands Government as exercising de facto authority over Java, Madura and Sumatra by the Linggadjati agreement.

"Thirdly the Republic of Indonesia has been given de facto recognition by a number of other governments, including the United Kingdom, the United States, India, members of the Arab League, and Australia. Fourthly we understand also that Egypt, Syria, and Iraq have given diplomatic recognition and that Egypt and Syria and Iraq have given diplomatic recognition and that Egypt and Syria have concluded treaties of friendship with the new state. Indeed, the Arab League as far back as November 18, of last year proposed that the Arab states should consider recognising the Republic. Fifthly in the Linggadjati agreement under Article 17 there is provision for the President of the International Court of Justice to nominate a chairman of the arbitration body. This is significant, as only states may be parties in cases before that court.

"The de facto recognition referred to has not been withdrawn and it follows that the Republic of Indonesia is a state in international law.

APPROPRIATE MEASURES.

"Having established this and having noted that a breach of peace has occurred, then clearly the Security Council not only has the right but also the duty to take appropriate measures.

"What are the appropriate measures?" There was no need for an investigation to establisn the facts and it was essential for the Security Council to call a halt to the hostilities before determining further action.

Colonel Hodgson also pointed out that in the Linggadjati agreement the Netherlands and Indonesia arranged to settle by arbitration any dispute which might arise from that agreement.

"So far as we know", Colonel Hodgson continued, "no dispute arising from the agreement was in fact submitted for arbitration. Certainly no chairman of another nationality was appointed, nor was the President of the International Court of Justice asked to take any action.

"Appropriate measures of a provisional nature which, in the opinion of my Government, this Council should take are first a cessation of hostilities and secondly arbitration under article 17 of the Linggadjati Agreement, to which end the Australian delegation submits the following resolution for the consideration of the Council:

"The Security Council, noting with concern the hostilities in progress between the armed forces of the Netherlands and of the Republic of Indonesia and having determined that such hostilities constitute a breach of the peace under Article 31 of the Charter of the United Nations, calls upon the Governments of the Netherlands and the Republic of Indonesia under Article 40 of the Charter of the United Nations to comply with the following measures, such measures to be without prejudice to the rights, claims or position of either party:

'First, to cease hostilities forthwith and secondly to settle their disputes by arbitration in accordance with Article 17 of the Linggadjati agreement signed at Batavia on March 25, 1947'".

"This is one of the most urgent problems which has come before the Security Council", Colonel Hodgson continued. "We are not in any way prejudicing the issue. We are not condemning anybody. We only ask for cessation of hostilities so that independent arbitration can decide on merits and so that further destruction of life and property can be avoided. We feel this decision should be taken unanimously as no Government will want to be responsible for continuation of hostilities and the suffering and loss involved".

TEST CASE.

"We feel this a test case—a case by which the reputation and status of the Security Council may well stand or fall for its ability to take speedy, effective action in the interests of world peace. This is a challenge to the Security Council and we hope we will meet it".

Syria's Faris Al Khoury said that the Arab League members had recognised the independence of Indonesia because they considered the recent agreement concluded with Indonesia by the Netherlands had established Indonesian independence. The United Nations should therefore consider Indonesia as an independent sovereign state and invite a representative to the Council.

"REFUSE TO RECOGNISE DUTCH AMBASSADOR"

I. W. A.'s Cable To Indian Govt.

LONDON, July 31. (Reuter): The Indian Workers' Association of London today cabled to the Indian Government to refuse to recognise the Dutch Ambassador Designate to Delhi, Arnold Lamping, as a protest against the Dutch action in Indonesia.

A statement issued by the Associa tion said: "As India has taken up the leadership of the Asian people, it is her duty to protect the interests of the Indonesians who are the victims of Dutch imperialism".

Quota Of Steam Coal Etc., For August

Consumers of steam coal, hard coke, etc., are informed that during the month of August 1947 they are entitled to get on permits already issued to them the following percentages of quotas:—

1. Steam coal 100 per cent.
2. Foundry Hard Coke 100 per cent.
3. Deshi Bhatta 100 per cent.
4. Coke Breeze, Soft Coke, Kulti Hard Coke and Smithy Coal 100 per cent.

Government has also decided to allot a suitable quota to those new engineering and catering concerns, who have applied for Foundry Hard Coke or Deshi Bhatta Hard Coke by July 31, 1947. Others who have not yet applied may apply to the Provincial Coal Controller, Secretariat, Bombay, so that their requirements may receive attention.

PAYMENT OF INTEREST ON G. P. NOTES DUE IN SEPTEMBER

The Reserve Bank of India has issued the following Press Note:—

The Government P missory Notes o: the following loans interest on which falls due for payment during September 1947 will be accepted by the Public Debt Office, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, for payment of interest from the 15th August 1947.

Central Government Loans—3 per cent Loan 1951-54 4 per cent Loan 1960-70, 4-1/2 per cent Loan 1955-60. 2-3/4 per cent Loan 1976 and 3 per cent Conversion Loan 1946.

Provincial Government Loans—3 per cent Loan 1955 and 3 per cent Loan 1956.

Holders of the above loans are advised to lodge their holdings well in advance of the due dates to facilitate delivery of their securities and interest warrants on the due date.

In this connection it may be noted that in view of the heavy work involved, the period for delivering securities tendered for payment of interest on the above loans may be extended to four clear working days.

MARKETS OBSERVE TILAK DAY

BOMBAY, August 1.

To-day being "Tilak Day" no business was done in. Cotton, Bullion snare and Produce markets.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, July 31

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing at 4-30 o.m.
September	436	434-3/4	435-7/8

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1714 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, July 31.

A rallying tendency prevailed in the face of continued easiness in London, as modest short covering and reinvestment demand encountered limited offerings. A few laggards persisted but most leaders were fractionally higher to two points with steels, motors, chemicals and oils in the forefront. Some traders believe that more than half the ground lost may be regained before any undue pressure is exerted. The averages were industrials 181.91. Rails 49.49. The earlier improvement was generally fully maintained in restricted dealings during the afternoon. Brokerage house indications are that investors are keeping one eye on the critical situation in England and the almost equally severe strain in France and are paying more attention to the continuing flow of good earnings and dividend news in important industries. Aviations Watterly were little more prominent aided by the Grumman aircraft dividend of 1 dollar 50 cents which is the first this year and compares with 2 dollars for the whole of 1946. It is believed that any further strength of the market is likely to fall short of the 1947 high levels and another test of easier tendency will occur before the general buying point is reached. The final half hour produced new high levels for the day accompanied by only occasional expansion of activity. Gains to three points were fairly well spread with Allied chemical, Bethlehem steel and Norfolk western up round four points. The Market closed firm

American Telephone & Telegrapn	156-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	21-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	36-3/8
Chase National Bank	34-7/8
Sinclair Oil	16-1/2
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	52-1/2 (bid)
General Electric Co.	38 1/8
General Motors	60-5/8
Ingersol Rand	119-1/8 (Ex. Div.)
International Nickel	30-5/8
National City Bank of New York	40
New York Central Rail Road Co.	15-5/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-3/4
Texas Corporation	66-1/4
Union Carbon & Carbide	105 1/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	49-5/8
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	74-1/4
Western Union Telegraph	21-1/4

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR

CALCUTTA, Aug. 1 (API.) The Calcutta Stock Exchange today ruled quiet but steady. The volume of business was rather limited. The following are today's final transactions up to 2-00 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 p.c. Loan 1986 100/4 3 p.c. Loan 53/55 102/8 Sl 3 p.c. Victory Bonds 1967 102/8 Sl.

BANKS: Bharat Bank 7/12 Sl Calcutta National 18/4 Hind Bank 48 Sl Hindusthan Commercial 50/6.

COTTONS: Dunbar 282 Kesoram 21/8 New Victoria 5/7 Ditto Pref 6/14.

COALS: Baraboni 2/5 Bhalgora 15/5 Burrakur 26/4 Central India 12 Satpukuria and Asansol 3/10.

JUTES: Alliance 348 Anglo-India 402 Auckland 348 Barnagore 268/8 Chamdany 249 Ganges 497 Chitavalsah 31/6 Howrah 82/8 India 230 Kamarhaty 695 Kankinarrah 555 Kinnison 410 Presidency 8/8.

ENGINEERINGS: Indian Iron and Steel 35/11 Jesop and Co. 24/2 Marshalls 6/13 Saran Eng 10/12 Steel Corpn 28/9 Textile Machinery 10/12.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corpn 4/6 Indian Copper 3/7 Karanpura Development 39/12 Tavoy Tin 1/13 Dalmia Cement 12/4 Some Valley 11/2 Calcutta Electric 28/15 Ruby General Insurance 13/6 Alluminium Corpn 5/8 B I C 9/10 Calcutta Tramways 28/4 F and C Osler 14/3 Hindusthan Gas 5/13 Indian National Airway 12/2 Jardine Henderson 197 Martin Burn 20/12 B B Petrol 3/10 Tide Water Oil 31/10 Titaghur Paper 43 Midnapore Zamindary 125 Assam Saws 8 India General Navgn 182 India Steamship 15/4.

SUGARS: Balrampore 11/8 Carew and Co. 19.

TEAS: Bihnauth 46/4 Chandypore 255 East India 24/4 Jaybirpara 46.

New York Cotton Develops Firming Tendency In Afternoon

FUTURES 37 TO 21 POINTS HIGHER

NEW YORK, July 31.

Cotton opened steady unchanged to 14 points higher and a moderate extension resulted from light but persistent trade buying and scattered mill buying against textile sales. Part of the buying of October was associated with pending Commodity Credit Corporation purchases for Japan. After gains covering 20 points had been registered, prices drifted owing to a lack of follow up buying but gains averaged about five points at noon. Firming tendencies developed during the afternoon with the buying influenced by reports of fairly heavy French inquiries and inflationary factors. The firmness of grain and security markets provided helpful influences but profit-taking finally checked the upswing though the market closed steady 37 to 21 points higher. Sales were estimated at 140,000 bales. McFadden correspondents estimate the average condition of the crop at 77 per cent.

"BOOMING BLACK MARKET IN GOLD CRACKING DOWN ON MONEY REGULATORS"

NEW YORK, July 31 (UPA): The "Wall Street Journal" today said in an editorial that instead of global money regulators "cracking down" on the black market in gold, actually the "booming black market in gold is cracking down on the global money regulators." The article said that "when it is reported that a quantity of gold has been sold in Bombay or Cairo or New York at more than dol. 35 per ounce, which our Government has decreed to be the dollar valuation of the metal, the appropriate question to ask is 'payable in what?'. We suspect that payment is usually made in a currency other than American dollars. Whenever that is the case, the quoted price at which some gold changes hands is the measure of depreciation below its officially declared gold value of the currency in which payment is made. That is not the same thing as the dollar price for gold so marketed. The seller obtains for an ounce of the metal more units of foreign currency than he would get by offering it in a governmentally controlled open market."

Continuing the article said: "But when he has made the sale, his arithmetically fat profit still consists of a currency which he can convert into gold or American dollars only in another off-the-colour market."

HEARINGS ON AUGUST 11 ON PLAN TO HALT BLACK MARKET GOLD TRANSACTIONS

WASHINGTON, July 31. (UPA): In a new drive on the international black market in gold transactions, the U. S. Treasury has scheduled hearings about August 11th on a plan to halt all exports of refined gold bars, it was learned from a reliable source today.

Under the Gold Reserve Act of 1934, the Secretary of the Treasury has authority to impose such restrictions on gold exports, but Treasury officials have decided to give interested parties a chance to present their views.

The proposed regulation would limit shipments from the country to semi-processed gold to be used for industrial, professional or artistic purposes.

NEW BUYING DETERRED ON WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, July 31 (UPA): Resale offerings on print clothes at concessions and the erratic action of raw cotton prices acted to deter new buying interest during today's session of the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market.

Observers believed that the future price trend would hinge largely on the Government cotton crop estimate on August 8th.

GRAINS ACTIVE AND STRONG

CHICAGO, July 31. (UPA): Active trading and strong prices featured today's session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange. Today's rise in price was attributed to an increase of 4-1/2 cents in the Government's wheat buying price.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

CHICAGO, July 31.

Grains, yesterday's upswing was extended sharply on continued commercial demand against additional heavy sales of cash wheat to the C. C. C. and flour to the production and marketing administration as well as flour sales to the United Kingdom and Norway. Hot dry weather in most of the maize belt and lessening of producer selling of wheat in the past few days were additional factors. The C. C. C. Kansas city office purchased 2,792,000 bushels of wheat between noon Tuesday and noon Wednesday while the Chicago office bought 795,000. Advices from Kansas city reported that the agency is paying 2.24 dollars per bushel for wheat today compared with 2.19 3-4 yesterday.

NEW YORK SEED PRICES

NEW YORK, July 31, (UPA): With the exception of black pepper which was quoted at 34-1/2 to 35 cents per pound (asked) the prices of other seeds remained unchanged on the New York market today.

Black pepper along with other spices showed continued firmness reflecting uncertainty of future supplies from the Far East and seasonal increase in demand before the canning season.

Black pepper futures closed unchanged with no sales reported. Closing prices: September, 31 bid; October/December, 30 nom; January, 28 nom. March/May/July 27 nom.

LONDON SILVER UNCHANGED

LONDON, July 31. (UPA): The price of silver remained unchanged today on the London Market at 37 pence per ounce for both spot and forward.

Brokers said that the business transacted was of the smallest volume in a steady market.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, July 31, (UPA): On the New York Market the price of silver remained unchanged today at 61-3/4 cents per ounce.

Brokers reported the volume of business transacted was small probably under 200,000 ounces.

MEXICAN MONEY MARKET SHOWS ANIMATION

MEXICO CITY, July 31. (UPA): Business on the Mexican money market showed some animation on Wednesday. All types of gold were quoted at 4.11 and silver was quoted at 1.01.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, July 31. (UPA): White pepper was quoted at 2/3 and black pepper was quoted at 1/5-3/4 on the London pepper market today. There were no buyers.

COLOMBO RUBBER AUCTION

COLOMBO, July 31, (Reuter): There was a slightly better tone at today's solecrepe rubber auctions at which 94,935 pounds were offered. There was good demand for quarter-inch which realised the top price of 216 cents per pound.

Three-sixteenths averaged QIP while one-eighths not much in demand realised 160.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 31

October	33.26+26
October Highest	34.26+36
October Lowest	33.10—
December	33.42+32
January	32.96+29
March	33.02+34
May	32.55+37
July	31.77+34
Middling Spot	36.48+11

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October	33.23+27
December	33.40+30
March	33.03+33
May	32.54+23
Middling Spot	35.35+10

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO July 31.

September 2.31-3/4 to 2.31-1/4.
December 2.29-1/2 to 2.29-1/4.
March 2.28-1/2 to 2.28-1/2.
May 2.25-3/4 to 2.25-1/2

LONDON BULLION.

London, July 31.

Silver Spot 37 d. Silver Forward 37 d. Gold £8/12/3.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, July 31.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. S. 10s July-Aug.

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1906

Capital Subscribed .... Rs 5,00,00,000
Capital Paid up .... Rs 1,50,00,000
Reserve Fund .... Rs 2,00,00,000

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BRANCHES:

AHMEDABAD: Bhadra (Main Office), Ellis Bridge, Madek Chowk Station Branch.
AMRITSAR.
ANDHERI: Near Bombay
BANDRA Near Bombay
BOMBAY: Bullion Exchange, Jogeshwari, Kalbadevi, Malabar Hill.
BHUJ (Kutch)
CALICUT
COIMBATORE
CALCUTTA: Clive Street (Main Office), Bara Bazar, Chowringhee Square.
HYDERABAD (Sind)
JAMSHEDPUR.
JUNAGADH.
KARACHI
MADRAS
NAGPUR: Kingsway, Ilwari Bazar.
PALANPUR
POONA
POONA CITY.
RAJKOT
SURAT.
SHOLAPUR
VERAVAL.

LONDON BRANCH—17 MOORGATE LONDON E. C. 2

NEW YORK AGENTS. THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Except at certain places, interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs 1,00,000 at ½ per cent per annum interest on balances in excess of Rs 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement.

FIXED, SHORT AND SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS received on favourable terms. Rates on application.

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A. C. CLARKE, General Manager

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NATH BANK LIMITED

Head Office: 135 Canning Street, Central Office: 27/3C Strand Road CALCUTTA

OFFICES:

ASSAM CIRCLE: Dhubri, Fancy Bazar (Gauhati), Gauhati Nowgong, Shillong, Tezpur. BENGAL CIRCLE: Chandpur, (Puranbazar), Chaumuhani, Chittagong, Dacca, Kushtia, Mymensingh Narayanganj, Noakhali BEHAR CIRCLE: Bhagalpur, Chaibasa, Gaya, Jamshedpur, Jharia, Muzaffarpur, Patna, Patna City, Sakchi BOMBAY CIRCLE: Bombay Zaveri Bazar CALCUTTA CIRCLE: Ballygunge, Barabazar, Bhowanipur, Bowbazar, Calcutta Cossipore, Harrison Road, Hatkhola, Howrah, Lake Market, Shambazar, Salkia, Sibpur, C. P. CIRCLE: Nagpur. MADRAS CIRCLE: Coimbatore, Madras, Madura. ORISSA CIRCLE: Sambalpur PUNJAB CIRCLE: Lahore. U.P. CIRCLE: Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Meston Road (Cawnpore), New Delhi.

K. N. DALAL, Managing Director

Feeling run-down? YOU NEED WINCARNIS

WHEN listlessness and lack of energy makes every task a burden it is time to take yourself in hand. You need Wincarnis. Wincarnis banishes that deadening feeling of inability to face the daily round. Gives new vigour, new power, new life! A glass twice a day of Wincarnis, the world-famous tonic, will quickly restore lost vitality.

Keep yourself fit with WINCARNIS

The quickest way to Health...

TONIC & RESTORATIVE

MUTT AND JEFF—Too Late Now, Brother, Altogether Too Late. By BUD FISHER

SO YOU'RE WORKING HERE NOW IN THE LOST AND FOUND OFFICE!
YEH, WE FIND ALL KINDS OF THINGS ON THE TRAINS!
LOST AND FOUND
I LEFT A BOTTLE OF OLD 1875 ON THE TRAIN THIS MORNING! HAS ANYBODY TURNED IT IN?
OLD 1875? NOPE!
LOST AND FOUND
ARE YOU SURE YOU HAVEN'T GOT IT?
YEP! YOUR BOTTLE ISN'T HERE -
-BUT I THINK WE'VE GOT THE GUY WHO FOUND IT!
LOST AND FOUND

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

A well-bred, handsome boy of 21 (Brahmin), wishes matrimonial alliance with a very rich family of any decent community. Particulars to Box 6637, "Bombay Chronicle."

Virgin, Indian, Inter Arts, 26, Beautiful, invites correspondence from caste Hindus. View Matrimony. Dr. Bhavalkar, Bombay. (6653)

Wanted a cultured and educated Gujarati Bania girl for a well-established young M.B.B.S. Doctor. Apply Box No. 6670, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Typists, who can do independent correspondence. Apply, Uplift of India Provident Society Ltd., Advani Chambers, Pherozshah Mehta Road, Bombay. 6668

Wanted Teacher for Matric Sanskrit New Edu. High School, Chowpatty, Bombay. (6673)

Applications are invited for the post of a Professor or Lecturer in English. Apply stating Age, qualifications and experience, to the Principal, Petlad College, Petlad. 4701

Wanted:—Immediately an accurate Steno-typist. Salary according to experience. See Manager, Argus Ins. Co., Ltd., 201, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (6672)

Wanted Graduates, experienced Matriculates, Kandivli trained and Drawing teachers. Decent start plus Rs. 25/- D.A. and interim relief. Apply to:—Shanubhai M. Patel, Hon. Secretary, M. V. Sarvajanik English School, Sursa (via Anand). 4637

Foreman—Electrical—in the grade Rs. 550-25-675. Applicant must be fully qualified and experienced Foreman Electrician with wide experience of installation, maintenance and overhaul of all modern electrical plant, Town supply and domestic wiring. Applicants must be prepared to travel for interview at these works at their own expense. Full particulars of academic qualifications, experience and past emoluments must be submitted to the Chief Personnel Officer, Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co., Ltd., Telco Works P.O. Tatanagar, B.N. Rly. 4673

Wanted immediately boys, girls, for learning Shorthand, Commercial English, Correspondence, etc., in short time under efficient experienced Christian (R.C.) Shorthand Instructor. Apply G.P.O., Box 1502, Bombay. (6665)

SITUATIONS WANTED

Expert advice regarding Fruits, Flowers, Vegetables given cheap rates. Garden supervision undertaken. Write Box No. 6675 "Bombay Chronicle."

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted Office Accommodation in Fort area, preferably with use of Telephone. Accommodation sufficient for 2 tables will do. Apply P.O. Box No. 447 G.P.O., Bombay 1. 6628

(HOTELS IN HILL STATION)

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms available with Baths. Terms Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. (6401)

Hotel Green Belgaum — Double Rooms with Modern Baths (Booked in advance). Single Retiring Rooms with Independent Baths, at Rs. 2/- per Day. (Advance booking not accepted) Food: a-la-carte from Menu charged extra. Cuisine: European and Indian. Hotel: Fully Licensed. 6625

SOCIAL

Pen, personal friends introduced for social contact, arts, hobbies. Business. India, abroad. Prospectus free. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. (5731)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions-Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Bank Officers, Company Secretaries, Accountants and General Commerce Etc. Tuition personal or through Post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay (6667)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. 107

Free! Free! Free! Free! Prospectus "Engineering Opportunities" shows how You can take advantage of the present demand for qualified Engineers and gives details of Government recognised Examinations, A.M.I.C.E., A.M.I.E.E., A.M.I., Mech. E., Textile Courses, Public Service Examinations, Senior Cambridge, etc. All courses conducted from Bombay under qualified British supervision. Write for a prospectus Now—Free. B.I.E.T., Department 3|0, British Institute House, Bombay. (4691A)

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIPS

Good opportunity for a Partner (Sleeping or Active) in a growing business. Must invest Rs. 10,000|- Reply Box No. 6671, "Bombay Chronicle."

Working Partnership in Managing Agency of a new Public Limited Cinema concern with big capital, wide objects and respectable directorate available. Only experienced influential persons need apply to Box No. 6648, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

ADEN PORT TRUST
APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANT ENGINEER

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the appointment of an Assistant Engineer in the Port Engineer's Dept. of the Aden Port Trust.

Applicants should be not less than 28 years of age, should hold a recognised Engineering Degree or equivalent qualifications and have had good experience in the work pertaining to the Engineering branch of a local authority. Preference will be given to candidates with experience of harbour work and hydrographical surveying.

The salary attached to the post is Rs. 300-20-500 per month plus suitable travelling allowance, cost of living allowance, free unfurnished quarters, water allowance, free medical attention but not hospital expenses and second class passage for the selected candidates and his wife if married.

The contract will be for 3 years subject to a probationary period of 6 months with 3 months leave on full pay at termination of contract. If services are satisfactory the successful candidate may then be appointed to the Permanent Establishment and be entitled to the benefits accruing thereto.

Applicants should apply in their own handwriting stating their age, race, religion, height, previous experience and when available. Applications should be accompanied with copies of recent testimonials and a recent photograph and addressed to Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros., Agents: Aden Port Trust, 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay No. 1. (4684)

THE B. E. S. & T. CO. LTD.
PAYMENT OF DIVIDEND ON PREFERENCE SHARES

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of Preference Shareholders of the Company that the Directors have decided to pay the dividend on Preference Shares for the half-year ending 15th August, 1947 together with the dividend that will accrue due after that date, along with the Preference Share Capital.

These amounts will be paid off on confirmation of Reduction of the Capital by the High Court.

By Order of the Board,
H. C. ITALIA,
Secretary.
4501

ASTROLOGY

Know your Future regarding finance, health, marriage, longevity, children, speculation, business, travel, etc.! Answers to only five questions Rs. 3. Life-Reading Rs. 25. Correct birth time, place and date of birth or Oriental or Occidental Horoscope required. Works prepared according to Oriental System, and sent by V.P.P. Write Box No. 6589, "Bombay Chronicle."

PROPERTY FOR SALE

Offers are invited for sale of very valuable property at Frere Road on Tram lines near Marshall Sons Building. Apply Smetham Byrne & Lambert. 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 6619

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to secure Silk and Woollen Cloth order Terms Liberal and Free. Apply Western Textiles. Ludhiana. 6396

Wanted Agents and Stockists for our Horn and Pearl Buttons. J. Smith & Co., Dacca (Bengal). 6526

Wanted Respectable Agents throughout India to secure orders for Nipani Tobacco. Apply:—K. B. Ghatage Tobacco Commission Agency, Prop. V. K. Ghatage, B.Sc. Nipani (Belgaum). (1412)

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted—One Rotary Converter to convert from 220/230 volts Direct Current to 230 volts single phase, 50 cycles Alternating Current, output 7.5 KVA. Apply immediately quoting price, condition of machine, and where it can be inspected, to the Agent & General Manager, Barsi Light Railway, Kurduwadi, District Sholapur. (4690)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

100 Hattersly Hindustan Right Hand drive Webbing Looms 10" Reed space, fast reed with underpick picking, suitable for weaving any type of webbing. Each loom complete with a 16 Jack Dobby. Year of manufacture 1941. Apply to Box No. 4692, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR TRUCKS FOR SALE

For Sale two 1942 model registered Humber Station wagons in perfect working order and one 1941 model Sunbeam Talbot, Phone Mr. Desai 26331. (6650)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available at Ceylon House, Bruce Street, Superior Quality Ceylon Cinnamon (Cassia) Rs. 2/8 and Rs. 2/12 per lb. (4663)

Superior Mango, lichi and other fruit grafts ready Plantation recommended. Season suitable catalogue free Green Nursery. Muzaffarpore (B). 6471

Aluminium Sheets 20 Gauge for Sale near Bombay offers invited Traders Combination. Ishwar Nagar. Delhi. (6617)

Selling EKCO Radio AC|DC, Gramophone, Harmonium. Apply Calcuttawala, G12, Nowrozbag, Lalbaug. 6645

Best American "Lucky Strike" Cigarettes. 20 in a packet available. Write for wholesale inquiries to: Akbarali Ebrahimji, 38C, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay. Phone No. 26750. (6649)

PUBLIC NOTICES

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB
Apollo Bunder Bombay 1.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following articles:—

SCHEDULE "A"
(Furniture)

Item No.	Quantity Available	Description
1	16	Bath Gratings
2	20	Bedside Foot Rugs
3	1	Book Case
4	48	Cane Chairs
5	20	Dressing Table side Rugs
6	35	Easy Chairs with Cane Seats
7	2	Filing Cupboards
8	6	Glass Top writing desks with 6 drawers
9	6	Ladies Dressing Tables with Mirrors
10	19	Teak full-hanging Wardrobes
11	14	Teak Shelf Wardrobes
12	1	Teak hanging Wardrobe (old type)
13	16	Teak & Cane soiled linen boxes
14	14	Teak Gents Dressing Tables
15	10	Towel Racks
16	12	Teak Clothes stands
17	20	Teak beds complete with Box Spring mattresses and net poles
18	16	Teak Bedside Tables without Glass
19	10	Teak Bedside Tables with Glass
20	12	Teak Bathroom stools
21	3	Upholstered Sofas
22	30	Upholstered Teak Armchairs ....
23	8	Writing Tables with 2 drawers and glass top
24	11	Wine Cabinets

SCHEDULE "B"
(Sanitary Equipments)

25	6	Shanks Syphonic W.C. Set with low down cistern shell and cover
26	8	Shanks Baths
27	1	Shanks Pedestal lavatory

SCHEDULE "C"
(Billiard Tables)

28	2	Billiard Tables with dust covers, rests, and Lamp shades

Tenders should be addressed to the Secretary, Royal Bombay Yacht Club, so as to reach him not later than Monday 11th August, 1947. Tenders received thereafter will not be considered.

One article of each kind mentioned in Schedules "A" and "B" will be on view at the Club Chambers between 10-00 a.m. and 12 Noon and between 3-00 p.m. and 5-00 p.m. upto 11th August 1947. The Billiard Tables (Nos. 1 and 4) will, however, be on view in the Billiard Room, Club House, during thesame hours.

Tenders may be submitted for individual items.

Delivery should be taken within seven days of the date of notification of acceptance of offer.

Payment: Cash on Delivery.

The Club reserves the right to accept any offer or reject any or all offers without stating any reasons for so doing.

J. A. THOMSON,
Secretary.
(4681)

THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Zandu Pharmaceutical Works, Ltd. will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Gokhale Road (South), Dadar, Bombay 14, on the 30th day of August, 1947 at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.) or immediately after the termination of the General Meeting when the following resolutions will be submitted to the meeting to be passed as Special Resolutions:—

1. That the capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 15,00,000/- to Rs. 30,00,000/- by the creation of 15,000 new shares of Rs. 100/- each.

(a) Out of new shares 5000 shares of the face value of Rs. 5,00,000/- will be called "Preference Shares" to which shall be attached the special rights and privileges following, i.e. to say:—
(1) The right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 6 per cent per annum on the capital for the time being paid up thereon, to be calculated from the 1st day of December, 1947.
(2) The right in a winding up to have the capital paid up thereon and all arrears of dividend upto the date of the commencement of the winding up, whether declared or not, paid off in priority to any payment off of capital on the Ordinary shares but with no further or other right to participate in the profits or assets of the company.

(b) The remaining 10,000 shares of the face value of Rs. 10,00,000/- will have such rights and privileges as may be determined from time to time by the company.

2. That the Memorandum of the Company be altered in the manner following: that is to say:

(a) The following clause shall be substituted for Clause V:
V. The capital of the Company is Rs. 30,00,000/- (thirty lacs) divided into 15,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each, 5000 6% Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each and 10000 other shares of Rs. 100/- each with the rights, privileges and conditions attached thereto as are provided by the Article of Association of the Company for the time being, subject to be increased in accordance with the regulations of the Company and the legislative provisions for the time being in force in this behalf.

(b) The following clauses shall be added as clauses VI and VII viz.
VI. The rights hereby attached to the preference shares may be modified and dealt with in accordance with Article 18A of the accompanying Articles of Association but not otherwise, and that article shall be deemed to be incorporated herein and have effect accordingly.
VII. Upon any increase of capital any new shares may be issued with any preferential, qualified, deferred or special rights, privileges, and conditions attached thereto but so that none of the rights hereby attached to the preference shares in the original capital shall be altered or interfered with otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of the last preceding clause hereof.

3. That, Articles of Association of the Company be altered in the manner following, viz.:

(a) The following article shall be substituted for Article 7:—
"Art. 7. The Capital of the Company shall consist of Rs. 30,00,000/- (thirty lacs) divided into 15,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each, 5,000 6% Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100/- each and 10,000 other shares of Rs. 100/- each subject to be increased in accordance with the regulations of the Company and the legislative provisions for the time being in force in this behalf."

(b) The following article shall be inserted after Article 7 as Article 7A, viz:
"7A. The Preference shares shall confer upon the holders thereof the right to a fixed-cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 6% per annum on the capital for the time being paid up thereon and in winding up to have the capital paid up thereon and all arrears of dividend upto the commencement of the winding up, whether declared or not, paid off in priority to the ordinary shares but shall not confer any further right to participate in the profits of the assets."

(c) The following article shall be inserted as Article 18A, viz:—
"18A. Whenever the capital by reason of the issue of preference shares or otherwise is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may be modified or dealt with by agreement between the company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of that class Provided such agreement is confirmed by a Special Resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of Shares of that class; and all the provisions hereinafter contained at the general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply to every such meeting but so that the quorum thereof shall be members holding or representing by proxy two-thirds of the nominal amount of the issued shares of the class. This clause is not to derogate from any power the company would have if it were omitted."

The following article should be substituted for article 85:—
"Art. 85. Every member not disqualified and who has been duly registered for three months previous to the General Meeting shall be entitled to be present in person (or being a company present by a representative duly authorised) and to speak and vote at such meeting and upon a show of hands every member entitled to vote and be present as aforesaid shall have one vote. Upon a poll every member entitled as aforesaid to vote and be present in person (including a company present by a duly authorised representative) or by an agent duly authorised under a Power of Attorney or by proxy shall have one vote for every Ordinary Share held by him, and one vote for every ten preference shares held by him.

By order of the Board
of Directors,
JUGATRAM & CO.,
S. T. & Agents.
Bombay, 14th July, 1947.
(4679)

PUBLIC NOTICES

Bombay, 9th May, 1946.

To
THE SHERIFF OF BOMBAY,
BOMBAY.

Sir,

WE, the undersigned Citizens of Bombay, request you to call at an early date a Public Meeting of the Citizens of Bombay, to give expression to their feelings of sorrow at the death of Sjt. Bhulabhai J Desai, who was a great patriot, a political leader of high integrit and sterling virtues and a brilliant parliamentarian.

We have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servants,

Chimanlal H. Setalvad.	A. P. Sabavala.
Mahomed I. M. Rowjee.	Ratilal M. Gandhi.
Purshottamdas Thakurdas.	S. K. Patil.
Rahimtoola M. Chinoy.	Mahomed Husein Hasham Premji.
H. P. Mody.	Cowasji Jehangir.
W. S. Nelson.	Nagindas T. Master.
Mangaldas Pakwasa.	Chunilal B. Mehta.
Rustom Masani.	Ramdas Kilachand.
K. R. P. Shroff.	R. D. Birla.
J. C. Setalvad.	Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee.
Roshan K. Bharucha.	Kallaspat Singhania.
J. K. Mehta.	Tarabai Modak.
R. S. Dixit.	A. C. Ramalingam.

and many others.

In accordance with the above Requisition I hereby call a Public meeting of the Citizens of Bombay in the SUNDERABAI HALL on WEDNESDAY, the 6th August, 1947, at 6 P.M. (S.T..)

Sheriff's Office,
High Court, Bombay.
1st August, 1947.

MITHAN J. LAM,
Sheriff of Bombay.
(4697)

THE BHARAT INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The shareholders and policyholders of the Company in particular and the public in general are hereby informed that the Registered Office of the Bharat Insurance Company Limited has been shifted from Lahore in the Province of Punjab to 70-Queensway, New Delhi, in the Province of Delhi, with effect from 28th July 1947 in pursuance of a special resolution passed by the Company on 27th May, 1947, to this effect duly sanctioned and confirmed by an order dated 16-7-1947 of the High Court of Judicature of Lahore under Section 12 of the Indian Companies Act.

J. C. JAIN,
General Manager.

ADEN PORT TRUST.
APPOINTMENT OF ENGINEERING DRAUGHTSMAN.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the appointment of an Engineering Draughtsman in the Port Engineer's Dept., of the Aden Port Trust.

The work involved will be mainly civil engineering but applicants should be acquainted with mechanical engineering drawing. They should also be familiar with the principles of building construction and be able to plot surveys.

The salary attached to the post is Rs. 150-5-175 per month plus cost of living allowance free unfurnished quarters or house allowance in lieu, water allowance free medical attention but not hospital expenses, and second class passage for the selected candidate and wife if married.

The contract will be for 3 years subject to a probationary period of 6 months with three months leave on full pay at termination of contract. If services have been satisfactory candidate may then be appointed to the Permanent Establishment and be entitled to the benefits accruing thereto.

Applicants should apply in their own handwriting stating their age, race, religion, height, previous experience, and when available. Applications should be accompanied with copies of recent testimonials and a recent photograph and addressed to Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros., Agents: Aden Port Trust, 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay No. 1. (4626)

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.
NOTICE.

IN PARTIAL MODIFICATION of the advertisement for the post of Librarian, Imperial Library, Calcutta, published in Section 2 of Part II of the Gazette of India, dated the 12th July, 1947, the qualifications (b) and (c) under the heading Essential may be substituted by the following:—

ESSENTIAL:—(b) about 5 years experience of teaching up to Honours Standard in a College or University with good administrative experience OR administrative experience in a responsible capacity in a College or University or in a large library. (4688)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Bombay Municipality, invites tenders for Branches, Couplings and Nozzles for Fire Brigade. Tender forms, etc., can be had from his office at 566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11, on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. TENDER FORMS WILL NOT BE SENT BY V.P.P.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered with deposits into the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 22nd AUGUST, 1947, NOT LATER THAN 1 P.M. (B.T.)

By Order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.
(4694)

THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Gokhale Road, (South), Bombay, on Saturday the 30th day of August, 1947, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) for the transaction of the following business:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the period ended 31st March, 1947.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To confirm the charities.
4. To elect directors in place of those retiring.
5. To appoint auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Directors.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 9th August to 30th August, 1947, (both days inclusive).

By order of the Board of Directors.
JUGATRAM & CO.,
Secretaries Treasurers & Agents.
Bombay, 30-6-47.

N.B.—The Dividend, if sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered Office on and after the 15th September, 1947, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 9th August, 1947. (4679)

THE ACME MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at "Construction House", Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 22nd August, 1947, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:-

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1947.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation and who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the Current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
B. D. SARDESAI,
Secretary.

Construction House,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.
23rd July, 1947.
(4683)

PUBLIC NOTICES

HINDUSTAN CINE & GRAPHIC ARTS LTD.

NOTICE

THE FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of Hindustan Cine and Graphic Arts Ltd. will be held on TUESDAY, the 19th August, 1947, at 5 P.M. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, 32, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet for the period ended 30th June, 1947.
2. To elect Directors in place of all the Directors except Ex-Officio Directors of the Company who retire but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 11th August, 1947, to 19th August, 1947, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.
For Hindustan Cine & Graphic Arts Ltd.,
C. S. RAJA,
Secretary.

To all Shareholders and particularly to the following:—

BIKANER
Rajkumar Ranjit Singh.
Rajkumar Bhadur Singh.
Col. Maharaj Narayan Singh.

INDORE
Princess Sitabai Bhawati.
Mrs. Saraswatibai Mirantkar.
Muntazin Bahadur Sohanlal G. Singhi.
Vavabhai Visvanath Pathak.
Gopaldas Jivanlal Gandhi.
Mary Violet Francis.

HYDERABAD
Lt. Bhagchand Malik.
Dinshaw Dadabhai Italia.
Raja Daram Karan Bahadur.
Nawab Zahir Yarjung Bahadur.

JODHPUR
Chain Singh, Thakur.
Mr. Desai Bamini.
Jugal Kishore Rohatgi.
Meghraj Byas.

SANGLI
S. R. Baltmangalkar.

MADHAVNAGAR—SANGLI
B. N. Vatharkar.
C. K. Pandyaji.
Udaichand Chaturbhuj.
Devkaran Suraj Karan Maloo.
Shangouda Nana Patel.
Bharmappa Jivanappa Ranawar.
Palgouda Sangli.
Anand Govind Pranje.
Balchandra Apparao Muichie.
M. S. Madihalli.
Abdul Ajej Nanjibhai.

BARODA
Chinubhai Chaturbhai Patel.

JAIPUR
Gopichand Verma, M.A.,
Onkarmal Biharilal & Co.

MYSORE
C. P. Veerabadrappa.
Mr. G. Nagraj Rao.
H. K. Ashwathanarayan.
Mirdunbai Vardharjan.
Raghunath Krishna Rubugundey.
Tiruvarur Sivarama Krishnaiyer Narayana Swamy.

DHRANGADRA
Harilal Jivanlal Baxi.

VIZIANAGARAM
Macharla Apparao.
V. P. Raju.

TRAVANCORE
N. P. Panikar.

ICHALKARANJI
G. M. Dharia.

SIROHI
B. P. Singhi.
Khemchand Singhi.

WANTED
FOR THE PATNA MEDICAL COLLEGE HOSPITAL

(1) Nursing Sisters—must be General and Midwifery trained and have got sufficient experience. Pay—Rs. 125-9-170 p.m. plus Rs. 2/8/- p.m. as Dhobi allowance, Rs. 100 per annum as uniform allowance besides free board and accommodation in the Nurses Home.

(2) Staff Nurses Grade A—General and Midwifery certificates essential; must be able to speak and understand Hindustani. Salary—Rs. 75-5-90 per month plus Rs. 2/8/- p.m. as Dhobi allowance, Rs. 40/- as uniform allowance besides free board and accommodation in the Nurses' Home. Matriculates or those having equivalent qualification will be given preference.

Apply with copies of certificates and testimonials and medical certificate to the undersigned on or before the 31st August, 1947.

SECRETARY,
Nurses' Selection Committee,
Patna Medical College Hospital,
P.O. Bankipore, Patna.
(4702)

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

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